## 2023 Ohio IT/SD 2210

## Interest Penalty on Underpayment of Ohio Individual Income, School District Income and Pass-Through Entity Tax

Include with your 2023 Ohio tax return.
Use UPPERCASE letters.


Complete this section if you are filing Ohio IT 4708, IT 1140, IT 4738, IT 1041, or SD 100E


Name of pass-through entity, trust or estate

Additional line, if necessary, for name of pass-through entity, trust or estate
$\square$

## Total interest penalty due (from page 2, line 8 or page 3, line 6)

Include pages 1 and 2 when you file your Ohio IT 1040, SD 100, SD 100E, IT 1041 or IT 4708 tax return.
Include pages 1 and 3 when you file your Ohio IT 1140 or IT 4738 tax return.

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## 2023 <br> Part I - Calculating the Required Annual Payment When Filing the Ohio IT 1040, SD 100, SD 100E, IT 1041 or IT 4708

Use this form to calculate interest penalty on underpayment of taxes and to show the exceptions where no interest penalty is due. See page 4 for definitions and line references.
$\square$ Check here if you engage in farming or fishing activities and refer to Ohio Administrative Code Rule 5703-7-04 for options.

1. 2023 Ohio income taxes paid (timely paid* 2023 estimated payments plus withholding plus $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ credit carryforward)

| ..1. | 00 |
| :--- | :--- |
| .2. | 00 |
| .3. | 00 |
| . .4. | 00 |

5a. Is line 1 greater than or equal to line 4? If yes, STOP, you have no interest penalty. If no, continue to line 5b

5a.
$\square$ Yes $\square$ No
5b. Did you timely file a 2022 Ohio income tax return? If yes, continue to line 5 c . If no, skip to line 5 d 5b.YesNo

5c. Is line 1 greater than or equal to line 3 ? If yes, STOP, you have no interest penalty. If no, continue to line 5d 5c.
5 d . Is line 2 less any withholding $\$ 500$ or less? If yes, STOP, you have no interest penalty. If no, continue to line 6 $\qquad$ ..5d.

6. If you answered "Yes" on line 5b, enter the lesser of line 3 or line 4. If you answered "No", enter the amount from line 4. Then continue to Part II.
6. $\qquad$
*Do not include any estimated payments that were made after their respective due date.

## Part II - Calculating the Interest Penalty Due

1. Multiply the amount on Part I, line 6 by the percentage indicated at the top of each column at right.
... 1.
2. Multiply the total tax withheld from compensation by the percentage indicated at the top of each column at right
.. 2.
3. Total estimated tax (including any credit carryforwards) paid by the dates shown at the top of each column at right $\qquad$
$\qquad$
...... 3.
4. Add lines 2 and 3 $\qquad$
5. Underpayment subject to interest penalty (line 1 minus line 4; if less than zero, enter zero)
.... 4.
$\qquad$
6. Ratio (if full or partial payment was made see instructions on page 4).. 6.
7. Interest penalty for the period: Multiply line 5 by line 6 for each column at right $\qquad$
8. Total interest penalty due (sum of line 7, Columns A through D). Enter here and on page 1


[^0] 6 ratios accordingly.

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Taxpayer's name $\qquad$ Taxpayer's FEIN/SSN

## 2023 <br> Part I - Calculating the Required Annual Payment When Filing the Ohio IT 1140 or IT 4738

Use this form to calculate interest penalty on underpayment of taxes and to show the exceptions where no interest penalty is due. If the total adjusted qualifying amount or qualifying taxable income for the current year or the previous year is $\$ 10,000$ or less, do not complete this form. You do not owe an interest penalty. See page 4 for definitions and line references.

*Do not include any estimated payments that were made after their respective due date.

## Part II - Calculating the Interest Penalty Due

1. Multiply the amount on Part I, line 6 by the percentage indicated at
the top of each column at right.............................................................. the top of each column at right.
2. Total estimated tax (including any credit carryforwards) paid by the dates shown at the top of each column at right


Note: Payment due dates - the associated dates and the rates on line 4 are for calendar year taxpayers. Fiscal year taxpayers must adjust the payment due dates and the line 4 ratios accordingly.

## Page 2 Definitions

"Taxes paid" include payments of estimated taxes made under Ohio Revised Code (R.C.) section 5747.09(C), taxes withheld from taxpayer's compensation, and tax refunds applied by the taxpayer in payment of estimated taxes.
"Tax liability" means the total taxes due for the taxable year, after allowing any credit to which the taxpayer is entitled, but prior to applying any estimated tax payment, withholding payment or refund from another tax year.
"Estimated taxes" means the amount that the taxpayer estimates to be the taxpayer's combined tax liability under chapters 5747 and 5748 of the Revised Code for the current taxable year.

Note: State income tax may be combined with the school district income tax in determining the interest penalty as calculated on page 2.

## Page 2 Line References

## Taxes Paid

IT 1040 Sum of line 14 and line 15
SD 100 Sum of line 11 and line 12
SD100E Line 6
IT 1041 Line 14
IT 4708 Sum of line 17 and line 18
Current Year Tax Liability - 2023
IT 1040 Line 10 minus line 16
SD 100 Line 8
SD100E Line 3
IT 1041 Line 11 minus line 15
IT 4708 Line 12 minus line 19
Previous Year Tax Liability - 2022
IT 1040 Line 10 minus line 16
SD 100 Line 4
SD100E Line 3
IT 1041 Line 11 minus line 15
IT 4708 Line 12 minus line 19

## Page 3 Definitions

"Taxes paid" includes payments of estimated taxes made under R.C.5747.43(C) and tax refunds applied by the qualifying entity or electing pass-through entity in payment of estimated taxes.
"Tax liability" means the total of the taxes and withholding taxes due under sections 5733.41 and 5747.41 or the tax due under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code for the applicable taxable year prior to applying any estimated tax payment or refund from another year.
"Estimated taxes" means the amount that a qualifying entity or electing pass-through entity estimates to be the sum of its liability under R.C. sections 5733.41 and 5747.41 or R.C. section 5747.38 for its current qualifying taxable year or taxable year, as applicable.

## Page 3 Line References

Taxes Paid
IT 1140 Schedule I, line 3c, sum of Column A and B
IT 4738 Schedule I, line 16
Current Year Tax Liability - 2023
IT 1140 Schedule I, line 1, sum of Column A and B
IT 4738 Schedule 1, line 9
Previous Year Tax Liability - 2022
IT 1140 Schedule I, line 1, sum of Column A and B
IT 4738 Schedule 1, line 9

Ratios - The listed ratios on the previous pages are based upon the statutory interest rate ( $5 \%$ for 2023 and $8 \%$ for 2024) and the time during which the estimated payment was late. The general formula for computing the ratio is rate $=$ interest rate X number of days the payment is late $\div 365.25$. The listed ratios are computed from the payment due date at the top of each column to the following payment due date and applied only if the taxpayer either (i) never made the estimated payment or (ii) made full payment on or after the next payment due date.

Example 1 - No payment made. Assume that the underpayment shown on page 2, Part II, line 5 for Column B is $\$ 1,000$. Also assume that the taxpayer made no estimated payment during the period 4/18/23 through $6 / 15 / 23$. The taxpayer will compute interest penalty for the period $4 / 18 / 23$ through $6 / 15 / 23$ by multiplying the underpayment shown on Part II, line 5 , Column A by the ratio ( 0.007940 ) shown on line 6 , Column A.

Interest penalty $=\$ 1,000 \times 0.007940=\$ 7.94$ to Part II, line 7, Column A
Example 2 - Full payment made after the due date but before the next due date. Assume that the underpayment shown on page 2, Part II, line 5 for Column A is $\$ 1,000$. Also assume that the taxpayer paid this in full on $5 / 15 / 23$. The taxpayer should ignore the ratio shown on Part II, line 6, Column A and compute the rate as follows:

Step 1 - Determine the number of days from the date the payment was due $(4 / 18 / 23)$ to the date the payment was made $(5 / 15 / 23)$ : $4 / 19 / 23$ to 5/15/23 = 27 days.

Step 2 - Calculate the ratio by using the following formula:
Ratio $=$ interest rate X number of days late $\div 365.25$
Ratio $=0.05 \times 27 \div 365.25=0.003696$
Interest penalty $=\$ 1,000 \times 0.003696=\$ 3.70$ to Part II, line 7, Column A
This method is only applicable if the taxpayer made full payment of the required estimated payment after the due date but before the next payment due date.

Example 3 - Partial payment made after the due date but before the next due date. Assume that the underpayment shown on page 2, Part II, line 5 for Column A is $\$ 1,000$. Also assume that the taxpayer paid $\$ 600$ on $5 / 15 / 23$. The taxpayer should ignore the ratio shown on Part II, line 5, Column A and compute the rate as follows:

Step 1 - Determine the number of days from the date the payment was due $(4 / 18 / 23)$ to the date the payment was made $(5 / 15 / 23)$ : $4 / 19 / 23$ to 5/15/23 = 27 days.

Step 2 - Calculate the interest penalty for that period by using the following formula: interest penalty = underpayment X interest rate X number of days late $\div 365.25$

Interest penalty $=\$ 1,000 \times 0.05 \times 27 \div 365.25=\$ 3.70$
Step 3 - Determine the number of days from the payment date ( $5 / 15 / 23$ ) to the next required due date (6/15/23): 4/16/23 to 6/15/23 = 31 days.

Step 4 - Calculate the interest penalty on the $\$ 400$ underpayment ( $\$ 1,000$ minus $\$ 600$ ) for the 31-day period using the following formula: interest penalty $=$ underpayment X interest rate X number of days late $\div 365.25$

$$
\text { Interest penalty }=\$ 400 \times 0.05 \times 31 \div 365.25=\$ 1.70
$$

Step 5 - Add the interest penalty amounts calculated in Steps 2 and 4: $\$ 3.70$ + \$1.70 = \$5.40 to Part II, line 7, Column A.

For more information, see the FAQs at tax.ohio.gov/faq-IncomeEstimated.


[^0]:    Note: Payment due dates - the associated dates and the rates on line 6 are for calendar year taxpayers. Fiscal year taxpayers must adjust the payment due dates and the line

