2019 MICHIGAN Adjustments of Gains and Losses From Sales of Business Property MI-4797

18a. If the loss on line 11 includes a loss from U.S. Form 4684, line 35, column (b)(ii),

Type or print in blue or black ink. Report all amounts in whole dollars.

Repoi	rted on U.S. Form 4797. To be filed with F	orm MI-1040 or MI-1041	, see instructions.		Attachment 16		
Filer's Name Shown on Tax Return				Identifying Number			
DA D	T 1: Sales or Exchanges of Pro	norty Hood in Trac	lo or Pusinose o	ad Involuntany Convo	roion		
	n Other Than Casualty or Theft			_	rsion		
	-						
Enter the gross proceeds from the sale or exchange of real estate reported to you as A B C				eported on U.S. Form 4797	E		
۷.	, and the second		Date Sold				
	Description of Property	Date Acquired (MM-DD-YYYY)	(MM-DD-YYYY)	Federal Gain (Loss) from Column g of U.S. Form <i>4797</i>	Gain (Loss) from Column D Subject to Michigan Income Tax		
		1					
3.	Gain, if any, from U.S. Form 4684, line 3	9	3.				
4.	Section 1231 gain from installment sales						
5.	Section 1231 gain or (loss) from like-kine						
6.	Gain, if any, from Part 3, line 26, from ot	-					
7.	Add lines 2 through 6 in columns D and	-					
	If line 7, column D or E, is zero or a lo			es 8 and 9.			
	• If line 7, column D or E, is a gain, and						
	amount as a long-term capital gain or			1 and 12 below.			
8.	Non-recaptured net section 1231 losses		,				
9.	Subtract line 8, column D from line 7, co						
	column E, from line 7, column E. If less	•	9.		L		
	 If line 9 is zero, carry amount(s) from line 7 to line 12. If line 9 is greater than zero, enter amount from line 8 on line 12 below, and enter 						
	amount from line 9 as a long-term ca		·	e 10.			
		g , ·	,				
PAR	T 2: Ordinary Gains and Losse	S					
	Ordinary gains and losses not included o		clude property held or	ne year or less).			
	Loss, if any, from line 7, column D or E						
12.	Gain, if any, from line 7, column D or E,						
13.	Gain, if any, from Part 3, line 25						
14.	Net gain or (loss) from U.S. Form 4684,						
15.	Ordinary gain from installment sales from	·					
	Ordinary gain or (loss) from like-kind exc	•					
17	Add lines 10 through 16 in columns D an	d F For fiduciary filers	enter the gain	l	i		

NOTE: If the federal amount is a gain, enter on Schedule 1, line 12. If a loss, enter as a positive on Schedule 1, line 5. If the Michigan amount is a gain, enter on Schedule 1, line 3. If a loss, enter on Schedule 1, line 21. If nonresident or part-year resident, carry amount on 18b to Schedule NR, line 8 (see Schedule NR instructions).

18b.

18. For individual returns, complete lines a and b below.

Identifying Number			

DADT 3. Cain From	Dienocition of	Droporty Under Sec	tions 12/5 1250	. 1252. 1254 and 1255
FAIL J. Gaill I IUIII	DISDUSITION OF	LIODELLA OHIGEL SEC	,UUIIS 124J. 12JU:	. 1232. 1234 allu 1233

than casualty or theft on Part 1, line 6, columns D and E.....

19. Description of Sections 1245, 1250, 1252, 1254 and 1255 property	Date Acquired (MM-DD-YYYY)	Date Sold (MM-DD-YYYY)	Percentage of Gain Subject to Michigan Income Tax (divide number of months after 10-01-1967 by total number of months)
(A)			
(B)			
(C)			
(D)			

Relate lines 19(A) through 19(D) to these columns:	Property (A)	Property (B)	Property (C)	Property (D)	TOTAL
 20. Enter amounts from U.S. Form 4797, line 24					
23. Enter portion of gain subject to Michigan tax. (Multiply gain on line 22 by percentage computed on line 19.)					
			F Federal		G Michigan
Enter in column F the total from line 20; enter in column G the total from line 21					
25. Enter in column F the total from line 22 and carry to line 13, column Enter in column G the total from line 23 and carry to line 13, column					
26. Subtract line 25 from line 24. Enter portion in columns F and G from	other				

Instructions for Form MI-4797 MICHIGAN Adjustments of Gains and Losses From Sales of Business Property MI-4797

General Information

Only use this form to adjust your Michigan taxable income if you have capital gains or losses attributable to one of the following:

- Gains or losses from the sale of certain types of properties located in other states and/or subject to Michigan's allocation and apportionment provisions; or
- Periods before October 1, 1967 (Section 271 adjustment). If you file U.S. Schedule D or Form 4797 and you elect to adjust under Section 271 of the Michigan Income Tax Act, you must file the equivalent Michigan forms (MI-1040D or MI-4797). You must include all items of gain or loss realized during the tax year.

Do not adjust on this form any gains or losses included in the business income subject to apportionment on MI-1040H or Form MI-461. Gains or losses included on those forms are accounted for on Schedule 1, line 4 or line 13. Nonresidents and part-year residents, see instructions for Schedule NR, line 8.

Section 271. To apportion under Section 271, multiply the gain or loss in column D by the number of months the property was held after September 30, 1967. Divide the result by the total number of months held. Enter the result in column E. For the purpose of this computation, the first month is excluded if acquisition took place after the 15th, and the last month is excluded if disposal took place on or before the 15th. Gains from installment sales made before October 1, 1967, must show federal gain in column D and zero in column E. Gains from installment sales made after October 1, 1967, are subject to Michigan tax but may be apportioned under Section 271.

Identification: For individual income tax filers, enter the filer's name and full nine-digit Social Security number at the top of the form. For fiduciary filers, enter the name of the estate or trust and full Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN).

Line-by-Line Instructions

Lines not listed are explained on the form.

Line 2: Enter in columns A, B, C, and D the corresponding information from your U.S. Form 4797. For column E, enter the gain or loss subject to Michigan income tax.

Line 3: Enter in column D any gain from U.S. Form 4684, line 39. In column E enter the gain subject to Michigan income tax. If the gain was realized from more than one casualty or theft and some or all of the property was acquired prior to October 1, 1967, include a copy of U.S. Form 4684 and a schedule showing the computation of gain subject to Michigan income tax.

Line 6: Enter in column D the gain from column F, line 26. Enter in column E the gain from column G, line 26.

Line 10: Enter other ordinary gains and losses from your U.S. Form 4797. Enter federal gain or loss in column D. Enter portion of gain or loss subject to Michigan income tax in column E.

Line 13: Enter in column D the amount from line 25, column F. Enter in column E the amount from line 25, column G.

Line 14: Enter gain or loss from U.S. Form 4684, lines 31 and 38a. If the gain or loss was from more than one casualty or theft, include a copy of U.S. Form 4684 and a schedule showing the computation of gain or loss subject to Michigan income tax.

Line 17: Enter a federal gain on MI-1041, Schedule 1, line 37. Enter a federal loss as a positive number on MI-1041, Schedule 1, line 32. Enter a Michigan gain on MI-1041, Schedule 1, line 32. Enter a Michigan loss as a positive number on MI-1041, Schedule 1, line 37. If the filer is a nonresident estate or trust, carry the Michigan portion to MI-1041, Schedule NR, line 7, column B.

Line 20: Enter the total gain for each property from U.S. Form 4797, line 24 and enter the total gain for all properties in the total column.

Include your MI-4797 with your MI-1040 or MI-1041. Also include a copy of your U.S. Form 4797 with your return.