
21．Multiply line 17 by $10 \%$ ..... 21.
22．Tax on amount from line 21 （use the Tax Computation Schedule below） ..... 22.
23．Multiply line 22 by 10 ． ..... 23.
24．Subtract line 23 from line 20 （multiple recipients，see federal instructions） ..... 24.25.
25．Tax on lump－sum distribution（add line 2 and line 24）．Enter this amount on SC1040，line 7 or SC1041，line 9
$\qquad$

## INSTRUCTIONS

South Carolina＇s provisions for lump－sum distributions are the same as the federal provisions．If you used the federal 4972 for a lump－sum distribution，you must use the SC4972 to compute the South Carolina tax．

## Line 4：Retirement deduction

An individual under the age of 65 may deduct up to $\$ 3,000$ of qualified retirement income．An individual age 65 or older may deduct up to $\$ 10,000$ of qualified retirement income．
A surviving spouse receiving qualified retirement income from a deceased spouse may deduct up to $\$ 3,000$ or $\$ 10,000$ ， whichever would apply if the deceased spouse were alive．The surviving spouse retirement deduction is in addition to the individual＇s retirement deduction from their own plan．
The retirement deduction can be claimed on this form to the extent it is not claimed on the SC1040 or the Schedule NR． If an age 65 and older deduction has been claimed on the SC1040 or the Schedule NR，do not include any individual retirement deduction on line 4.

## Line 5：Age 65 and older deduction

Beginning in the tax year that a resident individual reaches age 65 ，a deduction of $\$ 15,000$ can be claimed against any South Carolina income．This deduction is reduced by the amount of any individual retirement deduction．The age 65 and older deduction is not reduced by any surviving spouse retirement deduction．
The age 65 and older deduction can be claimed on line 5 to the extent it is not claimed on the SC1040 or the Schedule NR．
For additional information on the retirement deduction and age 65 and older deduction，see the SC1040 instructions，available at dor．sc．gov／forms．

## 2021 Tax Computation Schedule for Line 19 and Line 22

If the amount on line 18 or line 21 is：

| At <br> least | But less <br> than | Compute the tax as follows： |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |$|$| $\$ 0$ | $\$ 3,110$ | $3 \%$ times the amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3,110 | 6,220 | $4 \%$ times the amount minus $\$ 93$ |
| 6,220 | 9,330 | $5 \%$ times the amount minus $\$ 156$ |
| 9,330 | 12,440 | 249 |
| 12,440 | 15,560 | $6 \%$ times the amount minus $\$ 373$ |
| 15,560 | or more | $7 \%$ times the amount minus $\$ 529$ |

## Social Security Privacy Act Disclosure

It is mandatory that you provide your Social Security Number on this tax form if you are an individual taxpayer． 42 U．S．C．405（c）（2）（C）（i） permits a state to use an individual＇s Social Security Number as means of identification in administration of any tax．SC Regulation 117－201 mandates that any person required to make a return to the SCDOR must provide identifying numbers，as prescribed，for securing proper identification．Your Social Security Number is used for identification purposes．

