

**FORM  
IT-41**

State Form 11458  
(R16 / 8-20)

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE  
**FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURN**

Check box ☐ if amended For the calendar year  or fiscal year beginning  and ending

Name of Estate or Trust

Address

Name and Title of Fiduciary

City

State

ZIP Code

2-Digit County Code

Federal Employer Identification Number

Foreign Country 2-Character Code

Please round entries

1. Taxable income of fiduciary from federal Form 1041		1	<input type="text"/>	.00
2. Indiana additions or add-backs, see line 2 instructions		2	<input type="text"/>	.00
3. IRC Section 965 Income		3	<input type="text"/>	.00
4. Net operating loss deduction from federal return		4	<input type="text"/>	.00
5. Add lines 1 through 4	<b>Total Income</b>	5	<input type="text"/>	.00
6. Interest on U.S. Government Obligations reported on federal return		6	<input type="text"/>	.00
7. Non-Indiana fiduciary income		7	<input type="text"/>	.00
8. Indiana portion of net operating loss deduction (enclose Schedule IT-40NOL, see instructions)		8	<input type="text"/>	.00
9. Line 5 minus lines 6 through 8	<b>State Taxable Income</b>	9	<input type="text"/>	.00
10. State Adjusted Gross Income Tax: multiple line 9 by .0323		10	<input type="text"/>	.00
11. Additional Tax, see line 11 instructions		11	<input type="text"/>	.00
12. Add lines 10 and 11	<b>Total Tax</b>	12	<input type="text"/>	.00
13. Fiduciary estimated tax paid		13	<input type="text"/>	.00
14. Other Credits (You MUST enclose verification), see line 14 instructions		14	<input type="text"/>	.00
15. Add lines 13 and 14	<b>Total Credits</b>	15	<input type="text"/>	.00
16. If line 12 is greater than line 15, enter the difference	<b>Balance Due</b>	16	<input type="text"/>	.00
17. Penalty, see line 17 instructions		17	<input type="text"/>	.00
18. Interest, see line 18 instructions		18	<input type="text"/>	.00
19. <b>Total Amount Due</b> (Add lines 16 through 18)	<b>Payment Due</b>	19	<input type="text"/>	.00
20. <b>Refund Due</b> (If line 15 is greater than line 12, enter the difference)	<b>Refund</b>	20	<input type="text"/>	.00



24220111694

Name of Estate or Trust

Federal Employer Identification Number

**Check Applicable Boxes**

First Return

☐

Final Return

☐

Fiduciary Name Change

☐

Address Change

☐

Retirement Plan

☐

Estate

☐

Simple Trust

☐

Complex Trust

☐

Bankruptcy Estate

☐

ESBT Trust

☐

Grantor Trust

☐

Other (Please Specify)

**Additional Information** - Please answer the following questions or provide the requested information

1. Is there a nonresident beneficiary? **Yes** ☐ **No** ☐ 2. How many Schedule IN K-1s are enclosed with this return?

3. If this is an estate return, enter the date of the decedent's death and Social Security number

Decedent's date of death

Decedent's Social Security Number

4. If this is a trust return, enter date the entity was created

5. Was a final individual return filed for decedent? **Yes** ☐ **No** ☐

6. If this is a grantor trust return, enter the grantor's Social Security number

**I authorize the department to discuss my return with my personal representative.**

**Yes** ☐ **No** ☐ **If yes, complete the information below.**

**Personal Representative's Name** (please print)

Email

Address

Address

City

State

ZIP Code

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, including accompanying schedules and statements, and to the best of my knowledge and belief it is true, correct, and complete. If prepared by a person other than the taxpayer, this declaration is based upon all information of which the preparer has any knowledge.

Signature of Fiduciary or Officer

Telephone Number

Date

Signature of Preparer

Telephone Number

Date

Preparer's Address

Preparer's Identification Number

City

State

ZIP Code

**Mail completed return with payment to:**

Indiana  
Department of Revenue  
Fiduciary Section  
P.O. Box 6192  
Indianapolis, IN 46206-6192

**Mail all other returns to:**

Indiana  
Department of Revenue  
Fiduciary Section  
P.O. Box 6079  
Indianapolis, IN 46206-6079



24220121694

# IT-41 Fiduciary Income Tax Return Instructions

## Introduction

A **fiduciary** is defined by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as any person in a position of confidence acting on behalf of any other person. A fiduciary assumes the powers, rights, duties, and privileges of the person or entity on whose behalf they are acting.

According to Indiana Code (IC) 6-3-1-7, “Fiduciary” means any guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, conservator, or any person, whether individual or corporate, acting in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, guardian, or estate.

This tax return is used by the fiduciary representative to report the income, deductions, gains, losses, etc. of the estate or trust; the income that is either accumulated or held for distribution to beneficiaries; or the income tax liability of the estate or trust. This form is also used for private foundations and retirement plans that are taxed as trusts by the IRS.

Examples of fiduciaries include administrators, conservators, designees, executors, guardians, receivers, trustees of a trust, trustees in bankruptcy, personal representatives, persons in possession of property of a decedent’s estate, and debtors-in-possession of assets in any bankruptcy proceeding by order of the court.

A decedent’s estate or a trust (except for a grantor type trust) is a separate legal entity for federal and state tax purposes. A **decedent’s estate** comes into existence at the time of the death of an individual. A **trust** may be created during an individual’s life (inter vivos) or at the time of the individual’s death under a will (testamentary). If the trust instrument contains certain provisions, the person creating the trust (the grantor) is treated as the owner of the trust’s assets.

For purposes of filing the Indiana Fiduciary Income Tax Return, estates and trusts are classified as either resident or nonresident. For estates, residence is based on the decedent’s residence at the time of death. For Indiana, the trust residence is determined by the place where it is administered. Therefore, you must determine where the trustee or personal representative is located and where the records are kept for the trust.

**Resident estates or trusts** are taxable on all gross income of \$600 or more from all sources regardless of where the income is earned.

**Nonresident estates and trusts** are taxable in Indiana on all gross income of \$600 or more derived from Indiana sources. Income derived from sources within and without Indiana shall be determined under IC 6-3-2-2 (see “Nonresidents”). Nonresident estates and trusts may adjust federal taxable income (or loss) reported on line 1 to reflect taxable income allocable to Indiana.

A decedent’s estate or trust figures its gross income in much the same manner as an individual does. Many deductions and credits that are allowed for individuals are also allowed for estates and trusts. An estate or a trust may be allowed an income distribution deduction for distributions to **beneficiaries** (heirs). This deduction is calculated at the federal level and determines the amount of any distributions taxed to the beneficiaries. For this reason, an estate or a trust is sometimes referred to as a *pass-through* entity. Most estates and trusts file Form 1041 at the federal level and file Form IT-41 at the Indiana level.

Many of the necessary determinations are done at the federal level by the IRS. Therefore, you must complete federal Form 1041, U.S. Income Tax Return for Estates and Trusts, before you begin filling out Indiana’s Form IT-41. If you need to contact the IRS, you can access its website at [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov) to download forms and instructions. You can also order federal forms and publications by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM ((800) 829-3676).

According to IC 6-3-4-1 and for taxable years beginning after Dec. 31, 2012, every resident estate or trust having gross income or nonresident estate or trust having any gross income from sources within the state of Indiana exceeding the amount provided in Section 6012(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC)(currently \$600) for the taxable year must file a return.

Form IT-41 must be filed by the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the fourth month following the close of the taxable year. For retirement plans filing Federal Form 990-T and for private foundations filing Federal Form 990-PF, the return must be filed by the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the fifth month following the close of the taxable year.

If an extension of time to file is needed, the fiduciary may request an extension of time to file. If a federal extension has been granted, simply attach a copy of the federal extension form to Form IT-41 when you file the return. **Indiana allows the same amount of time granted by the IRS, plus 30 days.**

Effective Jan. 1, 2015, IC 6-3-4-12 now provides that all nonresident beneficiaries must be included in a composite return schedule, and the fiduciary for the trust or estate must continue to withhold Indiana adjusted gross income tax for all nonresident beneficiaries. Each nonresident beneficiary's composite tax is calculated on the Schedule Composite/Schedule Composite-COR and reported on the Form IT-41. The department has streamlined the process for making withholding payments. There is no need to open a withholding account and file the WH1, WH3, and WH18 forms. Instead, all withholding payments will be remitted with Form IT-41ES, Fiduciary Payment Voucher. The credit will be reflected on the Schedule IN K-1 for each beneficiary.

For further information, consult Income Tax Information Bulletins #1 and #72 at [www.in.gov/dor/legal-resources/tax-library/information-bulletins/income-tax-information-bulletins/](http://www.in.gov/dor/legal-resources/tax-library/information-bulletins/income-tax-information-bulletins/).

### **Form IT-41 Line-by-Line Instructions**

#### **Amended Return**

Check the box if this is an amended return.

#### **Taxable Year**

The taxable year shall be the calendar or fiscal taxable year of the taxpayer as shown on Form 1041, U.S. Income Tax Return for Estates and Trusts. If you are filing a calendar-year return, please enter the 4-digit tax year in the box (YYYY). If you are filing a fiscal-year return, please enter the beginning and ending period dates in the fiscal year boxes (MM/DD/YYYY).

#### **Name and Address**

Enter the name of the estate or trust, the name and title of the fiduciary representative, and the complete address (as they appear on the federal Form 1041).

If you are filing with an Indiana mailing address, please include the 2-digit Indiana county code. You may use the county income tax chart as directed on Form CT-40PNR to verify the county code. Indiana individual forms are available on the department's website at [www.in.gov/dor/tax-forms/2020-individual-income-tax-forms/](http://www.in.gov/dor/tax-forms/2020-individual-income-tax-forms/).

If you are using a foreign country mailing address, please include the foreign country's 2-character code.

#### **Federal Employer Identification Number**

Enter the federal employer identification number (FEIN) on Form IT-41. Every estate or trust that is required to file Form IT-41 must have an FEIN (sometimes called an employer identification number, or EIN) issued by the IRS.

If you have not applied for the number yet, the fastest way is to apply online at [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov). The FEIN (or EIN) will be issued **immediately**.

The IRS also allows you to apply by telephone (toll-free at (800) 829-4933 from 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. in the fiduciary's local time zone), by fax, and by mail.

#### **Rounding to the Nearest Whole Dollar**

When making your mathematical calculations on the return, please round your numbers to the nearest whole dollar. To do so, drop any cents less than 50 cents and increase amounts from 50 cents to 99 cents to the nearest whole dollar. For example: \$100.32 would be \$100, and \$100.65 would be \$101.

#### **Line 1 Taxable Income**

Enter the federal taxable income (after exemptions) from federal Form 1041 (line 23). If there is no federal taxable income to report because distributions were made to beneficiaries, enter zero. If your federal taxable income is a loss, please indicate that with a dash and not with brackets. A loss of \$100 would be shown as -100.

If you are filing Form 990-T, Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return, or Form 990-PF, Return of Private Foundation with the IRS, please begin with federal taxable income or unrelated business taxable income if applicable. Please include a copy of the federal return with Form IT-41 for reference.

If you are filing Form 5227, Split-Interest Trust Information Return, at the federal level, please file Form IT-41 as an informational type of return and include a copy of the federal return.

#### **Line 2, Indiana Additions or Add-backs**

Form IT-41 Indiana Fiduciary Return begins on line 1 with federal taxable income. Included in that income amount might be items that are taxed at the Indiana level (even though they aren't at the federal taxable level). Therefore, you might have to add back some income amounts on line 2 of Form IT-41 to arrive at the proper taxable amount of Indiana income. Current add-backs include the following:

**Bonus Depreciation Add-back**

Add back an amount attributable to bonus depreciation in excess of any regular depreciation that would be allowed if an election under IRC Section 168(k) had not been made as applied to property in the year that it was placed into service. Taxpayers who own property for which additional first-year special depreciation for qualified property was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year must add or subtract an amount necessary to make their federal taxable income equal to the amount computed without applying any bonus depreciation. This includes 50% bonus depreciation. The subsequent depreciation allowance is calculated on the state's stepped-up basis until the property is disposed. Enclose a statement explaining any adjustment. Income Tax Information Bulletin #118 at [www.in.gov/dor/files/reference/ib118.pdf](http://www.in.gov/dor/files/reference/ib118.pdf) explains this initial required modification on the allowance of depreciation for state tax purposes.

**Government or Civic Group Capital Contribution Deduction**

Subtract any amount included in federal taxable income that are capital contributions from a government or civic group and not excluded under IRC Section 118. This deduction is the amount reported to you on Schedule IN K-1 provided by an S corporation.

**Deferral of Business Indebtedness Discharge and Reacquisition Add-back**

Enter an amount equal to the amount claimed as a deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after Dec. 31, 2008, and before Jan. 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument (as provided in Section 108(i) of the IRC), for federal income tax purposes.

**OOS Municipal Obligation Interest Add-back**

Interest earned from a direct obligation of a state or political subdivision other than Indiana (out of state, or OOS) is taxable by Indiana if the obligation is acquired after Dec. 31, 2011. Interest earned from obligations held or acquired before Jan. 1, 2012, is not subject to Indiana income tax and should not be reported as an add-back.

For more information about this add-back, see Income Tax Information Bulletin 19 at [www.in.gov/dor/legal-resources/tax-library/information-bulletins/income-tax-information-bulletins/](http://www.in.gov/dor/legal-resources/tax-library/information-bulletins/income-tax-information-bulletins/).

**Section 179 Expense Excess Add-back**

Enter any IRC Section 179 adjustment claimed for federal tax purposes that exceeds the amount recognized for state tax purposes. Indiana adopted the former expensing limit provided by The Jobs Creation and Workers Assistance Act of 2002 and has since specified an expensing cap of \$25,000. This modification affects the basis of the property if a higher Section 179 limit was applied. Enclose a statement to explain your adjustment.

**Section 199A Deduction Add-Back**

Enter any amount deducted by the trust or estate for qualified business income under IRC Section 199A.

**U.S. Government Obligations Expenses Add-back**

Deductions allocable to tax-exempt income must be used only against tax-exempt income. Therefore, if interest in U.S. government obligations is excludable on the Indiana fiduciary return, expenses related to such tax-exempt income must be added back to taxable income for Indiana purposes.

**Line 3, IRC Section 965 income**

For a corporation that did not distribute all repatriated dividends (IRC section 965) received by it, list the amount on Line 1 of the IRC 965 Transition Tax Statement. If a portion of the dividends were distributed, list only the portion not distributed.

**Line 4, Net Operating Loss Deduction**

Add back the net operating loss deduction claimed on your federal return. The Indiana portion of the net operating loss deduction may be claimed on line 8. You must enclose a copy of the Federal Form 1045 and the Indiana Schedule IT-40NOL, Individual Income Tax Net Operating Loss Computation.

**Line 5, Total Income**

Add lines 1 through 4. Enter the amount here.

**Line 6, U.S. Government Obligations Interest**

Enter the amount of interest on U.S. government obligations that is nontaxable by Indiana only to the extent that such income was reported on line 1.

**Line 7, Non-Indiana Fiduciary Income**

Nonresident trusts or estates may enter the portion of federal fiduciary taxable income not apportioned or allocated to Indiana. A separate statement (or other state's tax return) must be enclosed indicating to which state the income is attributable.

**Line 8, Indiana Portion Of Net Operating Loss**

Enter the Indiana portion of net operating loss deduction and enclose Indiana Schedule IT-40NOL. Please review Form IT-40NOL and instructions before entering an amount on this line.

**Line 9, State Taxable Income**

Subtract lines 6, 7, and 8 from line 5. This is your Indiana taxable income.

**Line 10, State Adjusted Gross Income Tax**

Multiply the amount on line 9 by 3.23% (.0323). If the result is less than zero, leave blank.

**Line 11, Additional Tax**

- **Bankruptcy Estates**—Please enter the amount of tax due from the Indiana individual income tax return. Enclose a copy of Form IT-40 showing calculations.
- **Composite Filers**—Enter the total tax liability from Form IT-41 composite filing schedule for nonresident beneficiaries. Enclose the completed Schedule Composite/Schedule Composite-COR.
- **ESBTs**—Report the tax due on the Indiana portion of income from an electing small business trust (ESBT). You must enclose a statement showing the income and tax computation using the 3.23% (.0323) Indiana state tax rate.
- **Sales or Use Tax**—The purchase of all tangible personal property to be used by the fiduciary is subject to either the sales tax or the use tax. If the sales tax is not paid at the time of purchase, the buyer is liable for payment of the use tax at the rate of 7% (.07) of the total purchase price.

**Line 12, Total Tax**

Add lines 10 and 11. Enter the result here.

**Line 13, Fiduciary Estimated Tax Paid**

Enter the total amount of fiduciary estimated payments made during the taxable year by the fiduciary. These payments should have been made using the FEIN and Form IT-41ES, Fiduciary Payment Voucher. If you made an extension payment, include the amount of your extension payment combined with the amount of the estimated payments.

**There are no carryover provisions for estimated payments. Therefore, overpayments are not applied to the estimated account for the following year. Any overpayments will be refunded.**

**Line 14, Other Credits**

**Note:** Please remember to enclose verification for credits claimed. If the department disallows the credits due to insufficient information, you may receive a bill for additional tax on your tax return.

- **Withholding Credit** – If you are claiming withholding credits (paid into a withholding account or paid with the Form IT-41ES as a composite payment) and have Schedule IN K-1(s) showing the Indiana tax withheld, please include a copy of the Schedule IN K-1 for verification purposes.

If you have withholding credit from a 1099-R Form, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, Etc., enter the amount of Indiana state tax withheld on this line and enclose a copy of the 1099-R form.

- **Amended Return**—If you are filing an amended return and made a payment with your original return, include the amount of the original payment on this line. If you received a refund from your original return, you may enter the amount as a negative figure (using a dash, -\$1000) on this line to make the amended calculations accurate.
- **Other Credits**—Many credits are available at the fiduciary level, similar to credits available to an individual. The main thing to remember when entering an amount as Other Credits is to enclose the required verification with Form IT-41. The credits are subject to the limitations detailed in Information Bulletin 59 available at [www.in.gov/dor/reference/files/ib59.pdf](http://www.in.gov/dor/reference/files/ib59.pdf).

**Line 15, Total Credits**

Add lines 13 and 14. Enter the result here.

**Line 16, Balance Of Tax Due**

Subtract line 15 from line 12. Enter the result here.

**Line 17, Penalty**

If you are filing this return after the original due date and/or you have a balance of tax due, you probably owe a penalty. If you owe a penalty, enter the penalty amount on line 17.



- **Late Filing Penalty**—If the return is filed after the due date and has **no tax liability** on line 16, the penalty for failure to file by the due date is \$10 per day that the return is past due, up to a maximum of \$250.
- **Late Payment Penalty**—If the return has an **amount due** on line 16 and is filed after the original due date, the penalty is 10% (.10) of the balance of tax due on line 16 or \$5, whichever is greater.

**Note:** An extension of time to file does not extend the time to pay any tax due. Tax due must be paid by the original due date. Interest and penalty are calculated on late payments from the due date of the payment.

The penalty for paying late is not due if **all 3** of the following conditions are met:

1. A valid extension of time to file exists;
2. At least 90% of the tax liability was paid by the original due date; and
3. The remaining tax is paid by the extended due date.

#### Line 18, Interest

If a return is filed and payment is made after the original due date, interest must be included with the payment. Interest is calculated from the original due date until the date the payment is made. Interest rates are listed in Departmental Notice #3 available at [www.in.gov/dor/legal-resources/tax-library/departamental-notices/](http://www.in.gov/dor/legal-resources/tax-library/departamental-notices/) or you can contact the department to get the current interest rate or calculation.

#### Line 19, Total Amount Due

Add lines 16, 17, and 18. Enter the result here. This is the amount of total tax owed to the department. Please make your check or money order payable to “Indiana Department of Revenue” and send your payment with your return.

If you are unable to mail your payment when you file the return, you may receive a bill that includes additional interest and/or penalties due on the return.

**Note:** If you owe with your return, please send your check or money order in the same envelope with Form IT-41 tax return for more efficient processing. Please do not staple your check to Form IT-41 or attach it in any way. If you are sending several returns in the same envelope, please send a separate check for each return that has an amount due.

#### Line 20, Refund Due

If line 15 is greater than line 12, enter the difference. This is the amount of overpayment and the amount that will be refunded in the name of the trust or estate.

#### Check Applicable Boxes

- **First Return**—Check this box if this is the first return filed in Indiana for the trust or estate.
- **Final Return**—Check this box if this is the last return to be filed in Indiana for the trust or estate.
- **Fiduciary Name Change**—Check this box if there has been a change or correction to the fiduciary representative.
- **Address Change**—Check this box if there has been a change of address for the trust or estate.

#### Check Applicable Boxes

The IRS makes the determination at the federal level as to which type of entity applies to your specific situation. Please check the box that agrees with the entity indicated on the federal form you completed for the trust or estate. If none of these apply to your situation, please indicate “Other” and specify which type of entity is involved:

- Retirement plan
- Estate
- Simple trust
- Complex trust
- Bankruptcy estate
- ESBT trust
- Grantor trust
- Other (please specify)

#### Questions

1. **Is there a nonresident beneficiary?**  
Indicate “Yes” or “No” by checking the box.
2. **How many Schedule IN K-1s are enclosed with this return?**  
Enter the number of Schedule IN K-1 forms enclosed with the return. If there are none, leave the box blank.
3. **If this is an estate return, enter the date of the decedent’s death and Social Security number.**  
Enter the decedent’s date of death and the decedent’s Social Security number. If this is not an estate return, leave the boxes blank.
4. **If this is a trust return, enter the date the entity was created.**  
Enter the Date Entity Created from the federal 1041 form. If this is not a trust return, leave the box blank.

**5. Was a final individual return filed for decedent?**

Indicate "Yes" or "No" by checking the box.

**6. If this is a grantor trust return, enter the grantor's Social Security number.**

Enter the grantor's Social Security number. If this is not a grantor type trust return, leave the box blank.

**Signature**

Form IT-41 must be signed by the fiduciary (trustee, executor, personal representative, etc.) to be considered a valid return.

**Preparer Information**

The preparer information section in the signature area is for the paid preparer's information. The preparer's identification number is the preparer's taxpayer identification number (PTIN). If there is no paid preparer, leave this section blank.

**Enclosures**

It is very important that you provide supporting documentation for income, deductions, and credits claimed on Form IT-41. Failure to do so can result in longer processing time for your return. If you are claiming a refund, please include a complete copy of the federal Form 1041. If you are not claiming a refund, you may include (at least) the first 2 pages of the federal Form 1041 along with any pertinent schedules, such as the Schedule IN K-1 or verification for deductions or credits claimed on the Indiana return.

Enclose all Schedule IN K-1s and any Schedule Composites.

If you are claiming credit for Indiana taxes withheld, you must include a withholding statement (W-2, 1099-R, or Schedule IN K-1) so the department can verify that payments have been made for the trust or estate in an actual Indiana withholding account.

**Mailing Addresses**

- **Returns with Payment**

Indiana Department of Revenue  
Fiduciary Section  
P.O. Box 6192  
Indianapolis, IN 46206-6192

- **All Other Returns or Correspondence**

Indiana Department of Revenue  
Fiduciary Section  
P.O. Box 6079  
Indianapolis, IN 46206-6079

- **If you need an actual street location address, you may use:**

Indiana Department of Revenue  
Fiduciary Section  
100 N. Senate Ave.  
Indianapolis, IN 46204-2253

If you need additional information, you may always contact us:

- On the internet at [www.in.gov/dor](http://www.in.gov/dor)
- By email at [webmaster@dor.IN.gov](mailto:webmaster@dor.IN.gov)
- By telephone at (317) 232-2067 Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.
- By fax at (317) 615-2697, available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
- By mail at: Indiana Department of Revenue, Fiduciary Section, P.O. Box 6079, Indianapolis, IN 46206-6079
- In person at any of our district offices. Our offices are open Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. To find the district office nearest you, go to [www.in.gov/dor/contact-us/district-office-contact-info/](http://www.in.gov/dor/contact-us/district-office-contact-info/).



# Instructions for Schedule Composite/Schedule Composite-COR (Form IT-41)

## Filing Requirements

Any trust or estate that has beneficiaries who are nonresidents of Indiana must file a composite return and include all its nonresident beneficiaries. Submit a Schedule Composite for all individual/pass-through entity beneficiaries and a Schedule Composite-COR for all C corporation beneficiaries. The composite return must be filed with and have the same due date as Form IT-41 Indiana Fiduciary Income Tax Return. If the IRS allows the trust or estate an extension to file its tax return, the due date for its Indiana return is automatically extended for the same period, plus 30 days.

Information Bulletin #72 contains additional information regarding composite filing and can be found on our web site at [www.in.gov/dor/reference/files/ib72.pdf](http://www.in.gov/dor/reference/files/ib72.pdf).

The following limitations and conditions apply to each beneficiary included as a member in the composite return:

- Any short-term capital gain (loss) plus any long-term capital gain (loss) specifically allocated for a beneficiary is allowed, subject to any “passive activity” loss limitations pursuant to IRC Section 469 and capital loss limitations imposed on noncorporate taxpayers by IRC Section 1211;
- No deduction is permitted for interest paid on investment indebtedness under IRC Section 163(d) (limitation on interest investment indebtedness);
- No deduction is permitted for carryover of net operating losses or capital losses;
- No personal exemption is permitted;
- No deduction is allowed for charitable contributions allowed or allowable pursuant to IRC Section 170;
- No credit is permitted for taxes paid to other states;
- No credit carryovers are permitted; (except for those on Schedule IN-OCC); and
- All other credits that flow through to beneficiaries on a pro rata basis are limited to the beneficiary’s state income tax liability.

The trust or estate filing a composite return is liable for the tax shown on the return. It is also liable for any additional tax, interest, and penalty as a result of a subsequent audit or examination. Any refund of state or county tax as a result of filing a composite return will be remitted directly to the trust or estate.

## Instructions for Completing Schedule Composite

Enter the entity name (of the trust or estate) and the federal employer identification number.

Enter the beginning and ending dates of the tax year.

Indicate the name of each nonresident beneficiary on lines 1 through 12. Subject to the limitations and conditions specified in the filing requirements, separately compute the state tax liabilities and credits on the composite return attributable to each nonresident beneficiary.

**Column A.** Enter the 2-character state of residency for each nonresident listed on Schedule K-1, box 5.

**Column B.** Enter adjusted gross income attributed to Indiana from Schedule IT-41 IN K-1, Part 4, line 9.

**Column C.** Calculate the State Tax. Multiply the amount in Column B by .0323 and enter the result in column C. If the amount is less than zero, leave blank.

**Column D.** Enter the amount of income subject to county tax from Schedule IT-41 IN K-1, Part 1, line 13.

**Column E.** If a nonresident individual is engaged in principal work activity in an Indiana county on January 1, the county tax should be calculated. (No county tax will be due if completing Schedule Composite/COR.) Multiply column D by the applicable county tax rate. Use the county income tax chart as directed on Form CT-40PNR to locate the county’s tax rate. The Indiana individual forms are available on the department’s website at [www.in.gov/dor/tax-forms/2020-individual-income-tax-forms/](http://www.in.gov/dor/tax-forms/2020-individual-income-tax-forms/).

**Column F.** Enter the total amount of tax liability for each nonresident beneficiary by adding column C and column E.

**Note:** A federal Schedule K-1 for each beneficiary is not required to be enclosed but must be made available for inspection upon request by the department.