Arizona Form
120S Schedule K-1(NR)

Nonresident Shareholder's Share of Income and Deductions

2020

For the ☐ calendar year 2020 or ☐ fiscal year beginnin	g $(M,M,D,D,2,0,2,0)$ and ending $(M,M,D,D,2,0,Y,Y)$.
CHECK ONE: Original Amended	
Shareholder's Tax Identification Number	S corporation's Employer Identification Number (EIN)
Shareholder's Name	S corporation's Name
Shareholder's Address – number and street or rural route	S corporation's Address – number and street or rural route
Shareholder's City, Town or Post Office State ZIP Code	S corporation's City, Town or Post Office State ZIP Code
Shareholder's percentage of stock ownership for the taxable year: 0/	6

Part 1 Share of Income and Deductions

Chart of moonic and Boadon				
Pro Rata Share Items From federal Form 1120-S, Schedule K-1	(a) Distributive Share Amount	(b) Arizona Apportionment Ratio	(c) Arizona Source Income	Form 140NR Filers: Enter the amount in column (c) on:
1 Ordinary income (loss) from trade or				
business activities				
2 Net income (loss) from rental real estate activities				
3 Net income (loss) from other rental activities				
4 Total: Add lines 1, 2, and 3				Line 21
5 Interest				Line 16
6 Dividends				Line 17
7 Royalties				Line 21
8 Net short-term capital gain (loss)				Line 20
9 Net long-term capital gain (loss)				Line 20
10 Net IRC Section 1231 gain (loss)				Line 20
11 Other income (loss)				Line 22
12 IRC Section 179 expense				Line 21
13 Other deductions: Include schedule				

Continued on page 2 →

Name of S corporation (as shown on page 1)				Employer Identification Number				er
Pa	art 2 Net Capital Gain (Loss) From In	ives	tment in a Qu	alified Sn	nall Busir	ness – Informa	ition	Schedule
lf th	ne shareholder's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1 siness as determined by the Arizona Commerc	120-	S) does not inclu	ıde any net	capital gai	n (loss) from inve	estme	
	Pro Rata Share Items		(a) Distributive Sha	re Amount	Arizona App	(b) portionment Ratio	Ar	(c) izona Source Income
	Net capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business	14						
Pa	art 3 Net Capital Gain (Loss) Fron	n the	e Exchange	of Legal	Tender -	- Information	Sch	nedule
	he shareholder's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1 S corporation is not required to complete Part		S) does not incl	ude any ne	t capital ga	in (loss) from the	e excl	nange of legal tender,
	Pro Rata Share Items		(a) Distributive Sha	re Amount	Arizona App	(b) portionment Ratio	Ar	(c) izona Source Income
	Net capital gain (loss) from the exchange of legal tender	15						
f th	ne shareholder's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1 eral Schedule K-1 (Form 1120-S) does not include the pro Rata Share Items	120-3 ude a	S) includes capi	tal gain (los (loss), the	ss), comple S corporation	ete lines 16 throu on is not required (c)	d to co	
	From federal Form 1120-S, Schedule K-1	From colum	Amount page 1, line 9, n (a) and/or line llumn (a).	From page column (c) 10, column	1, line 9, and/or line	d/or line January 1, 2012		gain (loss) included in column (b) from assets acquired after December 31, 2011
16	Total net long-term capital gain (loss) 16							
٩D	DITIONAL INFORMATION:							
	Net long-term capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business (amount already included in line 16, column (d))							
18	Net long-term capital gain (loss) from exchange of legal tender (amount already included in line 16, column (d))							

2020 Nonresident Shareholder's Share of Income and Deductions

Instructions for Nonresident Shareholders

Part 1 - Share of Income and Deductions

Nonresident shareholders, column (c) is your Arizona source income:

- If you are a nonresident individual, use the line numbers on Schedule K-1(NR) to report the amounts shown in column (c) on your Form 140NR.
- If you are a nonresident trust or estate, add lines 4 through 13 in column (c). Enter the total on Form 141AZ, page 2, Schedule A.

If Form 120S, Schedule K-1(NR), shows a loss, you may only claim such losses on your Arizona nonresident return to the extent:

- Those losses are included in:
 - The federal adjusted gross income of an individual, or
 - o The federal taxable income of a trust or an estate.
- The loss is *not* considered a passive activity loss for federal purposes. (If it is, the loss will be treated as a passive activity loss for Arizona purposes.)

If the S corporation passes through to you a passive activity loss derived from Arizona sources:

- Do not begin your Arizona return with the amounts shown in column (c) of your Form 120S, Schedule K-1(NR).
- You must first determine if any portion of the loss has been limited on your federal return due to federal passive activity loss rules.

In addition:

- Only the amount of passive activity loss derived from Arizona sources will be allowed on the Arizona return
- Any portion of the passive activity loss not allowed on the federal return due to passive activity loss limitations will be limited on the Arizona return.
- That portion of the passive activity loss derived from Arizona sources required to be carried forward for federal purposes will be carried forward for Arizona purposes.

NOTE: The amount of Internal Revenue Code § 179 expense deductible is limited to the Arizona portion of the amount deducted on federal Form 1040, Schedule E.

Part 2 - Net Capital Gain (Loss) From Investment in a Qualified Small Business – Information Schedule

Arizona allows individuals, estates, and trusts a subtraction from Arizona gross income for any net capital gain derived from investment in a qualified small business if:

- The gain is included in:
 - The individual's federal adjusted gross income, or
 - o The estate or trust's federal taxable income, and

Arizona Form 120S Schedule K-1(NR)

• The business in which the S corporation invested is determined to be a qualified small business by the Arizona Commerce Authority.

A shareholder that is a pass-through entity (estate or trust) will need this information to:

- Calculate its subtraction for the estate or trust, or
- Complete Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1, or Schedule K 1(NR), for each beneficiary.

Line 14

Column (c) is your share of net capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business that is apportioned to Arizona. To determine if you qualify to take this subtraction, see the instructions for Form 140NR.

Part 3 - Net Capital Gain (Loss) From the Exchange of Legal Tender – Information Schedule

For taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2017, Arizona allows the exclusion from gross income the amount of net capital gain (loss) derived from the exchange of one kind of legal tender for another kind of legal tender.

- (a) "Legal tender" means a medium of exchange, including specie, that is authorized by the United States Constitution or Congress for the payment of debts, public charges, taxes and dues.
- (b) "Specie" means coins having precious metal content.

Line 15-

Column (c) is your share of net capital gain (loss) from the exchange of legal tender that is apportioned to Arizona.

Part 4 - Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction – Information Schedule

Arizona allows individuals, estates, and trusts a subtraction from Arizona gross income for a percentage of any net longterm capital gain if:

- The gain arises from assets acquired after December 31, 2011.
- The gain is included in:
 - The individual's federal adjusted gross income, or
 - o The estate or trust's federal taxable income.

In addition:

- Only include net long-term gains if you can verify the asset was acquired after December 31, 2011.
- If you cannot verify the asset was acquired after December 31, 2011, treat it as a capital gain asset acquired before January 1, 2012.
- An asset acquired by gift or inheritance is considered acquired on the date it was acquired by the gift-giver, or the deceased.

A shareholder that is a pass-through entity (estate or trust) will need this information to:

- Calculate its subtraction, or,
- Complete Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1, or Schedule K-1(NR), for each beneficiary.

Line 16

Line 16, column (d) is your share of net long-term capital gain (loss) from assets acquired after December 31, 2011.

Line 17

Line 17 is your share of the S corporation's net long-term capital gain from investment in a qualified small business that is included in the amount on line 16, column (d). The amount on this line cannot be included in your subtraction for any net long-term capital gain from assets acquired after December 31, 2011.

For more information, see the instructions for Form 140NR or 141AZ.

Line 18

Line 18 is your share of the S corporation's net long-term capital gain from the exchange of legal tender that is included in the amount on line 16, column (d). The amount on this line cannot be included in your subtraction for any net long-term capital gain from assets acquired after December 31, 2011.

Worksheet for Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction for Assets Acquired After December 31, 2011 (Worksheet)

To determine if you qualify for a net long-term capital gain subtraction on your Arizona income tax return:

- Nonresident shareholder, use only the amount of Arizona-sourced, net long-term capital gain (loss) entered on lines 16 through 18, column (d) to figure the allowable subtraction on the Worksheet included in the instructions for Form 140NR.
- Nonresident Estate or Trust shareholder, use only the amount of Arizona-sourced, net long-term capital gain (loss) entered on lines 16 through 18, column (d) to complete the Worksheet included in the instructions for Form 141AZ. If the net long-term capital gain (loss) in Part 4 is distributed to the beneficiaries the Worksheet will assist the estate or trust in completing the Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction Information Schedule on Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1, or Schedule K-1(NR), for each beneficiary.