

Massachusetts Department of Revenue

Schedule FAF

Farming and Fisheries Credit

2022

Name as shown on Massachusetts tax return		Social Securi	ocial Security number(s)	
Address (do not enter PO box)	City/Town	State	Zip	
Type of business. (Fill in one oval only. Complete a separate sch	nedule for each type of business.)			
O Agricultural/farming O Commercial fishing				
If lessor or lessee, fill in applicable oval, skip Part 1 and comple	te Part 2. (If lessor, see instructions.)			
O Lessor O Lessee				
Description of property, or address if real property				
Part 1. Calculation of current year F	arming and Fisheries Credit			
1 Amount of qualifying property acquired, constructed	ed or erected during 2022 (see instructions) .	1		
2 Farming and fisheries credit available for 2022. Mul	tiply line 1 by 0.03 (3%). Note: Be sure to comp	plete Part 3 2		
Part 2. Calculation of current year F	arming and Fisheries Credit for	or lessor or lessee	I.	
1 Adjusted basis of qualifying property acquired, con	nstructed or erected during 2022 (see instructi	ions) 1		
2 Multiply line 1 by 0.03 (3%)		2		
3 Number of days in the tax year during which the le	essee leases the qualifying property			
4 Number of days in the useful life of property				
5 Divide line 3 by line 4. Be sure to carry out division	n to six places			
6 Farming and fisheries credit available for 2022. Mu	ultiply line 2 by line 5. Note: Be sure to comple	ete Part 3 6		
Part 3. Computation of Farming and	l Fisheries Credit allowable on	return		
1 Total farming and fisheries credit available for this	year. Add Part 1, line 2 and Part 2, line 6	1		
2 Unused credit from prior years (from 2021 Schedul	e FAF, line 7, col. c; see instructions)	2		
3 Massachusetts farming and fisheries credit availab	ole this year. Add lines 1 and 2			
4 Total tax from return (from Form 1, line 28; Form 1 credit for taxes due to other jurisdictions, and/or ce				
5 Massachusetts farming and fisheries credit allowa Note: You must enclose Schedule FAF with your r	eturn. Failure to do so will result in this credit b	being disallowed on your		
tax return and an adjustment to your reported tax				

Unused Massachusetts Farming and Fisheries Credit carryover

6 Complete only if Part 3, line 3 is more than Part 3, line 5, or if you have unused credits from prior years.

				c. Unused credit available Subtract col. b from col. a	
	Year	a. Unused credits from prior years and current year credit	b. Portion used this year	Amount	For
	2020 2021 2022	(2021 Sch. FAF, line 6, col. c) (2021 Sch. FAF, line 6, col. c) (2022 Sch. FAF, Part 3, line 1)			2023 2023-2024 2023–2025
7	Totals				

General Information

What is the farming and fisheries credit?

The farming and fisheries credit is similar to the investment credit available to manufacturing, R&D corporations and corporations primarily engaged in agriculture or commercial fishing. The new credit applies to personal income taxpayers who are primarily engaged in agriculture, farming or commercial fishing. The amount of the credit is 3% of the cost or other basis for federal income tax purposes of qualifying property acquired, constructed or erected during the tax year. This credit is effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015.

What is qualifying property?

Qualifying property is defined as tangible personal property and other tangible property including buildings and structural components thereof which are located in Massachusetts, used solely in farming, agriculture or fishing, and are depreciable with a useful life of at least four years.

What if I am a lessor or lessee?

The law allows the same credit to lessees calculated as follows: 3% of a lessor's adjusted basis in qualifying property for federal income tax purposes at the beginning of the lease term, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days of the tax year during which the lessee leases the qualifying property and the denominator of which is the number of days in the useful life of the property. Where the lessee is eligible for the credit, the lessor is generally not eligible, with the exception of "equine-based businesses where care and boarding of horses is a function of the agricultural activity."

Is there a recapture provision?

If the property on which a credit is taken is disposed of or ceases to be in qualified use prior to the end of its useful life, the difference between the credit taken and allowed for actual use must be added back as additional taxes due in the year of disposition, unless the property has been in qualified use for more than 12 years.

What if my farming and fisheries creditis larger than my tax liability?

If your farming and fisheries credit is greater than the amount you owe in personal income tax for the year, the balance of unused credit may be carried over into the next tax year. You may carry over an unused portion of the original credit, as reduced from year to year, for up to three subsequent tax years.