

Business Tax (MBT)

INSURANCE COMPANIES

**This booklet contains information
on completing a Michigan
Corporate Income Tax return for
calendar year 2023.**

- ⚡ E-filing your return is easy, fast, and secure!
- ⚡ Visit Treasury's website at www.MIfastfile.org for a list of e-file resources and how to find an e-file provider.



WWW.MIFASTFILE.ORG



**FILING DUE DATE:
ALL FILERS — ON OR BEFORE
MARCH 1, 2024**

WWW.MICHIGAN.GOV/TAXES

This booklet is intended as a guide to help complete your return. It does not take the place of the law.

Important Information for 2023

Michigan Business Tax (MBT) Election

Only those taxpayers that have been approved to receive, have received, or have been assigned a certificated credit that has not yet fully been claimed or utilized may elect to be MBT taxpayers. If a taxpayer files an MBT return for its first tax year beginning after December 31, 2011, the taxpayer makes the election to file and pay under the MBT until the certificated credit and any carryforward of that credit are exhausted. Except for taxpayers with certain qualifying brownfield redevelopment or historical preservation certificated credits, the election must be made for the first tax year beginning after December 31, 2011. Once the election is made and the return is submitted, the taxpayer may not amend the return to revoke the election. Find a list of certificated credits in the General Information for Standard Taxpayers in the *MBT Forms and Instructions for Standard Taxpayers* (Form 4600).

If an insurance company does not have a certificated credit, it cannot make the MBT election and is subject to the CIT beginning January 1, 2012.

Helpful Hints for Completing an MBT Return

Estimates

If making estimated payments by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), the associated vouchers are not required to be submitted.

Amended Returns

A return cannot be amended to revoke a valid election to remain taxable under the MBT. To amend a current or prior year annual return, complete the Form 4588 that is applicable for that year, check the box in the upper-right corner of the return, and attach a separate sheet explaining the reason for the changes. Include an amended federal return or a signed and dated Internal Revenue Service (IRS) audit document. Include all schedules filed with the original return, even if not amending that schedule. Enter the figures on the amended return as they should be. Do not include a copy of the original return with your amended return.

Accelerated Credits

A taxpayer with a certificated credit under section 435 (Historic) or 437 (Brownfield) of the Michigan Business Tax Act (MBTA), or any unused carryforward of such certificated credit that may be claimed in a tax year ending after December 31, 2011, may elect to pay the tax imposed by the MBTA in the tax year in which that certificated credit may be claimed in lieu of the CIT. If a person with a certificated credit under section 435 or 437 that elects to pay the MBT is a member of a Unitary Business Group (UBG), the Designated Member of the UBG, and not the member, shall file a UBG return and pay the tax, if any, under the MBTA and claim that certificated credit.

For a tax year beginning after December 31, 2011, if a certificate of completion, assignment certificate, or component completion certificate is issued under section 437 to a taxpayer, or if a certificate of completed rehabilitation, assignment

certificate, or reassignment certificate is issued under section 435 to a taxpayer, beginning on or after January 1, 2012, the taxpayer may elect to claim an accelerated refund for 90 percent of the amount of that certificate.

If section 437 or 435 provides that payment of a credit will be made over a period of years or limits the annual amount of a payment, an accelerated refund may only be claimed for the amount payable in the year claimed.

However, a taxpayer claiming the Special Consideration Historic Preservation Credit under section 435(20) may elect to claim an accelerated refund for the balance of the credit, but the amount of that refund shall be equal to 86 percent of the amount of the credit.

For more details, see the *Request for Reduced Refundable Credit Payout for the Brownfield Redevelopment Credit and Historic Preservation Credit* (Form 4889). Michigan Tax Forms are online at www.michigan.gov/taxes. An accelerated credit refund will be paid within 60 days after Form 4889 is filed.

Brief Overview of the CIT

The CIT takes effect January 1, 2012, and replaces the MBT, except for certain businesses that wish to retain certain certificated credits. Among the highlights of the CIT:

The CIT applies to all insurance companies unless the insurance company is able to and does make the MBT election.

Taxpayers may be required to file quarterly estimated payments as well as an annual return. Annual payments will still be due on the prescribed date of the annual return. Estimated payments will still be due on the prescribed due dates for quarterly estimated returns.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Public Act 222 of 2018 amended MCL 206.635, which levied a tax on insurance companies equal to 1.25% of gross direct premiums written on risk located or residing in Michigan. Beginning Jan. 1, 2019, **for CIT filers**, gross direct premiums attributable to qualified health insurance premiums are taxed at a rate that may change annual. For tax year 2023, that rate is 0.9391%. The remaining portion of the tax base is still taxed at 1.25%. To calculate CIT tax liability for the purpose of completing the “Schedule of Corporate Income Tax Liability for an MBT Insurance Filer” (Form 4974) the taxpayer must complete a worksheet included in the instructions for Form 4974.

Insurance companies may claim the Workers’ Disability Supplemental Benefit (WDSB) Credit and certain insurance specific credits under the CIT, if eligible.

An entity that has received, has been approved to receive, or has been assigned certain certificated tax credits under MBT may elect to continue to file and pay under the MBT in lieu of the CIT. This election must be made with the annual return filed for the first tax period beginning after 2011 for most certificated credits. The election is also made if a taxpayer files a Form 4889, *Claim for Accelerated Credit*.

2023 General Information for Insurance Companies

Standard Taxpayers and Financial Institutions: See the *Michigan Business Tax (MBT) Instruction Booklet for Standard Taxpayers* (Form 4600) or the *MBT Instruction Booklet for Financial Institutions* (Form 4599) at www.michigan.gov/taxes.

This booklet is intended as a guide to help complete the MBT return. It does not take the place of the law.

Who Files an Insurance Return?

An insurance company is defined to mean an authorized insurer as defined in sections 106 and 108 of the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.106 and 500.108. **Public Act 276 of 2016 amended the insurance code effective July 1, 2016, which now includes a health maintenance organization (HMO) as an “insurer.” If an HMO is an “authorized” “insurer” under the insurance code, is not otherwise exempt from tax, and has made a valid MBT election, that HMO is required to file an MBT insurance return.** In the case that an HMO would file as an MBT standard taxpayer for a federal tax year that straddles PA 276’s effective date, two short-year returns (one short-year standard return and one insurance return) will be required for that year.

Only those taxpayers that have been approved to receive, have received, or have been assigned a certificated credit that was awarded but not yet fully claimed or paid prior to January 1, 2012, may elect to be MBT taxpayers. For most certificated credits, the election must be made with the taxpayer’s first tax year ending after December 31, 2011. The election is irrevocable once the return is submitted to the Michigan Department of Treasury (Treasury). If a taxpayer files an MBT return, the taxpayer makes the election to file and pay under the MBT until the certificated credit and any carryforward of that credit are exhausted.

All insurance companies that hold a certificated credit or agreement for certificated credit and wish to claim that credit must file the *Insurance Company Annual Return for Michigan Business and Retaliatory Taxes* (Form 4588).

All insurers, domestic and foreign, must submit copies of Schedule T and the Michigan Business Page when filing this return.

What is a Certificated Credit

Certificated credits are defined at MCL 208.1107. The certificated credits are either nonrefundable or refundable credits. Below is a list of the certificated credits potentially available to insurance companies, and the respective form used for their calculation.

Nonrefundable Certificated Credits:

- Renaissance Zone Credit (Forms 4595 and 4573)
- Historic Preservation Credit (Forms 4584 and 4573)
- Brownfield Redevelopment Credit (Forms 4584 and 4573)
- Film Infrastructure Credit, as assignee only (Form 4573)

Refundable Certificated Credits:

- Historic Preservation Credit (Form 4573)
- Brownfield Redevelopment Credit (Forms 4584 and 4573)
- MEGA Employment Tax Credit (Form 4574)
- Film Production Credit, as assignee only (Form 4574)

- MEGA Photovoltaic Technology Credit, as assignee only (Form 4574)

Using This Booklet

This MBT booklet includes forms and instructions for all insurance filers. Read the General Information first. It is recommended that taxpayers and tax preparers also briefly review the instructions for all forms listed below. There are both nonrefundable and refundable credits available for insurance companies to help reduce the initial calculation of tax. This includes a limited allowance for Single Business Tax (SBT) credit carryforwards.

The Michigan Association and Facilities Credit and the Michigan Examination Fees Credit are claimed on Form 4588. All remaining credits are claimed on the *MBT Miscellaneous Credits for Insurance Companies* (Form 4596). Some credits are calculated on additional forms, as indicated below.

Forms listed below are available on the Web at www.michigan.gov/taxes.

Nonrefundable Credits:

- SBT Credit Carryforwards (calculated on the Single Business Tax Credit Carryforwards (Form 4569)).
- Compensation Credit (calculated on Form 4596).
- Renaissance Zone Credit (calculated on the MBT Renaissance Zone Credit Schedule (Form 4595)).
- Brownfield Redevelopment Credit (calculated on the MBT Election of Refund or Carryforward of Credits (Form 4584)).
- Historic Preservation Credit (calculated on the Michigan Historic Preservation Tax Credit (Form 3581)).
- Film Infrastructure Credit (as assignee only; Form 4596).

Refundable Credits:

- Michigan Economic Growth Authority (MEGA) Employment Tax Credit (claimed on Form 4596).
- Workers’ Disability Supplemental Benefit (WDSB) Credit (claimed on Form 4596).
- Historic Preservation Credit (calculated on Form 3581).
- MEGA Photovoltaic Technology Credit (as assignee only; Form 4596).
- Brownfield Redevelopment Credit (calculated on Form 4584).
- Film Production Credit (as assignee only; Form 4596).

Overview of MBT for Insurance Companies

MBT imposes a tax on insurance companies equal to 1.25 percent of gross direct premiums written on property or risk located in Michigan. There is no filing threshold for insurance companies.

Direct premiums do not include:

- Premiums on policies not taken.
- Returned premiums on canceled policies.
- Receipts from the sale of annuities.

- Receipts on reinsurance premiums if the tax had been paid on the original premiums.
- The first \$190,000,000 of disability insurance premiums written in Michigan other than credit insurance and disability income insurance premiums. This exemption is reduced by two dollars for every dollar that an insurance company's gross direct premiums everywhere (both within and outside of Michigan) exceed \$280,000,000.

An insurance company is subject to tax as calculated under MBT or the retaliatory tax under Michigan Compiled Law (MCL) 500.476a, whichever is greater. The tax imposed under Chapter 2A of the MBT Act is in lieu of all other privilege and franchise fees or taxes, except for real and personal property taxes and sales and use taxes.

Required CIT Comparison

MBT liability is calculated as the higher of MBT or hypothetical CIT liability. A taxpayer must pay the higher of the two or take the lesser refund.

A taxpayer calculates the premiums tax of the MBT and applies all credits, including certificated credits, deductions, and exemptions available under the MBT. Then, as if they were subject to the CIT, taxpayers calculate the premiums tax under the CIT and apply deductions available under the CIT. The hypothetical CIT liability is then reduced (not below zero) by the amount of certificated nonrefundable credit used to offset the MBT liability. The hypothetical CIT liability offset by certificated nonrefundable MBT credits is further reduced by the total amount of certificated refundable credits claimed under the MBT liability calculation, resulting in the taxpayers' final hypothetical CIT liability. Taxpayers' final MBT liability consists of the higher of the calculated MBT and hypothetical CIT liabilities. If both MBT and hypothetical CIT liabilities result in tax refunds (negative liability), taxpayers are entitled to the lower refund amount.

Specific forms are provided to perform the MBT to CIT comparison and determine the tax liability or refund. *Michigan Schedule of Corporate Income Tax Liability for a Michigan Business Tax Filer* (Form 4946) is used for the standard taxpayer comparison. *Michigan Schedule of Corporate Income Tax Liability for a Michigan Business Tax Insurance Filer* (Form 4974) is used for the insurance company's comparison. *Michigan Schedule of Corporate Income Tax Liability for a Michigan Business Tax Financial Filer* (Form 4975) is used for the financial institution's comparison.

Filing MBT/CIT Quarterly Tax Estimates

If estimated liability for the year is reasonably expected to exceed \$800, a taxpayer must file estimated returns. A taxpayer may remit quarterly estimated payments by check with a *Corporate Income Tax Quarterly Return* (Form 4913) or may remit monthly or quarterly estimated payments electronically by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT). When payments are made by EFT, Form 4913 is not required.

Estimated returns and payments for calendar year taxpayers are due to Treasury by April 15, July 15, October 15, and

January 15 of the following year. Fiscal year taxpayers should make returns and payments by the appropriate due date which is fifteen days after the end of each fiscal quarter. The sum of estimated payments for each quarter must always reasonably approximate the liability for the quarter.

NOTE: Your debit transaction will be ineligible for EFT if the bank account used for the electronic debit is funded or otherwise associated with a foreign account to the extent that the payment transaction would qualify as an International ACH Transaction (IAT) under NACHA Rules. Contact your financial institution for questions about the status of your account. Contact the Michigan Department of Treasury's (Treasury) EFT Unit at 517-636-6925 for alternate payment methods.

The estimated payment made with each quarterly return must be computed on the actual CIT for the quarter, or 25 percent of the estimated total liability if paying a CIT liability.

To avoid interest and penalty charges, estimated payments must equal at least 85 percent of the total liability for the tax year and the amount of each estimated payment must reasonably approximate the tax liability for that quarter. If the prior year's tax under the MBT Act is \$20,000 or less, estimated tax may be based on the prior year's total tax liability paid in four equal installments. ("Four equal installments" describes the minimum pace of payments that will satisfy this safe harbor.) If the prior year's tax liability was reported for a period less than 12 months, this amount must be annualized for purposes of both the \$20,000 ceiling and calculating the quarterly payments due under this method. Payments at a more accelerated pace also will qualify. If the year's tax liability is \$800 or less, estimates are not required.

NOTE: For those continuing to file MBT, reliance on the tax liability of the prior year as a means to avoid interest and penalty charges is only allowed if you had business activity in Michigan in that prior year. A return must be filed to establish the tax liability for that prior year, even if gross receipts in the prior year were less than \$350,000. In addition, if your business was not in existence in the preceding year, no safe harbor exists. In such a case, estimates must be based on the MBT liability for the current year. For those filing CIT, there is no safe harbor in this first year of CIT filing. The estimates must equal at least 85 percent of the total liability as stated above.

Amending Estimates

If, after making payments, the estimated tax is substantially different than originally estimated, recompute the tax and adjust the payment in the next quarter.

Electronic Filing of MBT Returns

Michigan has an enforced MBT e-file mandate. Software developers producing MBT tax preparation software and computer-generated forms must support e-file for all eligible Michigan forms that are included in their software package. All eligible MBT returns prepared using tax preparation software or computer-generated forms must be e-filed.

Treasury will be enforcing the MBT e-file mandate. The enforcement includes not processing computer-generated paper

returns that are eligible to be e-filed. A notice will be mailed to the taxpayer, indicating that the taxpayer's return was not filed in the proper form and content and must be e-filed. Payment received with a paper return will be processed and credited to the taxpayer's account even when the return is not processed.

Treasury will continue to accept certain Portable Document Format (PDF) attachments with MBT e-filed returns. A current list of defined attachments is available in the "Michigan Tax Preparer Handbook for Electronic Filing Programs," which is available on the Treasury Web site at www.MIfastfile.org by clicking on "Tax Professionals" and then "Tax Preparer." Look for the handbook for the applicable tax year. Follow your software instructions for submitting attachments with an e-filed return.

If the MBT return includes supporting documentation or attachments that are not on the predefined list of attachments, the return can still be e-filed. Follow your software instructions for including additional attachments. The tax preparer or taxpayer should retain file copies of all documentation or attachments.

For more information and program updates, including exclusions from e-file, visit the e-file Web site at www.MIfastfile.org.

The taxpayer may be required to e-file its federal return. Visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Web site at www.irs.gov for more information on federal e-file requirements and the IRS Federal/State Modernized e-File (MeF) program.

Complete Federal Tax Forms First

Before preparing MBT returns, complete all federal tax forms. These forms may include:

- Fiduciaries — U.S. Form 1041, 1065, and related Schedules C, C-EZ, D, E, K, 4797, and 8825.
- Corporations — U.S. Form 1120, 1120-S, and Schedules D, K, 851, 940, 4562, 4797, and 8825.
- Limited Liability Companies (LLCs) — federal forms listed above, depending on how federal returns have been filed.

Reference these federal forms to complete Form 4588.

Copies of certain pages from these federal forms must also be attached to the annual return filed. See the instructions for Form 4588 for further details.

Completing Michigan Forms

Treasury captures the information from paper MBT returns using an Intelligent Character Recognition process. If completing a paper return, avoid unnecessary delays caused by manual processing by following the guidelines below so the return is processed quickly and accurately.

- **Use black or blue ink.** Do not use pencil, red ink, or felt tip pens. Do not highlight information.
- **Print using capital letters (UPPER CASE).** Capital letters are easier to recognize.
- **Print numbers like this:** 012345678. Do not put a slash through the zero (∅) or seven (≠).
- **Fill check boxes with an [X].** Do not use a check mark [✓].

- **Leave lines/boxes blank** if they do not apply or if the amount is zero, unless otherwise instructed.
- **Do not enter data in boxes filled with Xs.**
- **Do not write extra numbers, symbols, or notes** on the return, such as cents, dashes, decimal points (excluding percentages), or dollar signs unless otherwise instructed. Enclose any explanations on a separate sheet unless instructed to write explanations on the return.
- **Date format**, unless otherwise specified, should be in the following format: MM-DD-YYYY. Use dashes (-) rather than slashes (/).
- **Enter phone numbers using dashes** (e.g., 517-555-5555); do not use parentheses.
- **Stay within the lines** when entering information in boxes.
- **Report losses and negative amounts** with a negative sign in front of the number (do not use parentheses). For example, a loss in the amount of \$22,459 should be reported as -22,459.
- **Percentages should be carried out four digits** to the right of the decimal point. Do not round percentages. For example, 24.154266 percent becomes 24.1542 percent. When converting a percentage to a decimal number, carry numbers out six digits to the right of the decimal point. For example, 24.154266 percent becomes 0.241542.
- **Report all amounts in whole dollars.** Round down amounts of 49 cents or less. Round up amounts of 50 cents or more. If cents are entered on the form, they will be treated as whole dollar amounts.

Suggested Order of Analysis and Preparation of an Insurance Company Annual Return

First, determine whether the taxpayer has a certificated credit. If the insurance company taxpayer does not have a certificated credit, it is subject to the CIT.

Complete Form 4588, lines 1 through 23. At that point, if any miscellaneous credits will be claimed, begin with Form 4596, which serves several important functions:

- Acts as a checklist for all miscellaneous credits for insurance companies
- Calculates refundable credits
- Identifies the order in which nonrefundable credits must be claimed
- Identifies the form on which each nonrefundable credit is calculated
- Tracks tax liability as it is reduced by each credit in proper order
- Identifies (where applicable) the point at which tax liability reaches zero and no further nonrefundable credits may be claimed in the current filing period.
- Complete Form 4596 according to its instructions. For each applicable credit, calculate the credit as identified on the appropriate form and bring the result back to the appropriate line on Form 4596.

After total nonrefundable credits amount is determined on Form 4596, line 28, carry the figure to Form 4588, line 24. Total

refundable credits amount calculated on Form 4596, line 5, is carried to Form 4588, line 52.

Insurance companies that are foreign or alien insurers must calculate a retaliatory tax on Form 4588, lines 30 through 46. The retaliatory tax requires a foreign insurer to pay the same type of obligation that a similar Michigan insurer is required to pay in the company's state of domicile. Domestic insurers do not calculate a retaliatory tax.

Further General Guidance

For purposes of MBT, person means an individual, firm, bank, financial institution, insurance company, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, copartnership, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, S corporation, LLC, receiver, estate, trust, or any other group or combination of groups acting as a unit.

A taxpayer includes a single person or a UBG liable for tax, interest, or penalty. A UBG must file a combined MBT return (addressed in the "UBGs and Combined Filing" section of this General Information).

Limited Liability Company. An LLC is classified for MBT purposes according to its federal tax classification. The following terms, whenever used in MBT forms, instructions, and statute, include LLCs as indicated:

- S Corporation includes an LLC federally taxed as an S Corporation, and a member of this LLC is a shareholder.
- C Corporation includes an LLC federally taxed as a C Corporation, and a member of this LLC is a shareholder. A member or other person performing duties similar to those of an officer in a true corporation is an officer in this LLC.

NOTE: In this booklet, the term "corporation," used without a C or S, generally refers to both types.

Disregarded Entities: Public Act 305 was enacted into law on December 27, 2011, to add Michigan Compiled Law 208.1512 to the MBT. This section provides that a person that is classified as a disregarded entity for federal purposes is classified as a disregarded entity for MBT purposes. This means that a disregarded entity for federal tax purposes, including a single member LLC or Q-Sub, must file as if it were a sole proprietorship if it is owned by an individual, or a branch or division if the branch or division is owned by another business entity.

Unitary Business Groups (UBGs) and Combined Filing

Special UBG Instructions for Insurance Companies

By definition a UBG (as defined below) can include insurance companies, standard taxpayers, and financial institutions. However, in some cases not all members of the UBG will be included on the same return. All standard taxpayer members in a UBG (except those owned by and unitary with a financial institution) file a single combined return on the *MBT Annual Return* (Form 4567). Financial institution members of a UBG (and any standard taxpayer owned by and unitary with a financial institution in the group) file a combined return on the *MBT Annual Return for Financial Institutions* (Form 4590).

Insurance companies are not specifically excluded from the statutory definition of a UBG, and thus may be members of a UBG. However, the tax on authorized insurance companies is equal to 1.25 percent of gross direct premiums written on property or risk located or residing in Michigan. There is no traditional apportionment for insurance companies. Thus, even when an authorized insurance company is unitary with another authorized insurance company, this will have no effect in calculating the tax. As a result, a combined return is not required and each insurance company member of a UBG will file separately on Form 4588.

General Information About UBGs

Unitary Business Group means a group of United States persons, other than a foreign operating entity, that satisfies the following criteria:

One of the persons owns or controls, directly or indirectly, more than 50 percent of the ownership interest with voting rights (or rights comparable to voting rights) of the other United States persons; AND

The UBG has operations that result in a flow of value between persons included in the UBG or has operations that are integrated with, are dependent upon, or contribute to each other. Flow of value is determined by reviewing the totality of facts and circumstances of business activities and operations.

United States person is defined in Internal Revenue Code (IRC) § 7701(a)(30). A foreign operating entity is defined by statute in MCL 208.1109(5).

For more information on the control and relationship tests for UBGs, see Revenue Administrative Bulletin (RAB) 2010-1, MBT—Unitary Business Group Control Test, and RAB 2010-2, MBT—Unitary Business Group Relationship Tests, on the Treasury Web site at www.michigan.gov/treasury/, under "Reports and Legal Resources."

Exemption Guidelines

The tax imposed and levied under the MBT Act does not apply to an insurance company authorized under Chapter 46 or 47 of the Insurance Code of 1956, PA 218 of 1956, MCL 500.4601 to 500.4673, and MCL 500.4701 to 500.4747.

Filing the Correct Form

A different primary return and instruction booklet are required for standard taxpayers (Form 4567) and financial institutions (Form 4590).

Due Dates of Annual Returns

The tax year of an insurance company is the calendar year. An insurance company must file the annual return on or before March 1 after the end of the tax year. The extension that is available to the standard taxpayer under MCL 208.1505(4) is not available to insurance companies.

Amending a Return

A taxpayer may not amend to revoke the election to remain taxable under the MBT. Once the taxpayer makes a valid election to claim a certificated credit, the taxpayer must remain in the MBT until the certificated credit and any carryforward of that credit are exhausted. Most certificated credits must be claimed for the taxpayer's first tax year ending after December 31, 2011.

To amend a current or prior year annual return, complete Form 4588 that is applicable for that year and check the box in the upper-right corner of the return, and attach a separate sheet explaining the reason for the changes. Include all schedules filed with the original return, even if not amending that schedule. Enter the figures on the amended return as they should be. Do not include a copy of the original return with your amended return.

Current and past year forms are available on Treasury’s Web site at www.michigan.gov/treasuryforms.

To amend a return to claim a refund, file within four years of the original return’s due date. Interest will be paid beginning 45 days after the claim is filed or the due date, whichever is later.

If amending a return to report a deficiency, penalty and interest may apply from the due date of the original return. If any changes are made to a federal income tax return that affect an MBT tax base, filing an amended return is required. To avoid penalty, file the amended return within 120 days after the final determination by the IRS.

Computing Penalty and Interest

Annual and estimated returns filed late or without sufficient payment of the tax due are subject to a penalty of 5 percent of the tax due, for the first two months. Penalty increases by an additional 5 percent per month, or fraction thereof, after the second month, to a maximum of 25 percent.

Compute penalty and interest for underpaid estimates using the *MBT Penalty and Interest Computation for Underpaid Estimated Tax* (Form 4582). If a taxpayer prefers not to file this form, Treasury will compute the penalty and interest and send a bill.

The following chart shows the interest rate that applies to each filing period. A new interest rate is set at 1 percent above the adjusted prime rate for each six-month period.

Beginning Date	Rate	Daily Rate
January 1, 2023	5.65%	0.0001548
July 1, 2023	8.25%	0.0002260
January 1, 2024	9.30%	0.0002541

For a complete list of interest rates, see the Revenue Administrative Bulletins on Treasury’s Web site at www.michigan.gov/treasury/, under “Reports and Legal Resources.”

Signing the Return

All returns must be signed and dated by the taxpayer or the taxpayer’s authorized agent. This may be the owner, partner, corporate officer, or association member. The corporate officer may be the president, vice president, treasurer, assistant treasurer, chief accounting officer, or any other corporate officer (such as tax officer) authorized to sign the corporation’s tax return.

If someone other than the above prepared the return, the preparer must give his or her business address and telephone number.

Print the name of the authorized signer and preparer in the appropriate area on the return.

Assemble the returns and attachments (in sequence order) and staple in the upper-left corner. (Do not staple a check to the return.) In an e-filed return the preparation software will assemble the forms and PDF attachments in the proper order automatically.

IMPORTANT REMINDER: Failure to include all the required forms and attachments will delay processing and may result in reduced or denied refund or credit forward or a bill for tax due.

Signing an e-file return

As with any tax return submitted to Treasury on paper, an electronic tax return must be signed by an authorized tax return signer, the Electronic Return Originator (ERO), if applicable, and the paid tax preparer, if applicable. NOTE: If the return meets one of the exceptions to the e-file mandate and is being filed on paper, it must be manually signed and dated by the taxpayer or the taxpayer’s authorized agent.

The MBT Fed/State e-file signature process is as follows:

Fed/State Returns: Michigan will accept the federal signature method. Michigan does not require any additional signature documentation.

State Stand Alone Returns: State Stand Alone returns must be signed using Form MI-8879 (also called the Michigan e-file Authorization for Business Taxes MI-8879, Form 4763). Returns are signed by entering the taxpayer PIN in the software after reading the perjury statement displayed in the software. The taxpayer PIN will be selected by the taxpayer, or the taxpayer may authorize his or her tax preparer to select the taxpayer PIN.

Form MI-8879 will be printed and contain the taxpayer PIN. The tax preparer will retain Form MI-8879 in his or her records as part of the taxpayer’s printed return. MBT State Stand Alone e-filings submitted without a taxpayer PIN will be rejected by Treasury. Do not mail Form MI-8879 to Treasury and do not include Form MI-8879 as an attachment with the e-file return.

Mailing Addresses

Mail the annual return and all necessary schedules to:

With payment:

Michigan Department of Treasury
PO Box 30113
Lansing MI 48909

Without payment:

Michigan Department of Treasury
PO Box 30783
Lansing MI 48909

Mail quarterly estimate payments (Form 4913) to:

Michigan Department of Treasury
PO Box 30774
Lansing MI 48909-8274

Courier delivery service mail should be sent to:

Michigan Department of Treasury
7285 Parsons Dr.
Dimondale MI 48821

Make all checks payable to “State of Michigan.” Print taxpayer’s FEIN or TR Number, the tax year, and “MBT” on the front of the check. Do not staple the check to the return.

Correspondence

An address change or business discontinuance can be reported online by using Michigan Treasury Online (MTO), Business Tax Services. See www.michigan.gov/mtobusiness for information. In the alternative, *Notice of Change or Discontinuance* (Form 163), can be found online at www.michigan.gov/treasuryforms.

Mail correspondence to:

Business Tax Division, MBT Unit
Michigan Department of Treasury
PO Box 30059
Lansing MI 48909

To Request Forms

Internet

Current and past year forms are available on Treasury’s Web site at www.michigan.gov/treasuryforms.

TTY

Assistance is available using TTY through the Michigan Relay Service by calling 711.

2023 Insurance Company Annual Return for Michigan Business and Retaliatory Taxes

Issued under authority of Public Act 36 of 2007.

Check if this is an amended return.
See instructions.

1. Taxpayer Name				2. Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) or TR Number	
Address (Number, Street)			<input type="checkbox"/> Check if new address. (See instructions)	3. <input type="checkbox"/> Check if Foreign Insurer	
City	State	ZIP/Postal Code		Country Code	4. State of Incorporation (use 2 letter abbreviation)

DIRECT PREMIUMS WRITTEN IN MICHIGAN

5. Gross direct premiums written in Michigan.....					5. <input style="width:100%;" type="text"/> 00
6. Premiums on policies not taken.....	6.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
7. Returned premiums on canceled policies.....	7.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
8. Receipts on sales of annuities.....	8.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
9. Receipts on reinsurance assumed.....	9.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
10. Add lines 6 through 9.....	10.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
11. Direct Premiums Written in Michigan. Subtract line 10 from line 5. If less than zero, enter zero.....	11.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00

DISABILITY INSURANCE EXEMPTION

12. Disability insurance premiums written in Michigan, not including credit or disability income insurance, OR \$190,000,000, whichever is less.....					12. <input style="width:100%;" type="text"/> 00
13. Gross direct premiums from all lines of insurance carrier services received everywhere.....	13.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
14. Phase out.....	14.	280,000,000			00
15. Subtract line 14 from line 13. If less than zero, enter zero.....	15.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
16. Exemption reduction. Multiply line 15 by 2.....	16.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
17. Subtract line 16 from line 12. If less than zero, enter zero.....	17.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
18. Adjusted Tax Base. Subtract line 17 from line 11.....	18.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
19. Michigan Business Tax Before Credits. Multiply line 18 by 1.25% (0.0125).....	19.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00

CREDITS

20. Enter amounts paid from 1/1/2022 to 12/31/2022 to each of the following					
a. Michigan Workers' Compensation Placement Facility.....	20a.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
b. Michigan Basic Property Insurance Association.....	20b.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
c. Michigan Automobile Insurance Placement Facility.....	20c.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
d. Property and Casualty Guaranty Association.....	20d.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
e. Michigan Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association.....	20e.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
21. Add lines 20a through 20e.....	21.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
22. a. Michigan Examination Fees.....	22a.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
b. Credit. Multiply line 22a by 50% (0.50).....	22b.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
23. Tax Before Miscellaneous Nonrefundable Credits. Subtract lines 21 and 22b from line 19.....	23.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
24. Miscellaneous Nonrefundable Credits from Form 4596, line 28.....	24.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
25. Michigan Business Tax After Nonrefundable Credits. Subtract line 24 from line 23. If less than zero, enter zero..	25.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
26. Recapture of Certain Business Tax Credits and Deductions from Form 4587, line 13.....	26.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
27. Total Michigan Business Tax. Add lines 25 and 26.....	27.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
28. Corporate Income Tax Adjustment from Form 4974, line 20.....	28.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00
29. Tax Liability. Add lines 27 and 28.....	29.	<input style="width:100%;" type="text"/>			00

Return is due March 1, 2024.

WITHOUT PAYMENT: Mail return to:
Michigan Department of Treasury
PO Box 30783
Lansing MI 48909

WITH PAYMENT: Pay amount on line 58 and mail check and return to:
Michigan Department of Treasury
PO Box 30113
Lansing MI 48909

Make check payable to "State of Michigan." Print taxpayer's FEIN or TR Number, the tax year, and "MBT" on the front of the check. Do not staple the check to the return.

FEIN or TR Number

Foreign and alien insurers complete lines 30 through 46. Domestic insurers, go to line 47. Use column A to report burdens that would be imposed by the taxpayer's state of incorporation on a hypothetical Michigan company doing the same business in that state. Use column B to report actual burdens imposed by Michigan on the taxpayer.

TAXES

- 30. State of incorporation tax..... 30.
- 31. Tax Liability from line 29..... 31.

A — State of Incorporation	B — Michigan
	X X X X X X X X
X X X X X X X X	

FEES AND ASSESSMENTS

- 32. Annual statement filing fee 32.
- 33. Certificate of Authority renewal fee..... 33.
- 34. Certificate of Compliance 34.
- 35. Certificate of Deposit 35.
- 36. Certificate of Valuation..... 36.
- 37. Other fees. Include a detailed schedule of fees 37.
- 38. Fire Marshall Tax 38.
- 39. Second Injury Fund 39.
- 40. Silicosis and Dust Disease Fund..... 40.
- 41. Safety Education and Training Fund 41.
- 42. Other assessments. Include a detailed schedule of assessments 42.

	X X X X X X X X
	X X X X X X X X
	X X X X X X X X
	X X X X X X X X
	X X X X X X X X
	X X X X X X X X

TOTAL

- 43. Add lines 30 through 42..... 43.
- 44. Accelerated and Certificated Refundable Credits (see instructions)..... 44.
- 45. Total Taxes, Fees and Assessments. Subtract line 44 from line 43..... 45.
- 46. Retaliatory Amount. Subtract line 45, column B, from column A. If less than zero, enter zero..... 46.
- 47. **Total MBT Tax Liability.** Add lines 29 and 46. Domestic insurers, enter amount from line 29 47.

X X X X X X X X		
		00
		00

PAYMENTS, REFUNDABLE CREDITS AND TAX DUE

- 48. Overpayment credited from prior MBT return..... 48.
- 49. Estimated tax payments 49.
- 50. There is no amount to be entered on this line. Skip to line 51..... 50.
- 51. Tax paid with request for extension 51.
- 52. Refundable Credits (see instructions) 52.
- 53. Total Payments. Add lines 48 through 52. (If not amending, then skip to line 55.)..... 53.

		00
		00
X X X X X X X X		00
		00
		00
		00

AMENDED RETURN ONLY

- a. Payments made with original and/or prior amended returns . 54a.
- b. Overpayments from original and/or prior amended returns.. 54b.
- c. Add lines 53 and 54a and subtract line 54b from the sum ... 54c.

	00
	00
	00

- 55. **TAX DUE.** Subtract line 53 (or line 54c, if amending) from line 47. If less than zero, leave blank..... 55.
- 56. Underpaid estimate penalty and interest from Form 4582, line 38..... 56.
- 57. Annual return penalty (a) % = (b) 00 plus interest of (c) 00. Total..... 57d.
- 58. **PAYMENT DUE.** If line 55 is blank, go to line 59. Otherwise add lines 55, 56 and 57d..... 58.

		00
		00
		00
		00

OVERPAYMENT, REFUND OR CREDIT FORWARD

- 59. Overpayment. Subtract lines 47, 56 and 57d from line 53 (or line 54c, if amending). If less than zero, leave blank (see instructions)..... 59.
- 60. **CREDIT FORWARD.** Amount on line 59 to be credited forward and used as an estimate for next MBT tax year 60.
- 61. **REFUND.** Amount on line 59 to be refunded..... 61.

		00
		00
		00

<p>Taxpayer Certification. I declare under penalty of perjury that the information in this return and attachments is true and complete to the best of my knowledge.</p>		<p>Preparer Certification. I declare under penalty of perjury that this return is based on all information of which I have any knowledge.</p>	
<p><input type="checkbox"/> By checking this box, I authorize Treasury to discuss my return with my preparer.</p>		<p>Preparer's PTIN, FEIN or SSN</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100%; height: 20px;"></div>	
<p>Authorized Signature for Tax Matters</p>		<p>Preparer's Business Name (print or type)</p>	
<p>Authorized Signer's Name (print or type)</p>		<p>Preparer's Business Address and Telephone Number (print or type)</p>	
<p>Title</p>		<p>Telephone Number</p>	

Instructions for Form 4588

Insurance Company Annual Return for Michigan Business and Retaliatory Taxes

Purpose

To calculate the tax liability and to claim credits for insurance companies for both Michigan Business and Retaliatory Taxes.

NOTE: Beginning January 1, 2012, only those taxpayers with a certificated credit, which is awarded but not yet fully claimed or utilized, may elect to be Michigan Business Tax (MBT) taxpayers. If a taxpayer files an MBT return and claims a certificated credit, the taxpayer makes the election to file and pay under the MBT until the certificated credit and any carryforward of that credit are exhausted.

General Instructions

MBT Liability: Beginning January 1, 2012, a taxpayer calculates MBT liability as the greater of MBT liability after all credits, deductions, and exemptions or hypothetical CIT liability minus deductions and credits available under that act and minus certificated credits allowed under the MBT. This calculation of liability requires a taxpayer to calculate the premiums tax base and apply available MBT credits, including certificated credits, deductions, and exemptions available under the MBT. Then, the taxpayer will calculate the CIT comparison on the *Schedule of Corporate Income Tax Liability for an Insurance Filer* (Form 4974). A taxpayer is permitted to reduce hypothetical CIT liability by all deductions and credits which would be allowed under that tax as well as the amount of certificated credit allowed under the MBT. The amount of certificated credit allowed under the MBT is the amount of nonrefundable credit needed to offset MBT liability or the entire amount of a refundable credit.

If the taxpayer's hypothetical CIT liability would be higher than its MBT liability, the taxpayer will add the difference to MBT liability on line 28 of this form (4588). This is the CIT adjustment. If the result of both steps of the calculation is a negative number, the taxpayer will receive a refund of the lower negative; but a nonrefundable credit cannot be used to reduce liability below zero. Remaining nonrefundable certificated credit may be carried forward to succeeding tax years.

Amended Returns: To amend a current or prior year annual return, complete the Form 4588 that is applicable for that year, check the box in the upper-right corner of the return, and attach a separate sheet explaining the reason for the changes. Include an amended federal return or a signed and dated Internal Revenue Service (IRS) audit document. Include all schedules filed with the original return, even if not amending that schedule. Enter the figures on the amended return as they should be. Do not include a copy of the original return with your amended return. A taxpayer may not amend to revoke the election to remain taxable under the MBT. Once the taxpayer makes a valid election to claim a certificated credit, the taxpayer must continue to file the MBT until the credit and any carryforward of that credit are exhausted.

Line-by-Line Instructions

Lines not listed are explained on the form.

Do not enter data in boxes filled with Xs.

Line 1: Enter the complete address and, if other than the United States, enter the two-digit abbreviation for the country code. See the list of country codes in the *Michigan Business Tax (MBT) Forms and Instructions for Insurance Companies* (Form 4592).

Any correspondence regarding the return filed and/or refund will be sent to the address used here. Check the new address box if the address used on this line has changed from the last filing. The taxpayer's primary address in the Department of Treasury (Treasury) files, identified as the legal address and used for all purposes other than refund and correspondence on a specific MBT return, will not change until the customer specifically makes the change on their Michigan Treasury Online (MTO) account. Visit michigan.gov/mtobusiness for more information.

Line 2: Use the taxpayer's Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) or the Michigan Treasury (TR) assigned number. Be sure to use the same account number on all forms.

If the taxpayer does not have an FEIN or TR number, the taxpayer must register before filing this form. Taxpayers are encouraged to register online at www.michigan.gov/mtobusiness. Click on the quick link "New Business" for information on how to obtain an FEIN, which is required to submit a return through e-file. Taxpayers usually can obtain an FEIN from the IRS within 48 hours. Taxpayers registering with the State online usually receive an account number within seven days.

Returns received without a registered account number will not be processed until such time as a number is provided.

Line 3: Check this box if the company is a foreign insurer. Alien insurers are considered foreign insurers, unless their port of entry is Michigan, in which case the company is considered domestic for the filing of this return.

Line 4: Alien insurers, enter the two-letter postal code for the U.S. state that is your port of entry.

Line 5: Enter all gross direct premiums written on property or risk located or residing in Michigan.

Line 6: Enter premiums on policies not taken to the extent these premiums were included in line 5.

Line 7: Enter returned premiums on canceled policies to the extent these premiums were included in line 5.

Line 8: Enter receipts on sales of annuities to the extent these receipts were included in line 5.

Line 9: Enter receipts on reinsurance premiums assumed to the extent these receipts were included in line 5, and only if tax was paid on the original premiums.

Line 12: *Disability insurance* is insurance of any person against bodily injury or death by accident, or against disability on account of sickness or accident including also the granting

of specific hospital benefits and medical, surgical and sick-care benefits to any person, family, or group, subject to such limitations as may be prescribed with respect thereto. The exclusion for disability insurance premiums does not include credit insurance or disability income insurance premiums.

CREDITS

Line 20: Enter the amounts paid to the listed facilities or associations from January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2020, including special assessments. Net the amounts paid and refunds received during 2020 for the same facility or association. If refunds received exceed the amount paid in the year for the same facility or association, enter zero.

Line 20c: For tax years beginning on and after January 1, 2020, amounts paid to the MAIPF that are attributable to the assigned claims plan shall not be included in the calculation of this credit.

Line 22a: Enter the amount of Michigan Examination Fees paid in 2018 (under Michigan Compiled Law 500.224).

Line 24: Enter the Miscellaneous Nonrefundable Credits from *Michigan Business Tax Miscellaneous Credits for Insurance Companies* (Form 4596), line 28.

Retaliatory Instructions

For foreign and alien insurers only; domestic insurers skip lines 30 through 46.

Do not mail this return with the Michigan Annual Financial Statement, and do not send the annual statement filing fee with this return. The taxpayer will be billed separately for the annual statement filing fee by the Department of Insurance and Financial Services.

Foreign insurers must pay to Michigan the same type of obligation a similar Michigan insurer is required to pay in the company's state of domicile. Enter all items that are required of a Michigan insurance company. Some taxes and obligations imposed in other states may have no corresponding requirement in Michigan; however, this does not relieve the foreign insurer from the obligation of computing and paying the tax.

Do not include the following Michigan assessments, or comparable assessments in the company's state of incorporation, in the retaliatory calculation:

- Michigan Workers' Compensation Placement Facility
- Michigan Basic Property Insurance Association
- Michigan Automobile Insurance Placement Facility
- Property and Casualty Guaranty Association
- Michigan Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association
- Catastrophic Claims Association
- Assessment under Health Insurance Claims Assessment Act (HICAA).

California insurers must include Bureau of Fraudulent Claims assessments. New York domiciled companies must file and pay a tentative retaliatory tax to Michigan by the annual due date, March 1, 2022. An amended Form 4588 must be filed after the actual CT33 is filed with New York. Transfer the CT33 numbers onto the amended Form 4588 and attach a copy of the CT33 to substantiate the taxpayer's claim.

Line 30: Enter the tax a Michigan company would pay to the taxpayer's state of incorporation if it conducted the same amounts and types of business there as the taxpayer is conducting in Michigan. Attach a copy of the state of incorporation's tax form on which this pro forma tax on the hypothetical Michigan company was calculated.

Lines 32 through 42: In column A, "State of Incorporation," enter the amounts that would be paid by a hypothetical Michigan insurance company doing the same types and amounts of business in the taxpayer's home state that the taxpayer is doing in Michigan.

Lines 37 and 39 through 42: In column B, "Michigan," enter the actual amounts paid by the taxpayer to Michigan.

Line 42: Attach a detailed schedule of assessments.

Line 44: Enter the sum of accelerated and certificated refundable credits:

- **Accelerated credits:** The amount from the *Request for Accelerated Payment for the Brownfield Redevelopment Credit and the Historic Preservation Credit* (Form 4889), line 10. (If the taxpayer has filed more than one Form 4889 during the tax year, enter here the combined total of credits claimed on all Forms 4889, line 10);
- **Certificated Refundable credits:** The sum of the amounts reported on Form 4596, lines 2, 3, and 4.

Line 46: Subtract line 45, column B, from line 45, column A. If less than zero, enter zero. If line 45, column B, is a negative number, add column A to the negative number in column B. This will increase the retaliatory amount reported.

PAYMENTS, REFUNDABLE CREDITS, AND TAX DUE

Line 49: Enter the total tax paid with the quarterly estimated tax returns.

Line 51: Enter any tentative payment of estimated tax made with a request for an extension of time to file the return.

Line 52: If claiming a credit, enter the amount from Form 4596, line 5.

Amended Returns Only:

Line 54a: Enter payment made with the original return.

Line 54b: Enter overpayment received (refund received plus credit forward created) on the original return.

Line 54c: Add lines 53 and 54a and subtract line 54b from the sum.

Line 56: If penalty and interest are owed for not filing estimated returns or for underestimating tax, complete the *MBT Penalty and Interest Computation for Underpaid Estimated Tax* (Form 4582) to compute penalty and interest due. If a taxpayer chooses not to file Form 4582, Treasury will compute penalty and interest and bill for payment. Form 4582 is available on the Web at www.michigan.gov/taxes.

Line 57: Enter the annual return penalty rate in line 57a. Add the overdue tax penalty in line 57b to the overdue tax interest in line 57c. Enter total in line 57d.

Refer to the “Computing Penalty and Interest” section in Form 4592 to determine the annual return penalty rate and use the following Overdue Tax Penalty and Overdue Tax Interest worksheets.

- *MBT Renaissance Zone Credit Schedule* (Form 4595)
- *MBT Miscellaneous Credits for Insurance Companies* (Form 4596)
- Proof of payment for any items listed in the “Michigan” column for lines 39 through 42.

WORKSHEET – OVERDUE TAX PENALTY

A. Tax due from Form 4588, line 55		00
B. Late/extension or insufficient payment penalty percentage		%
C. Multiply line A by line B.....		00

Carry amount from line C to Form 4588, line 57b.

WORKSHEET – OVERDUE TAX INTEREST

A. Tax due from Form 4588, line 55		00
B. Applicable daily interest percentage ..		%
C. Number of days return was past due...		
D. Multiply line B by line C		
E. Multiply line A by line D		00

Carry amount from line E to Form 4588, line 57c.

Line 57c: NOTE: If the late period spans more than one interest rate period, divide the late period into the number of days in each of the interest rate periods identified under the “Computing Penalty and Interest” section in Form 4592 and apply the calculations in the Overdue Tax Interest worksheet separately to each portion of the late period. Combine these interest subtotals and carry the total to Form 4588, line 57c.

Line 59: If the amount of the overpayment, less any penalty and interest due on lines 56 and 57d, is less than zero, enter the difference (as a positive number) on line 58. If the amount is greater than zero, enter on line 59.

NOTE: If an overpayment exists, a taxpayer must elect a refund of all or a portion of the amount and/or designate all or a portion of the overpayment to be used as an estimate for the next MBT tax year. Complete lines 60 and 61 as applicable.

Line 60: If the taxpayer anticipates an MBT liability in the filing period subsequent to this return, some or all of any overpayment from line 59 may be credited forward to the next tax year as an estimated payment. Enter the desired amount to use as an estimate for the next MBT tax year.

Reminder: Taxpayers must sign and date returns. Tax preparers must provide a Preparer Taxpayer Identification Number (PTIN), FEIN or Social Security number (SSN), a business name, and a business address and phone number.

Other Supporting Forms and Schedules

The following forms and their requested attachments should be included as part of this return, as applicable:

- *Michigan Historic Preservation Tax Credit* (Form 3581)
- *MBT Single Business Tax (SBT) Credit Carryforwards* (Form 4569)
- *MBT Penalty and Interest Computation for Underpaid Estimated Tax* (Form 4582)
- *MBT Election of Refund or Carryforward Credits* (Form 4584)
- *MBT Schedule of Recapture of Certain Business Tax Credits and Deductions* (Form 4587)

2023 MICHIGAN Business Tax Miscellaneous Credits for Insurance Companies

Issued under authority of Public Act 36 of 2007.

Taxpayer Name	Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) or TR Number
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PART 1: REFUNDABLE CREDITS

Workers' Disability Supplemental Benefit (WDSB) Credit. If not claiming, skip to line 2.

1. WDSB Credit allowed by the Workers' Compensation Agency (attach document) 1.

	00
--	----

MEGA Employment Tax Credit. If not claiming, skip to line 3.

2. Credit amount from *MEDC Annual Tax Credit Certificate* (attach) 2.

	00
--	----

MEGA Photovoltaic Technology Credit. If not claiming this credit, skip to line 4.

3. Credit amount from *Assignment Certificate* provided by MEDC (attach) 3.

	00
--	----

Film Production Credit. If not claiming, skip to line 5.

4. Assigned credit amount (see instructions)..... 4.

	00
--	----

5. **TOTAL REFUNDABLE CREDITS.** Add lines 1 through 4. Enter total here and carry to Form 4588, line 52. 5.

	00
--	----

PART 2: NONREFUNDABLE CREDITS

6. There is no amount to be entered on this line 6.

XXXXXXXXXX	00
------------	----

Compensation Credit. If not claiming, skip to line 14 and enter there the amount from Form 4588, line 23.

7. Michigan Compensation 7.

	00
--	----

8. Compensation Credit. Multiply line 7 by 0.37% (0.0037)..... 8.

	00
--	----

Reduced Compensation Credit

9. Enter amount from Form 4588, line 23..... 9.

	00
--	----

10. WDSB Credit from line 1 above..... 10.

	00
--	----

11. Subtract line 10 from line 9. If less than zero, enter zero 11.

	00
--	----

12. Multiply line 11 by 65% (0.65)..... 12.

	00
--	----

13. **Allowable Compensation Credit.** Enter lesser of line 8 or line 12..... 13.

	00
--	----

14. Tax After Compensation Credit. Subtract line 13 from line 9. If less than zero, enter zero 14.

	00
--	----

Renaissance Zone Credit. If not claiming, carry amount from line 14 to line 16.
If claiming, complete and include the *MBT Renaissance Zone Credit Schedule* (Form 4595).

15. Renaissance Zone Credit. Amount from Form 4595, line 25b	15.		00
16. Tax After Renaissance Zone Credit. Subtract line 15 from line 14. If less than zero, enter zero	16.		00

Historic Preservation Credit. If not claiming, carry amount from line 16 to line 19.

17. Historic Preservation Credit from Form 4584, line 28.....	17.		00
18a. Recapture of Historic Preservation Tax Credit from Form 4584, line 2	18a.		00
18b. Historic Preservation Credit Net of Recapture. Subtract line 18a from line 17. If less than zero, enter as a negative number.....	18b.		00
19. Tax After Historic Preservation Credit. Subtract line 17 from line 16 and add line 18a	19.		00

Brownfield Redevelopment Credit. If not claiming, carry amount from line 19 to line 21.

20. Brownfield Redevelopment Credit from Form 4584, line 55.....	20.		00
21. Tax After Brownfield Redevelopment Credit. Subtract line 20 from line 19. If less than zero, enter zero	21.		00

Film Infrastructure Credit. If not claiming, carry amount from line 21 to line 26.

22. Assigned credit amount.....	22.		00
23. Unused credit from previous period MBT return.....	23.		00
24. Total Available Credit. Add lines 22 and 23	24.		00
25. Film Infrastructure Credit. Enter the lesser of line 21 or 24	25.		00
26. Tax After Film Infrastructure Credit. Subtract line 25 from line 21. If less than zero, enter zero.....	26.		00
27. Credit carryforward. If line 24 is greater than line 21, enter the difference.....	27.	<input style="width: 100%; height: 15px;" type="text"/>	00

28. TOTAL NONREFUNDABLE CREDITS. Add lines 13, 15, 18b, 20, and 25. Enter total here and carry amount to Form 4588, line 24.....	28.		00
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Instructions for Form 4596

Michigan Business Tax (MBT) Miscellaneous Credits for Insurance Companies

Purpose

To allow insurance companies to calculate certain miscellaneous credits. There are strict eligibility requirements, so review the descriptions carefully before claiming a credit. Follow the instructions on the form for each credit.

Line-by-Line Instructions

Lines not listed are explained on the form.

NOTE: Beginning January 1, 2012, only those taxpayers with a certificated credit, which is awarded but not yet fully claimed or utilized, may elect to be MBT taxpayers.

PART 1: REFUNDABLE CREDITS

Workers' Disability Supplemental Benefit (WDSB) Credit

The WDSB Credit is available to an insurance company subject to the Workers' Disability Compensation Act of 1969. The credit is equal to the amount paid during that tax year by the insurance company pursuant to Section 352 of the act, as certified by the director of the Workers' Compensation Agency, Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs (LARA), during the tax year. The amount of the credit is provided to taxpayers by LARA.

For more information on WDSB credit eligibility, contact LARA, Workers' Compensation Agency, at (517) 322-1879 or 1-888-396-5041 or visit the LARA Web site at www.michigan.gov/lara.

Line 1: Attach a copy of the document provided by LARA to the return to substantiate the claim for this credit.

MEGA Employment Tax Credit

The Michigan Economic Growth Authority (MEGA) Employment Tax Credit promotes economic growth and jobs in Michigan. For a period of time not to exceed 20 years, a taxpayer that is an authorized business or an eligible taxpayer may claim a credit equal to the amount certified each year by MEGA.

Beginning January 1, 2012, this credit is available as a certificated credit to the extent that the taxpayer has entered into an agreement with MEGA by December 31, 2011, but the credit has not been fully claimed or paid prior to January 1, 2012. This credit must be claimed beginning with the taxpayer's first tax year ending after December 31, 2011, in order for the taxpayer to remain taxable under the MBT and claim the credit.

NOTE: MEGA may certify a credit based on an agreement entered into prior to January 1, 2008, under the Single Business Tax (SBT). The number of years for which the credit may be claimed for MBT will be equal to the maximum number of years designated in the resolution reduced by the number of years for which a credit has been claimed or could have been claimed under SBT.

NOTE: A taxpayer that claimed a credit under either SBT or MBT that had an agreement with MEGA based on qualified

new jobs as defined in the MEGA Act, and that removes 51 percent or more of those qualified new jobs from Michigan within three years after the first year in which the taxpayer claimed a credit must pay an amount equal to the total of all credits claimed no later than 12 months after those qualified new jobs are removed from Michigan. Recapture is reported on the *MBT Schedule of Recapture of Certain Business Tax Credits and Deductions* (Form 4587).

For more information, call the Michigan Economic Development Corporation (MEDC) at (517) 373-9808 or visit the MEDC Web site at <http://www.michiganbusiness.org/>.

Line 2: Approved businesses receive a certificate from MEGA each year showing the total amount of tax credit allowed. Attach the Annual Tax Credit Certificate to the return. (If the certificate is not attached, the credit will be disallowed.)

MEGA Photovoltaic Technology Credit

The MEGA Photovoltaic Technology Credit is available to a qualified taxpayer that enters into an agreement with MEGA to construct and operate a new facility in Michigan which serves to develop and manufacture photovoltaic energy, photovoltaic systems, or other photovoltaic technology. **This credit is available to an insurance company as an assignee only.** Photovoltaic energy, systems, or technology rely on solar power. The credit is available for 25 percent of the taxpayer's capital investment in the new facility during the tax year.

The credit generally must be taken in equal installments over a two-year period beginning in the tax year in which the certificate is issued. A taxpayer may make an irrevocable assignment of all or a portion of the credit or may convey the right to the assignment on a form provided by MEGA, which will then issue assignment certificates to the assignee(s).

A taxpayer or assignee that claims a credit and subsequently fails to meet the requirements of the act or any other conditions established by MEGA in the agreement may, as determined by MEGA, have its credit reduced or terminated or have a percentage of the credit previously claimed added back to the tax liability of the taxpayer in the tax year that the taxpayer or assignee fails to comply. Credit recapture is reported on Form 4587.

A taxpayer certified to take the polycrystalline silicon credit under Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) 208.1432 is disqualified from taking this credit.

Beginning January 1, 2012, this credit is available as a certificated credit to the extent that the taxpayer has entered into an agreement with MEGA by December 31, 2011, but the credit has not been fully claimed or paid prior to January 1, 2012. An insurance company assignee must claim this credit beginning with its first tax year ending after December 31, 2011, in order to remain taxable under the MBT and claim the credit.

Line 3: To claim this credit, attach a copy of the assignment certificate received from MEGA. (If the certificate is not attached, the credit will be disallowed.)

Film Production Credit

This credit is available to an insurance company as an assignee only.

The Michigan Film Office, with the concurrence of the State Treasurer, may enter into an agreement with an eligible production company providing the company with a refundable credit against MBT tax liability or against taxes withheld under Chapter 7 of the Michigan Individual Income Tax Act of 1967.

A *Post-Production Certificate of Completion* will be issued verifying the amount of the credit to be claimed once the Michigan Film Office is satisfied that company expenditures and eligibility are adequately met.

The credit may be assigned in the tax year in which the Post-Production Certificate of Completion is received but such assignment is irrevocable. The credit must first be claimed in the year of assignment.

Beginning January 1, 2012, this credit is available as a certificated credit to the extent that the taxpayer has entered into an agreement with the Michigan Film Office with the concurrence of the State Treasurer by December 31, 2011, but the credit has not been fully claimed or paid prior to January 1, 2012. An insurance company assignee must claim this credit beginning with its first tax year ending after December 31, 2011, in order to remain taxable under the MBT and claim the credit.

For more information, contact the Michigan Film Office at 1-800-477-3456 or visit the Web site at www.michiganfilloffice.org.

Line 4: To claim this credit, include a copy of the *MBT Film Credit Assignment* (Form 4589) to the return.

PART 2: NONREFUNDABLE CREDITS

Compensation Credit

An insurance company may claim a credit equal to a percentage of compensation in Michigan, not to exceed 65 percent of the insurance company's tax liability for the tax year after claiming the other credits allowed under Chapter 2A of the MBT Act.

Line 7: Enter compensation payments made in the tax year on behalf of or for the benefit of employees, officers, or directors as defined in MCL 208.1107(2). Generally, under this definition, *compensation* includes, but is not limited to, payments that are subject to or specifically exempt or excepted from withholding under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) § 3401 through § 3406.

Compensation also includes fringe benefits and any earnings that are net earnings from self-employment, as defined under IRC § 402, of the taxpayer or partner or LLC member of the taxpayer. Wages, salaries, fees, bonuses, commissions, and other payments made in the tax year on behalf of or for the benefit of employees, officers, or directors as well as self-employment earnings must be reported on a cash basis.

Payments made to a pension plan, retirement or profit sharing plan, employee insurance plans, and payments under health and welfare benefit plans, as well as the administration fees paid for the administration of the health and welfare benefit plan, are compensation. Compensation also includes certain payments made by licensed taxpayers that are statutorily identified. These compensation payments are calculated on a cash or accrual basis consistent with the taxpayer's method of accounting for federal income taxes. The statute provides for certain exclusions from compensation including employee discounts on merchandise and services, payments for state and federal unemployment compensation and federal insurance contributions, and payments made to independent contractors.

Expense incurred for the benefit of the taxpayer rather than for the benefit of employees of the taxpayer is not compensation. Noncompensation expenses might include payments reported on a Form 1099 to an employee for the rental of a building or for interest income.

This credit is calculated against the taxpayer's Michigan compensation.

Compensation is "in this state" if (a) the individual's service is performed entirely within Michigan, or (b) the individual's service is performed both within Michigan and outside Michigan, but the services performed outside Michigan are incidental to the individual's service within Michigan.

Example 1: Sales Co. employs Salesperson whose territory includes both Detroit, Michigan, and Toledo, Ohio. Salesperson calls on customers located in both Michigan and Ohio. The compensation paid to Salesperson is not "compensation in this state" because Salesperson's activity is not limited solely to Michigan, and calling on customers in Ohio is not incidental to Salesperson's activity in Michigan.

Example 2: Manufacturer employs Engineer at its Michigan facility. Several times a year, Engineer travels out of state to meet with suppliers. Although Engineer performs services both within Michigan and outside Michigan, Engineer's out-of-state services are incidental to Engineer's services within Michigan. The compensation paid to Engineer is "compensation in this state."

Renaissance Zone Credit

The Renaissance Zone Credit encourages businesses and individuals to move into a designated Zone to help revitalize the area by providing a credit for businesses located and conducting business activity within the Zone.

Line 15: Complete and include the *MBT Renaissance Zone Credit Schedule* (Form 4595) to claim this credit. **NOTE** the changed instructions for certain taxpayers for line 24 of Form 4595.

If located in more than one zone, complete and include a separate Form 4595 for each zone. Add line 25b from each Form 4595 and enter the sum on Form 4596, line 15.

NOTE: Although Insurance companies do not normally calculate business income, or apportion their tax base by a sales factor, both are required in the calculation of a Renaissance Zone credit. Use the *Business Income Worksheet*

(Worksheet 4746) to calculate a pro forma business income, and calculate pro forma sales in Michigan and sales everywhere. See instructions for the *MBT Annual Return* (Form 4567) for guidance on the definition of sales and applicable sourcing provisions.

For more information on Renaissance Zones, contact the MEDC at (517) 373-9808 or visit their Web site at <http://www.michiganbusiness.org/>. For information on the MBT credit, contact the Michigan Department of Treasury, Customer Contact Division, MBT Unit, at (517) 636-6925.

Historic Preservation Credit

The Historic Preservation Credit provides tax incentives for homeowners, commercial property owners, and businesses to rehabilitate historic resources located in Michigan. Rehabilitation projects must be certified by the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO).

Beginning January 1, 2012, the historic preservation credit is available to the extent that a taxpayer had a Part 2 approval, approved rehabilitation plan, approved high community impact rehabilitation plan or preapproval letter by December 31, 2011, but has not fully claimed the credit before January 1, 2012. The credit may be claimed as either a refundable accelerated credit on the *Request for Accelerated Payment for the Brownfield Redevelopment Credit and the Historic Preservation Credit* (Form 4889) or a non-refundable credit. Non-refundable credits and non-refundable carryforwards of the credit are claimed here. A taxpayer may elect to claim a certificated historic preservation credit in the year in which a credit is available and will be taxable under the MBT until the qualifying credit and any carryforward of the credit are extinguished. The credit must first be claimed in the year that the certificate of completed rehabilitation of the historic resource was issued.

Line 17: Complete Form 4584 to claim this credit and carryforward the resulting overpayment, if any.

Line 18a: Recapture from Form 4584, line 2. If the resource is sold or the certification of completed rehabilitation or preapproval letter is revoked less than five years after the historic resource is placed in service, a percentage of the credit may be subject to recapture.

100 percent	If less than 1 year
80 percent	If at least 1 year, but less than 2 years
60 percent	If at least 2 years, but less than 3 years
40 percent	If at least 3 years, but less than 4 years
20 percent	If at least 4 years, but less than 5 years

Questions regarding federal and State certification may be directed to SHPO at 517-373-1630. For additional information, go online to www.michigan.gov/mshda, and click on “Preservation.”

Brownfield Redevelopment Credit

Beginning January 1, 2012, the brownfield redevelopment credit may be claimed as a certificated credit if a taxpayer has a preapproval letter by December 31, 2011, but has not fully claimed the credit by January 1, 2012. The credit may

be claimed as either a refundable accelerated credit (on Form 4889) or a non-refundable credit. Non-refundable credits and non-refundable carryforwards of the credit are claimed here. The credit must first be claimed in the year in which the certificate of completion is issued.

Line 20: Complete Form 4584 to claim this credit and carryforward the resulting overpayment.

The administration of the Brownfield Redevelopment Credit program is assigned to MEGA. For more information on the approval process, contact the MEDC at (517) 373-9808.

Film Infrastructure Credit

This credit is available to an insurance company as an assignee only.

An eligible taxpayer may claim a credit for investment in a qualified film and digital media infrastructure project equal to 25 percent of the base investment expenditures for the project, provided the taxpayer enters into an agreement with the Michigan Film Office, concurred in by the State Treasurer. The credit is reduced by the amount of any Brownfield Redevelopment Credit claimed under Section 437 of the MBT Act for the same base investment. If the credit exceeds the taxpayer’s tax liability for the tax year, the excess may be carried forward to offset tax liability in subsequent years for a maximum of ten years.

Upon verification that the taxpayer has complied with the agreement terms and investment expenditures and eligibility are adequately met, the Michigan Film Office will issue an Investment Expenditure Certificate stating the amount of the credit. The certificate received must be attached to the return.

The credit may be assigned in the tax year in which the *Investment Expenditure Certificate* is received but any such assignment is irrevocable. Form 4589 must be attached to the return on which the credit is claimed.

An assigned credit amount must first be claimed against the assignee’s MBT liability during the assignee’s tax year in which the credit was assigned.

Beginning January 1, 2012, this credit is available as a certificated credit to the extent that the taxpayer has entered into an agreement with the Michigan Film Office with the concurrence of the State Treasurer by December 31, 2011, but the credit has not been fully claimed or paid prior to January 1, 2012.

NOTE: To qualify for the credit, a taxpayer must not be delinquent in a tax or other obligation owed to Michigan nor be owned or under common control of an entity that is delinquent. A credit cannot be claimed for any direct expenditure for which a Film Production Credit was claimed against either an MBT or withholding tax liability.

For more information, contact the Michigan Film Office at 1-800-477-3456 or visit the Web site at www.michiganfilmoffice.org.

Include completed Form 4596 as part of the tax return filing.

2023 MICHIGAN Schedule of Corporate Income Tax Liability for a Michigan Business Tax Insurance Filer

Issued under authority of Public Act 36 of 2007 and PA 39 of 2011.

Taxpayer Name (print or type)	Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN)
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PART 1: CERTIFICATED NONREFUNDABLE CREDITS

1. Tax Before Nonrefundable Credits from Form 4588, line 23	1.	00
2. Noncertificated nonrefundable credits (see instructions).....	2.	00
3. Tax After noncertificated nonrefundable credits. Subtract line 2 from line 1. If less than zero, enter zero	3.	00
4. Available Renaissance Zone Credit (see instructions).....	4.	00
5. Renaissance Zone Credit. Enter lesser of line 3 or 4	5.	00
6. Tax After Renaissance Zone Credit. Subtract line 5 from line 3	6.	00
7. Available Historic Preservation Credit Net of Recapture from Form 4596, line 18b. If negative, enter as a negative number.....	7.	00
8. Historic Preservation Credit Net of Recapture. Enter lesser of line 6 or 7.....	8.	00
9. Tax After Historic Preservation Credit Net of Recapture. Subtract line 8 from line 6.....	9.	00
10. Available Brownfield Redevelopment Credit from Form 4596, line 20	10.	00
11. Brownfield Redevelopment Credit. Enter lesser of line 9 or 10.....	11.	00
12. Tax After Brownfield Redevelopment Credit. Subtract line 11 from line 9	12.	00
13. Film Infrastructure Credit from Form 4596, line 25.....	13.	00
14. Certificated Nonrefundable Credits for CIT. Add lines 5, 8, 11, and 13	14.	00

PART 2: CIT LIABILITY

15. Enter amount from Worksheet A, line 24 (see instructions)	15.	00
16. CIT After Certificated Nonrefundable Credits. Subtract line 14 from line 15	16.	00
17. Total Recapture of Certain Business Tax Credits for CIT from Form 4588, line 26	17.	00
18. CIT After Recapture. Add lines 16 and 17	18.	00

PART 3: MBT TAX COMPARED AGAINST CIT FOR INSURANCE FILERS

19. Total MBT liability from Form 4588, line 27	19.	00
20. If line 18 is greater than line 19, enter the difference. If line 19 is greater than or equal to line 18, enter zero. Carry to Form 4588, line 28.....	20.	00

Instructions for Form 4974

Schedule of Corporate Income Tax Liability for a Michigan Business Tax Insurance Filer

Purpose

The purpose of this form is to determine the Corporate Income Tax (CIT) liability of an insurance company that files under the Michigan Business Tax (MBT). The CIT liability will be compared against the MBT liability in order to determine which liability is greater.

NOTE: A credit or recapture should not be reported on this form if it is not reported on one of the following forms:

- *Miscellaneous Credits for Insurance Companies* (Form 4596).
- *Schedule of Recapture of Certain Business Tax Credits and Deductions* (Form 4587).

NOTE: Beginning January 1, 2012, only those taxpayers with a certificated credit, which is awarded but not yet fully claimed or utilized, may elect to be MBT taxpayers.

Line-by-Line Instructions

Lines not listed are explained on the form.

Enter the taxpayer's name and Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) in the appropriate field.

PART 1: CERTIFICATED NONREFUNDABLE CREDITS

Line 2: Combine the total amount of noncertificated nonrefundable credits from Form 4596, line 6, and the amounts from Form 4596, lines 13 and 15. Enter the total combined amount, as this represents the allowable amount of noncertificated nonrefundable credits.

Line 3: Subtract line 2 from line 1. If less than zero, enter zero. This is the MBT liability after noncertificated nonrefundable credits.

Line 4: Not all Renaissance Zone credits are **certificated** credits to be reported on this form. See special instructions on the *MBT Renaissance Zone Credit Schedule* (Form 4595) to determine which Renaissance Zone credits are certificated. A certificated Renaissance Zone credit will be identified by the checkbox on line 2 of Form 4595. Only a credit of that type may be reported here. Enter credit amount from Form 4595, line 25b, for which certificated status is properly claimed on Form 4595, line 2.

If a taxpayer has activity in more than one certificated Renaissance Zone, a separate Form 4595 will be filed for each Zone. In that case, report here the combined total of credits claimed on all Forms 4595, line 25b, for which certificated status is properly claimed on Form 4595, line 2.

DO NOT use the Renaissance Zone credit amount from Form 4596 to complete this form.

Enter the available **Certificated** Renaissance Zone Credit. Not all Renaissance Zone credits are certificated credits to be reported on this form. See special instructions on Form 4595 to determine which Renaissance Zone credits are certificated. A certificated Renaissance Zone credit will be identified by

the checkbox on line 2 of Form 4595. Enter credit amount from Form 4595, line 25b, for which certificated status is properly claimed on Form 4595, line 2.

If a taxpayer has activity in more than one certificated Renaissance Zone, a separate Form 4595 will be filed for each Zone. In that case, report here the combined total of credits claimed on all Forms 4595, line 25b, for which certificated status is properly claimed on Form 4595, line 2.

DO NOT use the Renaissance Zone credit amount from Form 4573 or Form 4596 to complete this line.

Line 6: Subtract line 5 from line 3 and enter amount in field. This figure represents the MBT liability after applying the Renaissance Zone Credit.

Line 9: Subtract line 8 from line 6 and enter amount in field. This figure represents the MBT liability after applying the Historic Preservation Credit Net of Recapture.

Line 12: Subtract line 11 from line 9 and enter amount in field. This figure represents the MBT liability after applying the Brownfield Redevelopment Credit.

Line 14: Add lines 5, 8, 11 and 13. This is the total amount of Certificated Nonrefundable Credits for CIT.

PART 2: CIT LIABILITY

Line 15: Effective with tax years beginning in 2019, Public Act 222 of 2018 amends MCL 206.635, which alters the tax liability calculation of a Corporate Income Tax (CIT) filer. Beginning Jan. 1, 2019, for a CIT filer, gross direct premiums attributable to qualified health insurance premiums are taxed at 0.95%. The remaining portion of the tax base is still taxed at 1.25%.

To calculate CIT tax liability for the purpose of completing Form 4974, the taxpayer must complete the "Michigan Business Tax Insurance Worksheet A" in these instructions. Carry the amount from Worksheet A, line 24, to Form 4974, line 15.

Include a copy of Worksheet A with the MBT return.

Line 16: Subtract line 14 from line 15. This is the amount of the CIT liability after Certificated Nonrefundable Credits.

Line 18: Add lines 16 and 17. This is the amount of CIT liability after the Recapture of Certain Business Tax Credits.

PART 3: MBT TAX COMPARED AGAINST CIT FOR INSURANCE FILERS

Line 20: Carry the amount on this line to the *Insurance Company Annual Return for Michigan Business and Retaliatory Taxes* (Form 4588), line 28. This amount is used to calculate the tax liability for an MBT filer.

Include completed Form 4596 as part of the tax return filing.

2023 Michigan Business Tax Insurance Worksheet A

Include a copy of Worksheet A with your MBT return.

Taxpayer Name	Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN)
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DIRECT PREMIUMS WRITTEN IN MICHIGAN

1. Gross direct premiums written in Michigan.....
2. Premiums on policies not taken.....
3. Returned premiums on canceled policies.....
4. Receipts on sales of annuities.....
5. Receipts on reinsurance assumed (see instructions).....
6. Add lines 2 through 5.....
7. **Direct Premiums Written in Michigan.** Subtract line 6 from line 1.
If less than zero, enter zero.....

		A		B	
		Qualified Health Ins. Policies		All Other Policies	
1.			00		00
2.			00		00
3.			00		00
4.			00		00
5.			00		00
6.			00		00
7.			00		00
8.			00		00
9.			%		%

DISABILITY INSURANCE EXEMPTION

8. Disability insurance premiums written in Michigan, not including credit or disability income insurance premiums (see instructions).....
9. Proportional share of limit and phase-out.
Column A: Divide line 8, column A, by the sum of line 8, columns A and B.
Column B: Divide line 8, column B, by the sum of line 8, columns A and B.....
10. Enter the sum of all disability insurance premiums from both columns of line 8 OR \$190,000,000, whichever is less.....
11. Gross direct premiums from insurance carrier services everywhere.....
12. Phase out.....
13. Subtract line 12 from line 11. If less than zero, enter zero.....
14. Exemption reduction. Multiply line 13 by 2.....
15. Subtract line 14 from line 10. If less than zero, enter zero.....

10.			00
11.			00
12.		280,000,000	00
13.			00
14.			00
15.			00

16. Allocated reduced exemption.
Column A: Multiply line 15 by the percentage on line 9, column A.
Column B: Multiply line 15 by the percentage on line 9, column B.....
17. Adjusted tax base.
Column A: Subtract line 16, column A, from line 7, column A.
Column B: Subtract line 16, column B, from line 7, column B.....
18. Multiply line 17, column A, by 0.9325% and column B by 1.25% (0.0125).....
19. Tax before credits. Add line 18, columns A and B.....

16.			00		00
17.			00		00
18.			00		00
19.			00		00

CREDITS

20. Enter amounts paid from 1/1/2022 to 12/31/2022 to each of the following:
 - a. Michigan Workers' Compensation Placement Facility.....
 - b. Michigan Basic Property Insurance Association.....
 - c. Michigan Automobile Insurance Placement Facility.....
 - d. Property and Casualty Guaranty Association.....
 - e. Michigan Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association.....
21. Add lines 20a through 20e.....
22. Michigan Examination Fees or Regulatory Fee.....
23. Credit. Multiply line 22 by 50% (0.50).....
24. Tax liability before recapture. Subtract line 21 and line 23 from line 19. If less than or equal to \$100, enter zero. Carry amount to Form 4974, line 15.....

20a.			00
20b.			00
20c.			00
20d.			00
20e.			00
21.			00
22.			00
23.			00
24.			00

Instructions for the Michigan Business Tax Insurance Worksheet A

Purpose

To calculate a Corporate Income Tax liability for the purpose of completing the “Schedule of Corporate Income Tax Liability for a Michigan Business Tax Insurance Filer” (Form 4974).

Line-by-Line Instructions

Lines not listed are explained on the form.

Enter the taxpayer’s name and Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) used on the “Insurance Company Annual Return for Michigan Business and Retaliatory Taxes” (Form 4588).

Direct Premiums Written in Michigan

NOTE: For line 1 through line 9 and line 16 through line 18, complete Column A to report Qualified Health Insurance Policies and Column B to report all other policies.

“Qualified health insurance policies” means policies written on risk located or residing in this state that are 1 of the following types of policies:

- (a) Comprehensive major medical, regardless of whether the policy is eligible for a health savings account or purchased on the health insurance marketplace.
- (b) Student.
- (c) Children’s health insurance program.
- (d) Medicaid.
- (e) Employer comprehensive, regardless of whether the policy is eligible for a health savings account or purchased on the health insurance marketplace.
- (f) Multiple employer associations or trusts and any other employer associations and trusts.

Qualified Health Insurance Policies are taxed at a special rate, determined annually using a statutory formula.

Line 1: Enter all gross direct premiums written on property or risk located or residing in Michigan.

Line 2: Enter premiums on policies not taken to the extent these premiums were included in line 1.

Line 3: Enter returned premiums on canceled policies to the extent these premiums were included in line 1.

Line 4: Enter receipts on sales of annuities to the extent these receipts were included in line 1.

Line 5: Enter receipts on reinsurance premiums assumed to the extent these receipts were included in line 1, and only if tax was paid on the original premiums.

DISABILITY INSURANCE EXEMPTION

Line 8: “Disability insurance” includes any policy or contract of insurance against loss resulting from sickness or from bodily injury or death by accident, or both, including also the granting of specific hospital benefits and medical, surgical and sick-care benefits to any person, family or group, subject to certain exclusions.

The exclusion for disability insurance premiums does not include credit insurance or disability income insurance premiums.

CREDITS

Line 20: Enter the amounts paid to the listed facilities or associations from January 1, 2022, to December 31, 2022, including special assessments. Net the amounts paid and refunds received during 2022 for the same facility or association. If refunds received exceed the amount paid in the year for the same facility or association, enter zero.

Line 20c: For tax years beginning on and after January 1, 2022 amounts paid to the Michigan Automobile Insurance Placement Facility (MAIPF) that are attributable to the assigned claims plan shall not be included in the calculation of this credit.

Line 22: Enter the amount of Michigan Examination Fees or Regulatory Fees paid in 2023 (under Michigan Compiled Law 500.224).

Line 24: Carry the amount from Worksheet A, line 24, to Form 4974, line 15. Include a copy of Worksheet A with your return.

Country Codes

Countries are identified by two-letter codes – Country Codes – which are required on some Michigan Business Tax (MBT) forms, including the annual returns. The following is a list of countries and their codes.

AF	Afghanistan	CK	Cook Islands	IN	India	NR	Nauru	SB	Solomon Islands
AX	Åland Islands	CR	Costa Rica	ID	Indonesia	NP	Nepal	SO	Somalia
AL	Albania	CI	Côte D'ivoire	IR	Iran	NL	Netherlands	ZA	South Africa
DZ	Algeria	HR	Croatia	IQ	Iraq	AN	Netherlands Antilles	GS	S. Georgia, Sandwich
AS	American Samoa	CU	Cuba	IE	Ireland	NC	New Caledonia	KR	South Korea
AD	Andorra	CY	Cyprus	IM	Isle Of Man	NZ	New Zealand	ES	Spain
AO	Angola	CZ	Czech Republic	IL	Israel	NI	Nicaragua	LK	Sri Lanka
AI	Anguilla	CD	Dem. Rep. of Congo	IT	Italy	NE	Niger	SD	Sudan
AQ	Antarctica	DK	Denmark	JM	Jamaica	NG	Nigeria	SR	Suriname
AG	Antigua & Barbuda	DJ	Djibouti	JP	Japan	NU	Niue	SJ	Svalbard, Jan Mayen
AR	Argentina	DM	Dominica	JE	Jersey	NF	Norfolk Island	SZ	Swaziland
AM	Armenia	DO	Dominican Republic	JO	Jordan	KP	North Korea	SE	Sweden
AW	Aruba	EC	Ecuador	KZ	Kazakhstan	MP	N. Mariana Islands	CH	Switzerland
AU	Australia	EG	Egypt	KE	Kenya	NO	Norway	SY	Syrian Arab Republic
AT	Austria	SV	El Salvador	KI	Kiribati	OM	Oman	TW	Taiwan
AZ	Azerbaijan	GQ	Equatorial Guinea	KW	Kuwait	PK	Pakistan	TJ	Tajikistan
BS	Bahamas	ER	Eritrea	KG	Kyrgyzstan	PW	Palau	TZ	Tanzania
BH	Bahrain	EE	Estonia	LA	Laos	PS	Palestinian Occ. Terr.	TH	Thailand
BD	Bangladesh	ET	Ethiopia	LV	Latvia	PA	Panama	TL	Timor-Leste
BB	Barbados	FK	Falkland Islands	LB	Lebanon	PG	Papua New Guinea	TG	Togo
BY	Belarus	FO	Faroe Islands	LS	Lesotho	PY	Paraguay	TK	Tokelau
BE	Belgium	FJ	Fiji	LR	Liberia	PE	Peru	TO	Tonga
BZ	Belize	FI	Finland	LY	Libya	PH	Philippines	TT	Trinidad & Tobago
BJ	Benin	FR	France	LI	Liechtenstein	PN	Pitcairn	TN	Tunisia
BM	Bermuda	GF	French Guiana	LT	Lithuania	PL	Poland	TR	Turkey
BT	Bhutan	PF	French Polynesia	LU	Luxembourg	PT	Portugal	TM	Turkmenistan
BO	Bolivia	TF	Fr. Southern Terr.	MO	Macao	PR	Puerto Rico	TC	Turks & Caicos
BA	Bosnia, Herzegovina	GA	Gabon	MK	Macedonia	QA	Qatar	TV	Tuvalu
BW	Botswana	GM	Gambia	MG	Madagascar	RE	Réunion	UG	Uganda
BV	Bouvet Island	GE	Georgia	MW	Malawi	RO	Romania	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	DE	Germany	MY	Malaysia	RU	Russian Federation	AE	United Arab Emir.
IO	Brit. Ind. Ocean Terr.	GH	Ghana	MV	Maldives	RW	Rwanda	GB	United Kingdom
BN	Brunei Darussalam	GI	Gibraltar	ML	Mali	BL	St. Barthélemy	US	United States
BG	Bulgaria	GR	Greece	MT	Malta	SH	St. Helena	UM	U.S. Minor Out. Isl.
BF	Burkina Faso	GL	Greenland	MH	Marshall Islands	KN	St. Kitts & Nevis	UY	Uruguay
BI	Burundi	GD	Grenada	MQ	Martinique	LC	St. Lucia	UZ	Uzbekistan
KH	Cambodia	GP	Guadeloupe	MR	Mauritania	MF	St. Martin	VU	Vanuatu
CM	Cameroon	GU	Guam	MU	Mauritius	PM	St. Pierre & Miquelon	VE	Venezuela
CA	Canada	GT	Guatemala	YT	Mayotte	VC	St. Vincent, Grenad.	VN	Vietnam
CV	Cape Verde	GG	Guernsey	MX	Mexico	WS	Samoa	VG	Virgin Islands, British
KY	Cayman Islands	GN	Guinea	FM	Micronesia	SM	San Marino	VI	Virgin Islands, U.S.
CF	Cent. African Repub.	GW	Guinea-Bissau	MD	Moldova	ST	Sao Tome & Principe	WF	Wallis & Futuna
TD	Chad	GY	Guyana	MC	Monaco	SA	Saudi Arabia	EH	Western Sahara
CL	Chile	HT	Haiti	MN	Mongolia	SN	Senegal	YE	Yemen
CN	China	HM	Heard, McDonald Isl.	ME	Montenegro	RS	Serbia	ZM	Zambia
CX	Christmas Island	VA	Holy See (Vatican)	MS	Montserrat	SC	Seychelles	ZW	Zimbabwe
CC	Cocos Islands	HN	Honduras	MA	Morocco	SL	Sierra Leone		
CO	Colombia	HK	Hong Kong	MZ	Mozambique	SG	Singapore		XX Countries-Other
KM	Comoros	HU	Hungary	MM	Myanmar	SK	Slovakia		
CG	Congo	IS	Iceland	NA	Namibia	SI	Slovenia		