

No Staples

For calendar year 2022 or tax year beginning MMDD2022 and ending MMDDYYYY

Mark if applicable. <input type="checkbox"/> Initial Return <input type="checkbox"/> Final Return <input type="checkbox"/> Amended	Name	Social Security Number
	Address	<input type="checkbox"/> OR Federal Employer Identification Number
	City State ZIP Code + 4	<input type="checkbox"/> Mark this box if this FEIN or SSN is the same as the owner's FEIN or SSN.

- 1 Enter any assumed business name under which the entity does business in Montana
- 2 Domestic entities: the date the entity was incorporated or formed in Montana
- 3 Foreign entities: the date the entity obtained a certificate of authority from the Montana Secretary of State
- 4 Montana Secretary of State ID Number
- 5 State or country where the entity was incorporated or formed
- 6 Disregarded Entity Type (Mark appropriate entity type. See instructions for the correct box to mark.)

A SMLLC

Mark only one SMLLC owner type.

Nonresident or Part-year Resident Individual

(You are not required to file the Montana Form DER-1 if the SMLLC is owned by an individual who has been a full-year Montana resident during the applicable reporting period.)

Estate

Electing IRC § 761 Partnership

Non-Grantor Trust

Any other single-member not described above

B Entity type other than SMLLC

IRC § 761 Partnership. Enter date of election MMDDYYYY

Other (include description)



22ED0101

SSN

OR FEIN

Schedule I - Disregarded Entity Owner Information

Enter the total number of owners

For each nonresident individual, estate, or trust complete ONLY one of these two columns: E or F. Refer to the instructions for Schedule I.

Use Worksheet DE to determine your Montana source income. Include a complete copy with your return.

	A	B	C	D	E	F
	Name Street Address City State ZIP Code	Identification Number (SSN or FEIN)	Ownership %	Montana Source Income	Montana Income Tax Withheld (Multiply column D by 6.75% and enter result.)	PT-AGR (Year)
1	<input type="text"/>	SSN <input type="text"/> FEIN <input type="text"/>				
	<input type="text"/>			00	00	
2	<input type="text"/>	SSN <input type="text"/> FEIN <input type="text"/>				
	<input type="text"/>			00	00	
			Totals	00	00	



22ED0301

Worksheet DE

Complete Worksheet DE if the disregarded entity does business within and outside Montana. Include the worksheet with your return.

Disregarded Entity Name

Disregarded Entity FEIN

		Everywhere		Montana	
Business Income	1a Gross income	1a	00		
	1b Returns and allowances	1b	00		
	1c Balance. Subtract line 1b from line 1a.	1c	00		
	1d Cost of goods sold (Provide statement)	1d	00		
	1e Gross profit. Subtract line 1d from line 1c.	1e	00		
	1f Other income including gains (Provide statement)	1f	00		
	1g Add lines 1e and 1f. This is your total income.	1g	00		
Deductions	1h Wages	1h	00		
	1i Rent	1i	00		
	1j Other deductions (Provide statement)	1j	00		
	1k Add lines 1h through 1j. This is your total deductions.	1k	00		
	1 Subtract line 1k from line 1g. This is your total income from trade or business.	1	00	1	00
Other Income	2 Net rental real estate income (loss)	2	00	2	00
	3 Other net rental income (loss)	3	00	3	00
	4 Guaranteed payments (partnerships only)	4	00	4	00
	5 Interest income	5	00	5	00
	6 Ordinary dividends	6	00	6	00
	7 Royalties	7	00	7	00
	8 Net short-term capital gain (loss) (include federal Schedule D)	8	00	8	00
	9 Net long-term capital gain (loss) (include federal Schedule D)	9	00	9	00
	10 Net section 1231 gain (loss) (include federal Form 4797)	10	00	10	00
	11 Other income (loss) (include detailed statement)	11	00	11	00
	12 Section 179 deduction (include federal Form 4562)	12	00	12	00
	13 Other deductions (include detailed statement)	13	00	13	00
	14 Add lines 1 through 11, then subtract lines 12 and 13	14	00	14	00
	Adj.	15 Montana additions to income	15	00	15
16 Montana subtractions from income		16	00	16	00
Total	17 Add lines 14 and 15, then subtract line 16. Mark this box if some income is apportionable. <input type="checkbox"/>	17	00	17	00
Apportionment Factor	1a Everywhere property	1a	00		
	1b Montana property			1b	00
	1 Divide line 1b by line 1a. This is your property factor.	1			%
	2a Everywhere payroll	2a	00		
	2b Montana payroll			2b	00
	2 Divide line 2b by line 2a. This is your payroll factor.	2			%
	3a Everywhere receipts	3a	00		
	3b Montana receipts			3b	00
	3 Divide line 3b by line 3a. This is your receipts factor.	3			%
	4 Enter the amount reported on line 3.	4			%
	5 Add the percentages from lines 1, 2, 3, and 4. This is the sum of your factors.	5			%
6 Divide the total percentage from line 5 by the number of factors that can be included in the calculation. If a property, payroll, or receipts factor is 0%, it is included in the calculation for line 6 if there is a value in the "Everywhere" column. This is your Apportionment factor.	6			%	

Form DER-1 General Information

What is a disregarded entity?

A disregarded entity is a business entity that is disregarded as a separate entity from its business owner for federal tax purposes. If an entity is disregarded as a separate entity for federal income tax purposes, it is also disregarded as a separate entity for Montana income tax purposes.

Who is required to file Form DER-1?

Single-member limited liability company: An SMLLC treated as a disregarded entity, whether formed in Montana or in another state or country, is required to file Form DER-1, Montana Disregarded Entity Information Return, each year the entity does business in Montana or has Montana source income.

Exceptions: Form DER-1 is not required if the disregarded entity is an SMLLC whose sole member is an individual, estate, or trust who has been a full-time Montana resident during the applicable reporting period. Form DER-1 is not required if the disregarded entity must report its Montana source income on Form PTE or Form CIT.

IRC § 761 electing partnership: A § 761 electing partnership is required to file Form DER-1 each year the entity does business in Montana or has Montana source income.

What is Montana Source Income?

In general, Montana source income is the separately and non-separately stated income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit, or items of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit derived from a trade, business, occupation or profession carried on in Montana or that was derived from the sale or other transfer, or the rental, lease, or other commercial exploitation of property located in Montana.

What is the due date of Form DER-1?

Form DER-1 is due on or before the 15th day of the fourth month following the close of the owner's annual accounting period.

Note: If the due date falls on a holiday that defers a filing date as recognized by the IRS, the return may be filed on the first business day after the holiday.

Where is the form filed?

File Form DER-1 free through our TransAction Portal (TAP) at <https://tap.dor.mt.gov>. For more information, visit [MTRevenue.gov](https://mtrevenue.gov). Note: As a first time filer, you will need to register for a new account in TAP to file Form DER-1.

Or mail the Form DER-1 to:

Montana Department of Revenue
P.O. Box 8021
Helena, MT 59604-8021

Extension of Time to File

An automatic extension of six months applies for filing your return. The extended due date is the same as the owner's federal extended due date. The disregarded entity is allowed an automatic extension to file its information return of up to six months if the owner is not required to file a federal information return.

Is pass-through withholding required?

Yes, a disregarded entity must pay pass-through withholding on behalf of its owner if the owner has more than \$1,000 of Montana source income. The pass-through withholding is a credit that the owner can claim against their tax liability.

Withholding is not required if the owner has a valid Form PT-AGR (Montana Pass-Through Entity Owner Tax Agreement). The Form PT-AGR is completed by a nonresident individual, nonresident estate, or nonresident trust that agrees to timely file a Montana tax return, pay all taxes and be subject to the personal jurisdiction of Montana. A new Form PT-AGR is not required to be filed each year. The Form PT-AGR must be filed by the due date of the disregarded entity's return. The Form PT-AGR is filed separately; it is not attached to the Form DER-1. A disregarded entity needs to retain the agreements as part of its tax records.

The entity is unable to obtain a signed Form PT-AGR from the owner of the disregarded entity. What does it have to do?

If the entity is unable to obtain a signed Form PT-AGR, the entity must remit an amount based on the owner's share of Montana source income reported on Schedule I, Column D. If the owner is a nonresident individual, nonresident estate, or nonresident trust or a second-tier disregarded entity, multiply the owner's Montana source income by 6.75% to determine the amount of the remittance.

What happens if the disregarded entity Form DER-1 is late?

The entity is charged a late filing penalty if Form DER-1 is filed after the due date, including the automatic extension, unless the entity can show reasonable cause for not filing on time. For a disregarded entity that does not have a tax year, the penalty is based on the number of owners on December 31 of the preceding year. This penalty is calculated for up to five months.

Form DER-1 Instructions

Name and Address. Enter the entity's true name (as set forth in the charter or other legal document creating it) and mailing address.

FEIN or SSN. Enter the FEIN (Federal Employer Identification Number) or SSN (Social Security Number) of the disregarded entity. If the FEIN or SSN is the same as the owner's FEIN or SSN reported on Schedule I, mark the box.

Lines 1 through 5. Complete lines 1 through 5 as they relate to the disregarded entity and not the owner of the disregarded entity.

Lines 2 and 3. Complete either line 2 or 3. If the disregarded entity was incorporated or formed in Montana (a domestic entity), complete line 2. If the disregarded entity was incorporated or formed in a jurisdiction other than Montana (a foreign entity) complete line 3.

Line 4. Enter the Montana Secretary of State Identification Number.

Line 6. Disregarded Entity Type. First determine if the disregarded entity is a single-member limited liability company (mark box 6A) OR another entity type (mark box 6B).

6A Single-member Limited Liability Company (SMLLC). If you marked the box indicating the disregarded entity is an SMLLC, mark the appropriate box corresponding with the type of owner listed. For example, if the owner of the SMLLC is a trust, line 6A would show one mark in box A and another mark in the trust box.

6B Entity type other than SMLLC. If you marked the box indicating that you are an IRC § 761 partnership, enter the date of your federal election.

Line 7–Total Income Tax Withholding. Enter the total from Schedule I, column E. This is the total amount withheld on behalf of the owner.

Line 8a–Total Montana Mineral Royalty Tax Withheld. Enter the total amount of mineral royalty tax the disregarded entity paid and/or the total amount of Montana mineral royalty tax withheld on behalf of the disregarded entity by a lower-tier pass-through entity. These amounts will be reported on federal Forms 1099 and Montana Schedules K-1. Attach a copy of the Forms 1099 and Montana Schedules K-1 you received that report amounts withheld on your behalf.

Royalty payments made to owners of Montana mineral rights are subject to withholding if certain thresholds are met. This withholding is different than the amounts deducted from the disregarded entity's royalty payments for production taxes.

Line 8b–Mineral Royalty Tax Withheld Distributed to Owner. Enter the amount of mineral royalty tax withheld reported on line 8a that is distributed to the owner.

Line 8c–Montana Mineral Royalty Tax Withheld Attributable to Disregarded Entity. Subtract line 8b from line 8a. This is the amount of Montana mineral royalty tax withheld that is attributable to the disregarded entity.

Line 9a–Total Montana Pass-Through Withholding from Montana Schedules K-1. If the disregarded entity had an ownership interest in a pass-through entity that had Montana source income and the pass-through entity paid Montana income tax on behalf of the disregarded entity, enter the amount here. This amount is reported to the disregarded entity on a Montana Schedule K-1. Attach a copy of the Montana Schedules K-1 you received that report amounts withheld on your behalf.

Line 9b–Montana Pass-Through Withholding Distributed to Royalty Owner. Enter the amount of Montana pass-through withholding reported on line 9a that is distributed to the owner.

Line 9c–Montana Pass-Through Withholding Attributable to Disregarded Entity. Subtract line 9b from line 9a. This is the amount of Montana pass-through withholding that is attributable to the disregarded entity.

Line 10a–2022 Estimated Tax Payments. Enter the total Montana estimated tax payments that the disregarded entity made for 2022.

Line 10b–2022 Extension Payment. Enter any extension payment for 2022 made on or before the original due date of the disregarded entity's return.

Line 10c–For Amended Tax Returns Only–Payments Made with Original Return. Enter any payments the disregarded entity made when it filed its original tax return and any subsequent payments that were applied to the disregarded entity's 2022 tax liability.

Line 10d–For Amended Tax Returns Only–Previously Issued Refunds. Enter the amount of any refund the disregarded entity received when it filed its original tax return or a previously amended tax return.

Line 13–Late Filing Penalty. A late filing penalty is charged if Form DER-1 is filed after the due date, including the automatic extension. The penalty is \$10 multiplied by the number of months or fractions of a month that the entity does not file the disregarded entity information return.

This penalty is calculated for up to five months. For example, if a disregarded entity files the Form DER-1 six months after its due date, the late filing penalty would be \$50 (\$10 x 5 months).

Note: A late filing penalty is not imposed if the owner is an individual or an estate of a deceased individual, and the owner filed the required tax returns or other required reports timely and paid all taxes when due.

Line 14–Late Payment Penalty. The late payment penalty is equal to 0.5% per month, calculated daily, on the unpaid amount from the original due date of the return until it is paid. The daily rate is 0.0164%. Your late payment penalty will never exceed 12% (24 months x 0.5%) of the unpaid tax.

Late payment penalty is automatically waived if you pay all the tax and interest with your return, or within 30 days of the first notice from the department.

If the disregarded entity files an amended tax return that reflects an increased tax liability, it may have the late payment penalty waived. To receive the waiver, mark the "Amended Return" box on Form DER-1 and pay the tax and applicable interest in full when the disregarded entity files the amended return. By marking this box and paying all tax and interest, the disregarded entity is treated as having requested a waiver of the late payment penalty.

Line 15–Interest. Compute interest on any tax liability (line 7) that has not been paid by the due date of the tax return and enter the total on this line.

If 100% of the tax liability is not paid by the original due date, interest is due at a rate of 5% per year, computed daily on the unpaid balance.

To calculate the interest, multiply line 7 by 0.01370% (0.0001370) times the number of days after the original due date.

Line 18–Amount You Owe. If the amount on line 17 is greater than zero, enter it on this line. This is the amount due with the disregarded entity's return. The disregarded entity can pay the amount it owes by e-check or credit/debit card (visit MTRevenue.gov for more information and instructions) or by money order, personal check, or cashier's check payable to the MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE.

Remember to use a voucher, sign the check, and write the disregarded entity's taxpayer identification number (either a SSN or FEIN) and "Tax Year 2022" on the memo line. A payment voucher is available online at MTRevenue.gov under Forms.

Line 19–Refund. If the amount on line 17 is less than zero, enter it on this line as a positive number. This is the amount the disregarded entity overpaid.

If you would like to use direct deposit, enter the financial institution's routing number (RTN#) and the account number (ACCT#) in the space provided. The routing number will be nine digits and the account number can be up to 17 characters, including numbers and letters. Mark whether the account is a checking or savings account and if the refund will go to a bank outside of the United States and its territories (Midway Islands, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, U.S. Virgin Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, and Guam). If the financial institution does not accept the direct deposit, we will mail you a refund check.

Schedule I Instructions

Include all owners on this form. The disregarded entity should have only one owner who owns 100% of the entity, except for a § 761 IRC partnership, or when spouses are considered a single taxpayer.

Column A–Name and Address of Owner. Enter the name and complete mailing address of each owner.

Column B–Identification Number. If the owner is an individual or an individual filing federal Schedule C, enter the individual's SSN.

If the owner is any other entity type listed on page 1, line 6A, enter the FEIN.

Column C–Percentage of Ownership. Enter each owner's percentage of ownership in the disregarded entity that is used to calculate the owner's share of income (loss). Generally, this is 100% unless the disregarded entity is an IRC § 761 partnership.

Column D–Montana Source Income. Enter each owner's share of the disregarded entity's Montana source income (loss). Complete Worksheet DE to determine your Montana source income derived from your own activities. If the disregarded entity derives Montana source income from its own activities and receives Montana source income from another pass-through entity, the Montana source income received from the pass-through entity is nonapportionable.

Column F–PT-AGR. If the owner is a nonresident individual, nonresident estate, nonresident trust, the owner must provide Form PT-AGR to the disregarded entity if the pass-through entity does not pay tax on behalf of the owner for the owner's share of Montana source income. If the disregarded entity is filing the agreement to the department this year, enter "2022."

Worksheet DE Instructions

Complete this worksheet when the disregarded entity must calculate Montana source income from its own activities. Montana source income flowing through the disregarded entity is included in this determination as nonapportionable income. To determine Montana source income, complete the Everywhere column first. If the income reported on line 17 includes apportionable income, then check the box and calculate the apportionment factor. Use the apportionment factor to calculate your Montana source income. If line 17 includes nonapportionable income, report it on the applicable line in the Montana column.

Everywhere Column

Report the disregarded entity's items of income (loss) and deductions on the Everywhere column. Report Montana adjustments to everywhere income on lines 15 and 16. If the disregarded entity has apportionable income (loss), complete the apportionment factor section at the bottom of the Everywhere column.

Montana Column

On each line, enter the sum of income (loss), deductions, and adjustments apportioned and allocated to Montana. Income apportioned to Montana is the product of any apportionable income from the Everywhere column by the apportionment factor.

Line 17. Report the amount of Montana source income on Schedule I.

Questions? Please call us at (406) 444-6900, or Montana Relay at 711 for the hearing impaired