



State Tax Commission

2019

Individual Income Tax

Forms and Instructions

Resident

Form 40

Form 39R

Supplemental Schedule

Part-year Resident or Nonresident

Form 43

Form 39NR

Supplemental Schedule

For more information:

tax.idaho.gov

Questions

(208) 334-7660 in the
Boise area
(800) 972-7660 toll free

Hearing Impaired (TDD)

(800) 377-3529

Avoid a Tax Surprise for Next Year!



- Recent tax laws have changed the calculation for income taxes withheld from your paycheck
- Check your withholding today at tax.idaho.gov/w4

Where's My Refund?

Track Your Refund Progress 24/7

Visit tax.idaho.gov/refund to get the most up-to-date information about your income tax refund. You'll see the refund status graphic, which tracks your return's progress through four stages.



Typical Refund Timeframes

- **E-filed?** Expect your refund about seven to eight weeks after you receive an acknowledgment that we have your tax return.
- **Filed on paper?** Expect your refund about 10 to 11 weeks after we receive your return. We must manually enter information from paper returns into our database.

Refund Exceptions

- **First time you filed an Idaho income tax return?** It takes about three weeks to enter your account into our system. Until that time, we'll report your return as "not entered in system." Add those three weeks to the estimates above to determine your refund timeframe.
- **Received a letter from us asking for more information?** Your refund will be delayed until we get the requested information. It will then take about six weeks to finish the process.

Rapid Response = Faster Refund

All income tax returns go through fraud detection reviews and accuracy checks before we issue any refunds. After you file your return, the Tax Commission might send you letters asking you to:



- Verify your identity
- Verify that you filed a return
- Provide more information

Pay Online Quickly and Easily

Use our fast and easy Quick Pay option to make online payments at tax.idaho.gov/quickpay.



Get Idaho Forms

- Get forms online at tax.idaho.gov.
- Pick them up at one of our offices. Find locations at tax.idaho.gov/visit.
- Call us at (208) 334-7660 in the Boise area or toll free at (800) 972-7660.

What's New for 2019

Conformity to Internal Revenue Code (IRC)

Idaho conforms to the IRC as of January 1, 2019. Idaho doesn't conform to bonus depreciation for assets acquired after 2009.

Who Must File

- Every Idaho resident who must file a federal income tax return
- Every part-year resident with a total of more than \$2,500 gross income from:
 - All sources while a resident and
 - Idaho sources while a nonresident
- Every nonresident with more than \$2,500 gross income from Idaho sources

To file an Idaho return, first complete your federal return. You need the federal return information to complete your Idaho return.

Your **Idaho filing status** must be the same as your federal filing status. For example, if you file a joint federal return you must also file a joint Idaho return. The tax year and accounting method used on your Idaho return must match those used on your federal return.

If a taxpayer dies before filing a current year return, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative

must file the return. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator or anyone who's in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property.

Gross income means all income you received in the form of money, property, goods and services that aren't exempt from tax. It's measured before subtracting allowable deductions. Gross income includes, but isn't limited to:

- Income from wages, salaries, tips, interest and dividends that isn't exempt from tax
- Self-employment income before expenses
- Farm income before expenses
- Rental income before expenses
- The shareholders' or partners' share of gross income from S corporations and partnerships
- Unemployment compensation
- Certain scholarship and fellowship grants
- Gains from sales of property
- Pensions and annuities
- Taxable Social Security benefits

Scholarships used for tuition, fees, supplies, books and equipment required for courses leading to a degree aren't included in gross income.

Idaho Resident Filing Requirements		
If your filing status is:	And you are:	And your gross income is:
Married Filing Jointly	Under 65 (both spouses)	\$24,400
	65 or older (one spouse)	\$25,700
	65 or older (both spouses)	\$27,000
Head of Household	Under 65	\$18,350
	65 or older	\$20,000
Single	Under 65	\$12,200
	65 or older	\$13,850
Qualifying Widow(er) with dependent child	Under 65	\$24,400
	65 or older	\$25,700
Married Filing Separately	Any age	\$5

If you're a resident and are filing a federal income tax return only to pay self-employment tax and aren't otherwise required to file a federal income tax return, you aren't required to file an Idaho income tax return.

If your parent or someone else can claim you as a dependent, use the following information to see if you must file a return.

You must file a return if any of the following apply:				
		Unearned income	Earned income	Gross income
Single Dependents	Under 65 and not blind	Over \$1,100	Over \$12,200	More than the larger of \$1,100 or your earned income plus \$350
	Over 65 or blind	Over \$2,750	Over \$13,850	More than the larger of \$2,750 or your earned income plus \$2,000
	Over 65 and blind	Over \$4,400	Over \$15,500	More than the larger of \$4,400 or your earned income plus \$3,650
Married Dependents	Under 65 and not blind	Over \$1,100	Over \$12,200	At least \$5 and your spouse files a separate return and itemizes
				More than the larger of \$1,100 or your earned income plus \$350
	Over 65 or blind	Over \$2,400	Over \$13,500	At least \$5 and your spouse files a separate return and itemizes
				More than the larger of \$2,400 or your earned income plus \$1,650
	Over 65 and blind	Over \$3,700	Over \$14,800	At least \$5 and your spouse files a separate return and itemizes
				More than the larger of \$3,700 or your earned income plus \$2,950

Unearned income includes:

- Taxable interest
- Ordinary dividends
- Capital gains distributions
- Unemployment compensation
- Taxable Social Security benefits, pensions and annuities
- Distributions of unearned income from a trust

Earned income includes:

- Salaries
- Wages
- Tips
- Professional fees
- Taxable scholarships and fellowship grants

Gross income is the total of your unearned and earned income.

Which Form to Use

Use Form 40 if you're a:

- Resident or
- Resident in the military

Use Form 39R if you file Form 40 and claim any additions, subtractions or certain credits.

Use Form 43 if you're a:

- Part-year resident
- Nonresident or
- Nonresident alien for federal purposes and are required to file an Idaho income tax return

Use Form 39NR if you file Form 43 and claim any additions, subtractions or certain credits.

When to File and Pay

File your return and pay any tax due:

- On or before April 15, 2020, for the 2019 calendar year or
- On or before the 15th day of the fourth month following the close of the fiscal year if you file on a fiscal year basis

Idaho doesn't require estimated tax payments.

You can prepay at any time at tax.idaho.gov/epay or by mailing your payment with Form 51.

Where to File

Mail the return and payment to:

Idaho State Tax Commission
PO Box 56
Boise ID 83756-0056

If you're mailing a payment without a return, send your payment with Form ID-VP to:

Idaho State Tax Commission
PO Box 83784
Boise ID 83707-3784

If you're sending your return using a delivery service that requires a physical address, use the following:

Idaho State Tax Commission
11321 W Chinden Blvd Bldg 2
Boise ID 83714

What to Include and What to Keep

Include

Include all schedules and other forms in the following order:

1. Form 40 or 43
2. Form 39R or 39NR
3. Form 75
4. Form 44
5. Additional schedules in numerical order
6. Additional forms in alphabetical order
7. W-2s and/or 1099s placed on top of Form 40 or 43
8. Complete copy of federal return

Include legible copies of Form W-2s, 1099s and other information forms that show Idaho withholding with your return. If you're claiming credit for taxes paid to another state, you must include Idaho Form 39R or 39NR and a copy of the other state's income tax return. If the credit applies to more than one state, use a separate Form 39R or 39NR for each state.

Keep

Keep copies of any receipts, tax forms, worksheets and other records to support any income, deduction, exemption and credit you've reported.

Rounding

Round the amounts on your return to the nearest whole dollar. Round down if under 50 cents, round up if 50 cents or more.

Extension of Time to File

This isn't an extension of time to pay your

taxes—it's an extension to file your return.

You automatically get an extension of up to six months to file your return if you've paid at least:

- 100% of what you paid for state income taxes the year before or
- 80% of your current year's tax liability

You can avoid a penalty for late filing, but will be charged interest on the remaining tax until it's paid. Complete the worksheet on Form 51 to see if you meet the extension requirements.

To avoid a penalty, pay online at tax.idaho.gov/epay or mail your payment with Form 51 by April 15, 2020.

If you qualify for an extension to file your Idaho return, send the return and pay in full by October 15, 2020.

Penalties

Idaho law provides penalties for not filing tax returns by the due date, not paying tax due on time and not prepaying enough on extension returns. For more information or to calculate a penalty, see our *Penalties and Interest* page at tax.idaho.gov/penalties.

Interest

We charge interest on the amount of tax due from the original due date of the return until paid at the rate of 4% per year (rate effective for 2020).

Residency

Are you a resident, a part-year resident or a nonresident?

The following will help you decide:

- You're an Idaho resident, even though you live outside of Idaho if all of the following are true:
 - You think of Idaho as your permanent home
 - Idaho is the center of your financial, social and family life
 - Idaho is the place you intend to return to when you're away
- You're also an Idaho resident if the following are true:
 - You maintain a home in Idaho the entire year and
 - You spend more than 270 days in Idaho during the tax year
- You're a part-year resident if you moved into or out of Idaho during the tax year. You're still a resident if:
 - You temporarily moved outside of Idaho or
 - You moved back to Idaho after a temporary absence

- You're a nonresident if your permanent home is outside of Idaho all year.
- You're considered a nonresident if all of the following are true:
 - You're an Idaho resident who lived outside of Idaho for at least 445 days in a 15-month period
 - After satisfying the 15-month period you spent less than 60 days in Idaho during the year
 - You didn't have a personal residence in Idaho for yourself or your family during any part of 2019
 - You didn't claim Idaho as your federal tax home
 - You weren't employed on the staff of a U.S. senator or representative
 - You didn't hold an elective or appointive office of the U.S. government other than the armed forces or a career appointment in the U.S. Foreign Service

Note: The above exception to being an Idaho resident doesn't apply to a qualified servicemember.

Community Property

Idaho is a community property state. Idaho's community property laws generally treat property and income acquired during marriage differently than other property. For more information, visit tax.idaho.gov/commprop.

Military Personnel

Idaho law generally follows federal law regarding which type of military pay (active duty, disability, reserve or retirement) is taxable.

Qualified Servicemember

A qualified servicemember is:

- Any member of the Army, Marine Corps, Navy, Air Force or Coast Guard on active duty
- A member of the National Guard called to active duty service by the President of the United States or the U.S. Secretary of Defense for more than 30 consecutive days to respond to a national emergency declared by the President and supported by federal funds
- A member of the commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration in active service
- A member of the commissioned corps of the

Public Health Service in active service

Military Home of Record

The qualified servicemember's residence is considered to be the same as the servicemember's home of record.

Federal Military Spouses Residency Relief Act

The earned income of qualifying spouses of Idaho servicemembers isn't subject to Idaho income tax because of the federal Military Spouses Residency Relief Act.

As a servicemember's spouse, you qualify for this exemption if:

- You're married to a servicemember who's serving in Idaho and the servicemember registered their home of record in another state and
- You've moved to Idaho with the servicemember and have the same domicile (permanent residence) as the servicemember's home of record

If you qualified for the Idaho income tax military spouse exemption, report any Idaho withholding on Form 43, line 66.

Idaho Residents on Active Duty — Stationed in Idaho

If Idaho is your military home of record and you're on active duty stationed in Idaho, Idaho taxes all of your military wages and all nonmilitary income regardless of the source. File Form 40.

Idaho Residents on Active Duty — Stationed Outside of Idaho

Report all your Idaho income to Idaho if you meet all the following criteria:

- You joined the military as an Idaho resident
- Idaho is your military home of record
- You were on active duty for 120 or more consecutive days
- You were stationed outside of Idaho for all or part of the year

File Form 40 if you're single or if you're married and your spouse is also an Idaho resident.

File Form 43 if you're married and your spouse is an Idaho nonresident, part-year resident or military nonresident.

- Check the "Idaho Resident on Active Military Duty" residency status box for yourself
- Check the applicable residency status box for your spouse

Idaho residents in the military don't lose Idaho residency or domicile by being absent because of military orders.

A qualified servicemember isn't a resident of, or domiciled in, Idaho just by being stationed in Idaho.

Nonresidents on Active Duty Stationed in Idaho

Idaho doesn't tax your military income if your military home of record isn't Idaho and you're on active duty stationed in Idaho for all or part of the year.

Idaho taxes nonmilitary income from Idaho sources.

File Form 43 if your gross income from Idaho sources is more than \$2500. The instructions for Form 43 begin on page 15.

National Guard Members Called to Active Duty in a Combat Zone

Idaho follows federal law and provides income tax relief for servicemembers on active duty in combat zones. Below is a summary of how these laws affect Idaho National Guard members:

- All tax filing deadlines are extended for at least 180 days after your last day in a combat zone
- No interest or penalty accrues for nonpayment of individual income taxes while you're in a combat zone
- If you're enlisted or a warrant officer, you don't owe tax on military pay received while in a combat zone. If you're a commissioned officer, the monthly exclusion is capped at the highest enlisted pay plus any hostile fire or imminent danger pay received
- Federal law doesn't cover business tax returns, employment taxes or sales/use tax obligations
- Write "COMBAT ZONE" and the date of deployment on top of the tax return you're filing

American Indians

You can deduct all your income from working on the reservation only when you meet all these criteria:

- You're enrolled in a federally recognized tribe
- You live and work on the reservation
- The income is included on the tax return

If you have no other income, you aren't required to file.

If you have other income in an amount that meets the federal filing requirement, you must file an Idaho return. For specific instructions see Form 39R or 39NR.

Amended Returns

Use Form 40 or 43 to amend your return. Check the amended return box at the top of the form and enter the reason for amending.

See **Amended Return** on page 7 or 15 for more information.

If your taxable income or tax credits change because of an audit, you must send written notice including an amended return to the Tax Commission within 120 days of the final determination. Include copies of all federal and/or state schedules.

If you owe additional Idaho tax and don't send written notice within 120 days of the final federal determination, we apply a 5% negligence penalty. We charge interest on any tax due.

If the final determination results in an Idaho refund, you must file an amended Idaho income tax return with the written notice. If the statute of limitations is closed, you have one year from the date of the final determination to file for the refund.

Deadlines to Claim a Refund

To qualify for a refund, you must file a return within:

- Three years from the original return filing date or
- Three years from the original return due date (not including extensions)

For amended returns, you must file a claim for refund within:

- Three years from the original return filing date or
- One year from the time the federal audit was closed (if the amended return is because of a federal audit)

Instructions are for lines not fully explained on the form. General information instructions beginning on page 2 also apply to this form.

Grocery Credit Refund Only

If you're not required to file an income tax return but are filing Form 40 to receive a grocery credit refund, you don't need to include a copy of a federal return. If you or your spouse are over age 65, see Form 24.

You must complete Form 40 as follows:

- Complete the top of the form through line 6
- Write "NRF" (Not Required to File) on line 7
- **Skip** lines 8 through 12
- Complete line 13a if you (or your spouse) are age 65 or older
- **Skip** lines 13b through 31
- Cross through the \$10 on line 32, Permanent Building Fund, and write "NRF"
- **Skip** lines 33 through 42
- Enter your grocery credit amount on line 43 using the grocery credit worksheet on page 12
- Complete applicable lines 44 through 57
- **Skip** lines 58 through 61
- Complete the bottom of Form 40 below line 61

Heading

Write your name, address and Social Security number (SSN) in the spaces provided. If you don't have an SSN, write your Individual Tax Identification Number (ITIN).

If you don't have or aren't required to have an SSN or ITIN, enter "NRA" (Nonresident Alien) in the SSN space. If you've applied for an ITIN and haven't received it from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) before you file your Idaho return, enter "Form W-7" in the space provided for the SSN. If you enter "Form W-7," include a copy of your federal Form W-7 with your return. Once you receive your ITIN from the IRS, you must provide it to the Tax Commission before your return can finish processing.

If you receive an SSN after using an ITIN, you must use the SSN and stop using your ITIN. It's your responsibility to notify the Tax Commission so your return can finish processing.

Be sure that your return and W-2 forms show the correct SSN or ITIN. An error in your SSN or ITIN will delay your refund.

Amended Return

You can use this form as an original return or an amended return.

If you're filing this form as an amended return, check the box at the top of the form. Enter the number from the following list that best describes your reason for amending:

1. Federal Audit
2. Net Operating Loss Carryback – Include Form 56 or a schedule showing the application of the loss
3. Federal Amended – Include a complete copy of your amended federal return
4. Other – Include an explanation

Complete the entire form and schedules using the corrected amounts. Don't include a copy of your original return with the amended return.

Lines 1 through 5 Filing Status

Check the box indicating your Idaho filing status. Refer to **General Information** on page 2 for further information on filing status.

Line 6 Household

Line 6a. Yourself. Enter "1" unless someone else claims you as a dependent on their return.

Line 6b. Spouse. Enter "1" if you're filing a joint return. Enter "1" if your spouse died during 2019 and you're filing a joint return.

Leave the line blank if someone else claims your spouse as a dependent on their return.

Line 6c. Dependents. List your dependents. Include their SSN and birthdate. If you have more than four dependents, continue on Form 39R, Part F. Enter the total number of dependents on the line.

If you're the noncustodial parent of a dependent and are claiming them on your return, include federal Form 8332 with your return. See irs.gov for more information.

Line 6d. Total. Add lines 6a through 6c.

Line 7 Federal Adjusted Gross Income

Enter your federal adjusted gross income from Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b.

Line 11 Qualified Business Income Deduction

Enter the amount from federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 10.

Line 12 Total Adjusted Income

If your total adjusted income is negative, see Form 56 and instructions.

Tax Computation

Line 13a Age 65 or Older

If you're 65 or older, check the box for "Yourself." If you're filing a joint return and your spouse is 65 or older, check the box for "Spouse." If your 65th birthday was on January 1, 2020, you may consider yourself 65 on December 31, 2019. The boxes you check must match your federal return.

Line 13b Blind

Check the box for "Yourself" if you're blind. If you're filing a joint return and your spouse is blind, check the box for "Spouse." The boxes you check must match your federal return.

Line 13c Claimed Dependent

Check this box if someone else, such as a parent, can claim you as a dependent.

Lines 14-17 Itemized or Standard Deductions

Most people can find their standard deduction by looking at the instructions to the left of Form 40, line 17. Use the Standard Deduction Worksheet beginning on this page to calculate your standard deduction if:

- You check any boxes on lines 13a through 13c or
- Someone can claim you or your spouse, if filing jointly, as a dependent

You can use either your federal itemized deductions or standard deduction, whichever benefits you more. (For exceptions, see **You Must Itemize If.**)

Idaho requires that state or local income or general sales taxes shown on federal Schedule A be subtracted from your total itemized amount before you use this figure to reduce your income. Because of this add back, it may be more beneficial to itemize for federal purposes but use the standard deduction for Idaho.

If you use federal Schedule A to itemize, use the following instructions for line 15:

- If federal Schedule A, line 5d, is:
 - \$10,000 or less (\$5,000 if married filing separately), enter the amount from federal Schedule A, line 5a

- More than \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing separately), subtract line 5b from line 5e and enter the amount here. Enter zero for any result less than zero.

If the IRS considers you or your spouse a nonresident alien and you aren't from India, your standard deduction is zero. If you're nonresident aliens from India, use the standard deduction indicated for your filing status.

Federal Foreign Tax Credit

If you claim the federal foreign tax credit, Idaho allows that amount as a deduction. Idaho doesn't have a credit that matches the federal foreign tax credit.

Add the amount you claimed for the federal foreign tax credit to your Idaho itemized deductions.

If line 16 is more than line 17, use your itemized deductions on line 16. If line 17 is more than line 16, use your standard deduction on line 17.

You Must Itemize If:

- You're married, filing a separate return (filing status 3) and your spouse itemizes
- You had dual status as a nonresident alien for part of 2019 and during the rest of the year you were a resident alien or a U.S. citizen

However, you don't have to itemize if you file a joint return with your spouse who was a U.S. citizen or resident at the end of 2019 and you and your spouse agree to be taxed on your combined worldwide income.

Standard Deduction Worksheet

Use this worksheet if someone can claim you, or your spouse, if filing jointly, as a dependent; you or your spouse were born before January 2, 1955; or were blind.

1. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status:
 - Single or married filing separately, enter \$12,200
 - Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), enter \$24,400
 - Head of household, enter \$18,350 _____
2. Can you be claimed as a dependent?

No. Enter the amount from line 1 on line 4
Skip line 3

Yes. Go to line 3

3. Is your earned income* more than \$750
Yes. Add \$350 to your earned income
 Enter the total
No. Enter \$1,100
4. Enter the smaller of lines 1 or 3. If born after January 1, 1955, and not blind, enter this amount on line 6. Otherwise, go to line 5
5. If born before January 2, 1955, or blind, multiply the total number of boxes checked on Form 40, lines 13a and 13b, by \$1,300 (\$1,650 if single or head of household)
6. Add lines 4 and 5. Enter the total here and on Form 40, line 17

***Earned income** includes wages, salaries, tips, professional fees and other compensation received for personal services you performed. It also includes any amount received as a scholarship that you must include in your income. See **Gross Income** in **General Information**.

Line 20 Tax

Enter the tax on this line. If line 19 is less than \$100,000, use the **tax tables** beginning on page 52. If line 19 is \$100,000 or more, use the **tax rate schedules** on page 63. Be sure you use the correct column in the tax table or the correct schedule for your filing status. See the example at the beginning of the tax table.

If you don't meet the filing requirement (see page 2) and are filing only to receive a refund of withheld taxes, write "NRF" (Not Required to File) on this line.

Credits

Line 22 Income Tax Paid to Other States

When both Idaho and another state tax the same income, you may qualify for a credit for tax paid to the other states. Use Form 39R to compute the credit. You must include a copy of the other state's income tax return and Form 39R. If credit applies to more than one state, use a separate Form 39R for each state. See instructions, page 35.

You may qualify for a credit for tax paid to another state by a pass-through entity. If a pass-through entity paid tax to another state on your behalf, it should report that information to you.

Examples of income that may be taxed by both Idaho and another state include:

- Wages earned in another state that has an income tax, such as Oregon or Utah, while living in Idaho
- Income from a business or profession earned in another state that has an income tax while a resident of Idaho

Line 23 Total Credits for Charitable Contributions and Live Organ Donations

You may be eligible for a credit if you made a contribution to a:

- Qualified Idaho educational entity
- Center for independent living
- Youth or rehabilitation facility or its foundation
- Nonprofit substance abuse center licensed by the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare or
- Donated a qualified organ that's transplanted into another individual

Complete Form 39R, Part D and see page 36 for specific instructions. Enter the total allowed credit from Form 39R, Part D, line 4 and include Form 39R with your return.

Line 25 Idaho Child Tax Credit Worksheet

To qualify for the Idaho Child Tax Credit, the child must:

- Be your dependent
- Be age 16 or under as of December 31, 2019, and
- Have lived with you for more than half of the year

If you don't have a qualifying child, you can't claim the credit.

For divorced parents or parents who don't live together, the custodial parent claims the qualifying child.

The noncustodial parent may claim the child if:

- A court has unconditionally awarded, in writing, the noncustodial parent the child tax credit or
- The custodial parent signs a written declaration that the noncustodial parent can claim the child for the child tax credit

The noncustodial parent must include a copy of the court order or the written declaration with their income tax return.

Note: This credit is limited to your tax liability after any credit for tax paid to other states and credits from Forms 39R and 44.

Worksheet

1. Enter the number of your qualifying children* _____
2. Multiply line 1 by \$205 _____
3. Enter the amount from line 2 on Form 40, line 25.

*See federal Form 1040 instructions for more information on qualifying children.

Other Taxes

Line 28 Fuels Tax Due

If you buy gasoline, aircraft fuel or special fuels (diesel, propane or natural gas) without paying the fuels tax and later use this fuel in licensed vehicles or aircraft, you owe fuels tax. Add the amounts on Form 75, Section IV, lines 3 and 4, and enter the total. Include Form 75.

Line 29 Sales/Use Tax Due

If you made purchases during the year without paying sales tax, you must pay use tax on these purchases. Examples include magazine subscriptions, out-of-state catalog purchases, merchandise purchased over the internet, book and record club items, purchases in a state where no sales tax is charged, etc. Multiply the total amount of purchases by 6% (.06). If you computed use tax on Form 75, add it to the use tax on other purchases and enter the total on this line.

If you have an Idaho sales or use tax account, don't report your sales or use tax on this line, but continue to report the tax on these purchases on your sales and use tax returns.

Line 30 Total Tax from Recapture of Income Tax Credits

If you've claimed Idaho tax credits that no longer qualify, you must compute the tax credit recapture. Enter the total tax from recapture of income tax credits from Form 44, Part II, line 6. Include Form 44.

Line 31 Tax from Recapture of Qualified Investment Exemption (QIE)

If you've claimed Idaho exemption of property taxes from property that no longer qualifies, you must compute the recapture of the QIE. Include Form 49ER.

Line 32 Permanent Building Fund (PBF) Tax

You're required to pay the \$10 PBF tax if you're required to file an Idaho income return. See **Who Must File** on page 2.

You aren't required to pay the \$10 PBF tax if:

- Your gross income was less than the amount specified for your filing status. Draw a line through the \$10 and enter "NRF" (Not Required to File)
- You were receiving Idaho public assistance payments at the end of the tax year. Check the box on this line and draw a line through the \$10. Food stamps and WIC payments don't qualify as Idaho public assistance
- You (or your spouse) are legally blind at the end of the tax year. Draw a line through the \$10

Donations

The donations on lines 34 through 41 are voluntary and will either reduce your refund or increase your tax due. Once you make the donation, it can't be changed. These donations may be itemized as charitable contribution deductions on your 2020 income tax return. If you have questions about your donations, contact the agencies listed.

If you're filing an amended return, your donations can't be less than the amounts on the original return.

If you make a donation and owe tax, you must pay the tax at the time of filing.

Line 34 Idaho Nongame Wildlife Fund

Contributions are used to ensure the conservation and management of nongame wildlife, rare plants, and their habitats in Idaho, to promote greater awareness of and appreciation for species that aren't hunted, fished or trapped and to increase opportunities to view and enjoy "watchable" wildlife. Donations are used for a variety of projects including studies of rare animals in an effort to better manage them so they don't become threatened or endangered, educational programs and community projects, development of wildlife viewing sites throughout the state, informational brochures and nongame wildlife newspaper series available to the public and used by teachers. Contact the Department of Fish and Game at (208) 334-2920.

Line 35 Idaho Children's Trust Fund/Prevent Child Abuse Idaho

Contributions are used to protect our children, Idaho's single greatest resource. The Children's Trust supports work in communities throughout Idaho to prevent child abuse and neglect before it ever occurs. Preventing child abuse ensures the future prosperity of the state, supports communities and enhances healthy child development. Funded programs include family support and strengthening programs, parent education, voluntary home visitation

for first-time parents, public awareness of the life-long consequences of child abuse and neglect, child abuse prevention and child safety education in schools. Contact the Idaho Children's Trust Fund/ Prevent Child Abuse Idaho at (208) 386-9317 or visit www.idahochildrenstrustfund.org.

Line 36 Special Olympics Idaho

Contributions provide support for year-round sports training and competition for children and adults with developmental disabilities in Idaho. Through sports training and competition, Special Olympics Idaho teaches life skills such as dedication, perseverance and focus, while instilling confidence. With these skills, 50% of Special Olympics athletes are employed while only 10% – 14% of the general population of people with developmental disabilities hold jobs. Donations to this fund will be used to buy sports equipment, uniforms, food, lodging and transportation services for competitions, as well as health screenings, outreach programs and family support systems for adults and children with developmental disabilities. Contact Special Olympics Idaho at (208) 323-0482 or visit www.idso.org.

Line 37 Idaho Guard and Reserve Family Support Fund

Contributions are used to assist military reservists and their families in order to promote the overall readiness for them to support our state and federal missions. The Idaho Guard and Reserve Family Support Fund (IGRFSF) helps members of the Idaho Air National Guard, the Idaho Army National Guard, the Air Force Reserve, the Army Reserve, the Navy & Marine Reserves, along with their families, when duty calls. The Fund acts as an emergency relief fund and operates as a 501(c)(3) nonprofit corporation. Contact the Idaho Guard and Reserve Family Support Fund, Inc. at (208) 272-4361.

Line 38 American Red Cross of Idaho Fund

Contributions prevent and alleviate human suffering in the face of emergencies. This is done through providing food, shelter, clothing, and other help for disaster victims; helping military members and their families before, during, and after their active service; ensuring a safe and stable blood supply for Idaho hospital patients; preparing Idahoans to respond to emergencies through training; and connecting families separated by conflict or natural disasters. Contact the American Red Cross at (800) 853-2570 or visit www.RedCross.org/Idaho.

Line 39 Veterans Support Fund

Contributions help provide specialized medical/physical therapy equipment for the three State Veterans Homes, support veterans organizations throughout the state, assist homeless veterans programs in Idaho, promote and market the activities of the Office of Veterans Advocacy, develop an ongoing program for nurse recruitment and retention, supplement training for state and county service officers, and create an Idaho division of Veterans Services scholarship program to help veterans fund their education. Contact the Idaho Division of Veterans Services at (208) 577-2310.

Line 40 Idaho Food Bank Fund

Contributions assist Idaho hunger relief organizations in meeting the demand for emergency food for hungry Idaho families, children and senior citizens. Contributions allow the Idaho Food Bank Fund to provide grants to Idaho nonprofit groups to increase their capacity to provide hunger relief in Idaho. The Idaho Food Bank Fund is a statewide collaboration administrated by the Idaho Foodbank, Catholic Charities of Idaho and Community Action Partnership Association of Idaho. Visit www.idahofoodbankfund.org for more information.

Line 41 Opportunity Scholarship Program

Contributions help provide need-based scholarship funds to Idaho high school graduates who attend approved higher education institutions within Idaho. This need-based program is built on a shared responsibility model. Students must contribute to cost of attendance and apply for other financial aid sources including federal aid. Awards are renewable for up to four years and are based primarily on financial need with some academic consideration. Students must meet a minimum GPA while completing their studies to be eligible for renewal. For more information about the Idaho Opportunity Scholarship Program, please visit www.boardofed.idaho.gov/scholarship/opportunity.asp.

Payments and Other Credits

Line 43 Grocery Credit

If you're an Idaho resident, you can claim a credit for each qualifying dependent that's an Idaho resident. If someone else, such as a parent, can claim you as a dependent, you can't claim this credit on your return. The credit is \$100 each for you, your spouse and your dependents. You can claim an additional \$20 if you're age 65 or older on December 31, 2019, and are an Idaho resident. Also, if your spouse is age 65 or older and is an Idaho resident, you can claim an additional \$20.

An individual doesn't qualify for the credit for any month or part of a month for which that person:

- Received assistance from the federal food stamp program
- Was incarcerated or
- Lived illegally in the United States

Members of the Armed Forces

A member of the United States Armed Forces who's domiciled in Idaho is allowed the credit. If you live in Idaho but are a nonresident under the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, you aren't allowed the grocery credit.

A spouse or dependent of a nonresident military person stationed in Idaho may be an Idaho resident or part-year resident. The domicile of a dependent child is the same as that of the nonmilitary spouse.

Complete the worksheet and enter the total computed grocery credit on line 43. See the following instructions to donate your credit. If you aren't donating your credit, enter the computed amount in the column for line 43.

Grocery Credit Worksheet

Yourself:

1. Number of qualified months _____
2. **If 65 or older**, multiply line 1 by \$10
If qualified for the entire year, enter \$120 _____
If under 65, multiply line 1 by \$8.33.
If qualified for the entire year, enter \$100 _____

Spouse (if joint return):

3. Number of qualified months _____
4. **If 65 or older**, multiply line 3 by \$10
If qualified for the entire year, enter \$120 _____
If under 65, multiply line 3 by \$8.33
If qualified for the entire year, enter \$100 _____

Resident dependents claimed on line 6:

5. Enter \$100 for each dependent who qualifies for the entire year. If a dependent qualifies for only part year, compute as follows:
Number of qualified months _____ x \$8.33 _____
Number of qualified months _____ x \$8.33 _____
Number of qualified months _____ x \$8.33 _____
Number of qualified months _____ x \$8.33 _____

If you have more than four dependents, use additional paper to compute.

Total credit allowed:

6. Add amounts on lines 2, 4 and 5. Enter total on line 43 _____

Donating Your Grocery Credit

You can donate your entire grocery credit to the Cooperative Welfare Fund. To donate, check the box on line 43 and enter zero (0) in the column for line 43. Once you make the donation, it can't be changed on an amended return.

Note: If you (or your spouse) are age 65 or older and qualify for the credit but aren't required to file an Idaho income tax return, you can claim the credit on Form 24. You can get this form from any Tax Commission office or our website at tax.idaho.gov. Form 24 is due on or before April 15, 2020.

Line 44 Maintaining a Home for a Family Member Age 65 or Older or a Family Member with a Developmental Disability

You can claim a tax credit of \$100 per person (up to \$300) if you maintained a household for an immediate family member:

- Age 65 or older (not including yourself or your spouse) or
- With a developmental disability (including yourself and your spouse) and
- Didn't claim a deduction of \$1,000 per person on Form 39R, Part B, line 15

You can claim this credit even if your gross income is less than the filing requirement.

Line 45 Fuels Tax Refund

If you buy special fuels (diesel, propane or natural gas) with Idaho tax included and use this fuel for heating or in off-highway equipment, you may be eligible for a refund of the Idaho special fuels tax you paid. Enter the amount from Form 75, Section IV, line 2. Include Form 75. Heating fuel is generally purchased without paying the tax.

If you buy gasoline and use it in unlicensed equipment or auxiliary engines, you may be eligible for a refund of the Idaho gasoline tax you paid. Enter the amount from Form 75, Section IV, line 1. Include Form 75.

Line 46 Idaho Income Tax Withheld

Enter the total amount of Idaho income tax withheld. Include legible state copies of Form W-2s, 1099s and other information forms that show Idaho withholding.

Don't claim credit for tax withheld for other states or federal tax withheld.

Don't include Form W-2s from other tax years or write on or change the amounts on your Form W-2s.

Line 47 Form 51 Payments

Enter the total payments you made with Form 51s on or before the due date. Include the amount of overpayment applied from your 2018 return.

Line 48 Pass-through Income Tax Paid/Withheld by Entity

If a pass-through entity pays or withholds income tax for an Idaho resident owner, include the amount paid or withheld on this line as specified on Form ID K-1. Include a copy of Form ID K-1s with your income tax return.

Line 49 Tax Reimbursement Incentive Credit

Enter the total credit allowed from the Idaho Reimbursement Incentive Certificate. Include a copy of the certificate with the return.

Claim of Right Credit

If you claimed a deduction or credit on your federal return for claim of right, complete Idaho Worksheet CR to determine which option benefits you most on your Idaho return. See Claim of Right Worksheets at tax.idaho.gov.

Tax Due or Refund**Line 52 Penalty and Interest**

Idaho law provides penalties for not filing tax returns by the due date, not paying tax due on time and not prepaying enough on extension returns. For more information or to calculate a penalty, see our *Penalties and Interest* page at tax.idaho.gov/penalties.

Interest: We charge interest on the amount of tax due, line 51, from the original due date until paid. The rate for 2020 is 4%.

Idaho Medical Savings Account: If you make an Idaho medical savings account withdrawal that's taxable and you're under age 59 1/2, the withdrawal is subject to penalty. The penalty is 10% of the amount withdrawn. Check the box and enter the amount here.

Line 53 Total Due

Enter the amount you owe, including penalty and interest, on this line.

Don't send cash. Payments of less than \$1 aren't required. We charge a \$20 fee on all returned checks.

Electronic payments. There's no fee to pay by ACH Debit. Our third-party provider charges a convenience fee when you pay by credit card or e-check. We accept American Express®, Discover®, MasterCard®, and Visa®. For more information, visit our *E-Pay* page at tax.idaho.gov/epay.

Check payments. Make your check or money order payable to the Idaho State Tax Commission. Be sure to write your Social Security number on it and include it with your return. Don't staple your check to your return or send a check stub.

Line 55 Refund

Enter the amount of your overpayment from line 54 that you want refunded to you. Refunds of less than \$1 won't be issued. You have three years from the return's due date (not including extensions) to claim a refund. Refunds will be reduced by unpaid Idaho tax liabilities and can be applied to unpaid liabilities owed to other agencies.

The agency or party seizing the refund must send you notice of the action. Questions about a refund seizure should be directed to the agency or party that initiated the claim for seizure.

Line 56 Estimated Tax

If you're filing an original return, subtract line 55 from line 54. The amount you enter will be applied to your 2020 tax and won't be refunded.

Line 57 Direct Deposit

Complete this line if you want us to deposit your refund directly into your bank or IDDeal – Idaho 529 College Savings (IDDeal) account instead of mailing you a check.

If your refund is being forwarded from a United States financial institution to a financial institution or financial agency located outside of the United States, check the box on this line. If after filing your Idaho income tax return you become aware that your electronic refund payment will be electronically deposited in a financial institution or financial agency located outside of the United States, please notify us at:

Idaho State Tax Commission
PO Box 56
Boise ID 83756-0056

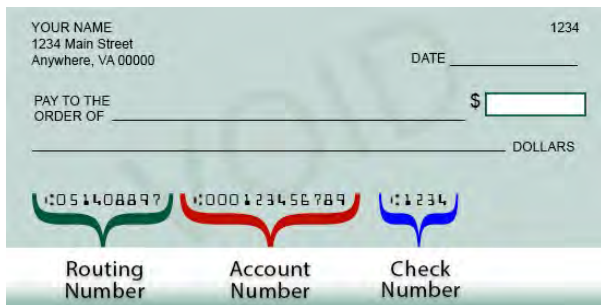
Contact your bank to make sure your deposit will be accepted and that you have the correct routing and account numbers.

Enter your nine-digit routing number. The routing number must begin with 01 through 12 or 21 through 32 for bank accounts. For all IDEal accounts, the routing number is 011001234.

Enter the account number you want your refund deposited into. The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). For IDEal accounts, the account number will be 541+ the 11-digit IDEal account number.

Don't include hyphens, spaces or special symbols. Enter the number left to right and leave any unused boxes blank.

Check the appropriate box for account type. Check **either** checking or savings, but not both. For IDEal accounts, check the box for checking.



The check example indicates where the proper banking information is located. To locate your IDEal account number, log into your account at www.idsave.org or call (866) 433-2533 for assistance. You're responsible for the accuracy of this information.

If your financial institution rejects your request for direct deposit, you'll receive a check by mail instead.

Note: An IDEal account has a maximum balance limit of up to \$350,000 for each beneficiary.

Amended Return Only

Complete lines 58 through 61 only if you're filing this return as an amended return.

Line 58 Total Due or Overpaid on This Return

If the total due shown on line 53 is greater than zero, enter it as a positive amount.

If line 53 is zero, enter the amount of overpayment that's shown on line 54 here as a negative amount.

Line 59 Refund from Original Return Plus Additional Refunds

Enter the total refund amount from previous returns for this tax year here as a positive amount.

Line 60 Tax Paid with Original Return Plus Additional Tax Paid

Enter the total due paid from previous returns for this tax year here as a positive amount. (Don't include penalty, interest, Form 51 estimated payments, withholding or unpaid tax.)

Line 61 Amended Tax Due or Refund

Add lines 58 and 59 then subtract line 60. A positive amount is your amended tax due. A negative amount is your amended refund.

Tax Preparer Contact Box

This box applies only if you paid a tax preparer to complete your return. If you check the box, you're authorizing the Tax Commission to discuss your return with the paid preparer identified on the return.

You're also authorizing the paid preparer to:

- Give the Tax Commission any information that's missing from your return and
- Call the Tax Commission for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payments

You're not authorizing the paid preparer to receive any refund check, bind you to anything including any additional tax liability or otherwise represent you before the Tax Commission.

This authorization is valid for up to 180 days from the date the Tax Commission receives the return. If you want the Tax Commission to contact you rather than your preparer, leave the box blank.

Signatures

Who must sign the return?

- You
- Your spouse (if filing a joint return)
- A paid preparer (if used). Include preparer's name, address and identification number
- An authorized person signing for a deceased individual or an individual unable to sign. Include the authorized person's relationship to the taxpayer. Write "FILING AS SURVIVING SPOUSE" or "unable to sign" in the signature space
- If a taxpayer signs with an "X," this mark must be witnessed
- Not signing the return will delay processing

Instructions are for lines not fully explained on the form. General information instructions beginning on page 2 also apply to this form.

Grocery Credit Refund Only

You must be an Idaho resident or an Idaho resident on active military duty to qualify for a refund of the grocery credit. Part-year residents can claim a prorated credit against their tax due but don't qualify for a refund of any excess credit. Nonresidents don't qualify for the credit.

If you were a resident, but your spouse was a part-year resident or nonresident and you aren't required to file an income tax return, file Form 43 to claim a refund of the grocery credit allowed to the resident.

You aren't required to include a copy of the federal return.

Complete Form 43 as follows:

- Complete the top of the form through line 6
- **Skip** lines 7 through 27
- Write "**NRF**" (Not Required to File) on line 28, column A. Leave line 28, column B blank
- **Skip** lines 29 through 32
- Complete line 33a if you (or your spouse) are age 65 or older
- **Skip** lines 33b through 51
- Cross through the \$10 on line 52, Permanent Building Fund, and write "**NRF**"
- **Skip** lines 53 through 62
- Enter your grocery credit amount on line 63 using the grocery credit worksheet on page 23
- Complete applicable lines 64 through 77
- **Skip** lines 78 through 81
- Complete the bottom of Form 43 below line 81

Heading

Write your name, address and Social Security number (SSN) in the spaces provided. If you don't have an SSN, write in your Individual Tax Identification Number (ITIN).

If you don't have or aren't required to have an SSN or ITIN, enter "**NRA**" (Nonresident Alien) in the SSN space. If you've applied for an ITIN and haven't received it from the IRS before you file your Idaho return, enter "**Form W-7**" in the space provided for the SSN. If you enter "**Form W-7**," include a copy of

your federal Form W-7 with your return. Once you receive your ITIN from the IRS, you must provide it to the Tax Commission before your return can finish processing.

If you receive an SSN after using an ITIN, you must use the SSN and stop using your ITIN. It's your responsibility to notify the Tax Commission so your return can finish processing.

Be sure that your return and W-2 forms show the correct SSN or ITIN. An error in your SSN or ITIN will delay your refund.

Amended Return

You can use this form as an original return or an amended return.

If you're filing this form as an amended return, check the box at the top of the form. Enter the number from the following list that best describes your reason for amending.

1. Federal Audit
2. Net Operating Loss Carryback – Include Form 56 or a schedule showing the application of the loss
3. Federal Amended – Include a complete copy of your federal return
4. Other – Include an explanation

Complete the entire form and schedules using the corrected amounts. Don't include a copy of your original return with the amended return.

Nonresident Alien

Nonresident aliens for federal purposes are nonresidents for Idaho income tax purposes. If you're (you or your spouse) a nonresident alien, check the box below the address and check Nonresident for your residency status.

Residency Status

Check the box that applies to your residency status for 2019. If you're married and filing a joint return, check the box that applies to your spouse's residency for 2019. Use Form 43 if one of you is a resident and the other isn't, and you filed a joint federal return. See page 4 to determine your status.

- If you're (you or your spouse) an Idaho resident, check box 1.
- If you're (you or your spouse) a member of the armed forces on active military duty outside Idaho and Idaho is your state of permanent residence, check box 2. (An Idaho resident on

active military duty in or outside Idaho must file on Form 40 unless your spouse is a part-year resident or nonresident.)

- If you're (you or your spouse) a nonresident, check box 3.
- If you or your spouse moved into or out of Idaho and were a resident for only part of the year, check box 4.
- If you're (you or your spouse) in Idaho on military orders but your state of permanent residence is another state, check box 5. See the instructions for **Military Personnel** on page 5 of this booklet.

If the earned income of a servicemember's spouse is exempt from Idaho taxation on Idaho Form 43, the servicemember must check box 5 and the qualifying spouse must check box 3.

If you're a resident filing Forms 43 and 39NR due to a nonresident spouse, the amounts reported for additions and subtractions in the Idaho column must be the total amount for your share of those additions or subtractions plus the amount of any Idaho additions or subtractions of your nonresident spouse.

Full Months in Idaho This Year

If you were a part-year resident, enter the number of full months you lived in Idaho in 2019. If you're married and filing a joint return, enter the number of full months your spouse lived in Idaho in 2019. Nonresidents don't respond to this question.

Current State of Residence

Use the two-letter state abbreviation to report your current state of residence. For example, if you moved to Idaho during 2019, use ID. All part-year residents and nonresidents must complete this section. Spouses with separate domiciles may report different states. If you're a military nonresident, indicate your military home of record.

Lines 1 Through 5 Filing Status

Check the box indicating your Idaho filing status. Refer to **General Information** on page 2 for further information on filing status.

Line 6 Household

Line 6a. Yourself. Enter "1" unless someone else claims you as a dependent on their return.

Line 6b. Spouse. Enter "1" if you're filing a joint return.

Enter "1" if your spouse died during 2019 and you're filing a joint return.

Leave the line blank if someone else claims your spouse as a dependent on their return.

Line 6c. Dependents. List your dependents. Include their SSN and birthdate. If you have more than four dependents, continue on Form 39NR, Part G. Enter the total number of dependents on the line.

If you're the noncustodial parent of a dependent and are claiming them on your return, include federal Form 8332 with your return. See [irs.gov](https://www.irs.gov) for more information.

Line 6d. Total Household. Add lines 6a through 6c.

Idaho Income

Complete your federal income tax return before you begin this form. You'll use the information from your federal income tax return to complete your Form 43.

Line 7 Wages, Salaries, Tips, etc.

Enter the total wages, salaries, tips, etc. received for all employment while an Idaho resident or part-year resident and for all work performed in Idaho while a nonresident. If you're a nonresident who works for an employer both in Idaho and outside of Idaho, visit our *Idaho Residency Status* page at tax.idaho.gov. This page explains how to determine the amount of income that's taxable to Idaho.

If your military home of record is Idaho and you're on active duty outside Idaho, include all of your wages. Your active duty military wages earned outside of Idaho can be deducted on Form 39NR, Part B, line 7. If you have nonmilitary wages that are taxable in another state, you can take a credit for tax paid to other states on Form 39NR, Part D.

If your military home of record wasn't Idaho and you were on active duty in Idaho, don't include your military wages.

If the servicemember's spouse's earned income isn't taxable by Idaho as described on page 5 under **Military Personnel**, don't include the qualifying spouse's wages.

If the wages on line 7 don't match the Idaho income amounts on your Form W-2s, include a schedule or explanation.

Line 8 Taxable Interest Income

From federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 2b, enter all:

- Interest income received while an Idaho resident
- Business interest income earned from Idaho sources
- Interest income on installment sales of Idaho property

Note: Don't include interest earned from a personal bank account in Idaho while a nonresident.

Line 9 Dividend Income

From federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 3b, enter dividends earned while an Idaho resident or part-year resident and dividends earned from Idaho sources while a nonresident.

Line 10 Alimony Received

From federal Schedule 1, line 2a, enter alimony received while an Idaho resident or part-year resident.

Line 11 Business Income or Loss

From federal Schedule 1, line 3, enter the income or loss reported on Schedule C or C-EZ from businesses or professions engaged in while an Idaho resident or part-year resident or conducted in Idaho while a nonresident. A nonresident conducting business in Idaho and another state must apportion income or loss. Complete and include Idaho Form 402.

Line 12 Capital Gain or Loss

From federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 6, enter the gain or loss reported on Schedule D from:

- The sale of capital assets located in Idaho
- The sale of capital assets while you were residing in Idaho or
- The receipt of installment sale proceeds while you were an Idaho resident

Line 13 Other Gains or Losses

From federal Schedule 1, line 4, enter other gains or losses reported on Schedule 4797 that occurred while an Idaho resident or part-year resident or from an Idaho business.

Line 14 IRA Distributions

From federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 4b, enter the amount of IRA distributions received while an Idaho resident or part-year resident.

Line 15 Pensions and Annuities

From federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 4d, enter the amount of pensions and annuities received while an Idaho resident or part-year resident.

Line 16 Rents, Royalties, Partnerships, etc.

From federal Schedule 1, line 5, enter the amount reported on Schedule E earned or received while an Idaho resident or part-year resident or related to Idaho business or property. Report passive activity losses from Idaho activities that are "Allowed" losses from federal Form 8582 and corresponding worksheets.

Line 17 Farm Income or Loss

From federal Schedule 1, line 6, enter the amount reported on Schedule F that's farm income or loss incurred while an Idaho resident or part-year resident or from an Idaho farming operation. A nonresident operating a farm in Idaho and another state must apportion income or loss. Complete and include Idaho Form 402.

Line 18 Unemployment Compensation

From federal Schedule 1, line 7, enter any unemployment compensation received while an Idaho resident or part-year resident. Enter the amount received from the Idaho Department of Labor while a nonresident.

Line 19 Other Income

From federal Schedule 1, line 8, enter any other income received while an Idaho resident or part-year resident or from an Idaho source. This includes Idaho lottery winnings over \$600. Don't include federal NOL on this line.

Idaho Adjustments**Line 21 Deductions for IRAs and Health Savings Accounts**

Enter Idaho's portion of:

- The IRA deduction included on federal Schedule 1, line 19
- The deduction for a federal health savings account included on Schedule 1, line 12
- The Archer MSA deduction included on Schedule 1, line 22 and
- The IRC 501(c)(18)(D) retirement plan included on Schedule 1, line 22

1. Enter the amount of wages and earned income you computed on the federal IRA deduction worksheet and the amount of income you earned from the business that the federal health savings account deduction is claimed on _____
2. Enter the amount from line 1 received while an Idaho resident or part-year resident or from Idaho sources _____
3. Divide line 2 by line 1.
(Can't exceed 100%) %
4. Enter amounts from federal Schedule 1, lines 12, 19 and the write-in adjustments written in left of line 22, coded MSA or 501(c)(18)(D) _____
5. Multiply line 4 by line 3. Enter this amount on line 21 _____

Line 22 Moving Expenses, Alimony Paid and Student Loan Interest

If you claimed a deduction on federal Schedule 1, line 13, 18a or 20 for moving expenses, alimony paid or student loan interest, complete this worksheet to determine your Idaho deduction, if any:

1. Enter total income from Form 43, line 20. Don't include federal NOL in line 20 _____
2. Enter total income from federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 7b, less federal NOL unless already subtracted _____
3. Divide line 1 by line 2.
(Can't exceed 100%) %
4. Enter total allowable federal amount of moving expenses, alimony paid and student loan interest _____
5. Multiply line 4 by line 3. Enter this amount on line 22 _____

Line 23 Deductions for Self-employed

Enter Idaho's portion of the deductions for self-employment tax, self-employed health insurance and contributions to a Simplified Employee Pension Plan (SEP), a Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees (SIMPLE) or a qualified plan reported on your federal Schedule 1, lines 14, 15 and 16.

Note: S corporation wages paid to a more-than-2% shareholder qualify for self-employed health insurance.

To compute Idaho's portion, complete this worksheet:

1. Enter the amount of self-employment income reported on Form 43, line 11 (business income), line 17 (farm income), line 16 (income from partnerships) and line 7 (wages from an S corporation paid to a more-than-2% shareholder) _____
2. Enter the amount of self-employment income reported on federal Schedule 1, line 3 (business income), line 6 (farm income), line 5 (income from partnerships) and federal Form 1040, line 1 (wages from an S corporation paid to a more-than-2% shareholder) _____
3. Divide line 1 by line 2.
(Can't exceed 100%) %
4. From federal Schedule 1, enter the total of lines 14, 15 and 16 _____
5. Multiply line 4 by line 3. Enter this amount on line 23 _____

Line 24 Penalty on Early Withdrawal of Savings

Enter the amount from federal Schedule 1, line 17 that relates to interest income reported as Idaho income.

Line 25 Other Deductions

You may qualify for an Idaho deduction if you claimed any of the following items on federal Schedule 1, lines 10 or 11 relating to:

- Reservists
- Performing artists
- Fee-based government officials
- Educator expenses
- A write-in deduction for rental of personal property
- Reforestation amortization and expenses*
- Attorney fees and court costs
- Jury duty pay

Divide the amount of income relating to that item included in Idaho total income by the income relating to the item included in federal adjusted gross income. This percentage is multiplied by the deduction claimed on your federal return to calculate the deduction allowed on your Idaho return. For example, divide Idaho jury pay included in Idaho total income by total jury pay included in federal adjusted gross income to arrive at a percentage (can't exceed 100%). Multiply that percentage by the amount of the jury pay claimed as a deduction on your federal return. Repeat this step for each of the deductions mentioned above.

Total the result for each deduction and enter the amount on line 25. Include a copy of your calculations with your return.

*If there's no income from the related timber operations for the year of the reforestation deduction, the deduction for reforestation is based on the percentage of property in Idaho to total property the reforestation amortization and expense relates to.

Line 28 Adjusted Gross Income

Column A: This must be the same amount of Adjusted Gross Income as reported on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 8b.

Column B: This is Idaho Adjusted Gross Income. Enter the amount from line 27.

If your Idaho Adjusted Gross Income is negative, see Idaho Form 56 and instructions.

Line 31 Qualified Business Income Deduction

Enter the portion of the amount from federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 10, that's related to Idaho-source income.

Tax Computation

Line 33a Age 65 or Older

If you're 65 or older, check the box for "Yourself." If you're filing a joint return and your spouse is 65 or older, check the box for "Spouse." If your 65th birthday was on January 1, 2020, you may consider yourself 65 on December 31, 2019. The boxes you check must match your federal return.

Line 33b Blind

Check the box for "Yourself" if you're blind. If you're filing a joint return and your spouse is blind, check the box for "Spouse." The boxes you check must match your federal return.

Line 33c Claimed Dependent

Check this box if someone else, such as a parent, can claim you as a dependent.

Lines 34-37 Itemized or Standard Deductions

Most people can find their standard deduction by looking at the instructions to the left of Form 43, line 37. Use the Standard Deduction Worksheet on page 20 to calculate your standard deduction if:

- You check any boxes on lines 33a through 33c or
- Someone can claim you or your spouse, if filing jointly, as a dependent

You can use either your federal itemized deductions or standard deduction, whichever benefits you more. (For exceptions, see **You Must Itemize If.**)

Idaho requires that state or local income or general sales taxes shown on federal Schedule A be subtracted from your total itemized amount before you use this figure to reduce your income. Because of this add back, it may be more beneficial to itemize for federal purposes but use the standard deduction for Idaho.

If you use federal Schedule A to itemize, use the following instructions for line 35:

- If federal Schedule A, line 5d, is:
 - \$10,000 or less (\$5,000 if married filing separately), enter the amount from federal Schedule A, line 5a
 - More than \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing separately), subtract line 5b from line 5e and enter the amount here. Enter zero for any result less than zero

If the IRS considers you or your spouse nonresident aliens and you aren't from India, your standard deduction is zero. If you're nonresident aliens from India, use the standard deduction for your filing status.

Federal Foreign Tax Credit

If you claim the federal foreign tax credit, Idaho allows that amount as a deduction. Idaho doesn't have a credit that matches the federal foreign tax credit.

Add the amount you claimed for the federal foreign tax credit to your Idaho itemized deductions.

If line 36 is more than line 37, use your itemized deductions on line 36. If line 37 is more than line 36, use your standard deduction on line 37.

You Must Itemize If:

- You're married filing a separate return (filing status 3) and your spouse itemizes
- You were a nonresident alien for any part of 2019

You don't have to itemize if you file a joint return with your spouse who was a U.S. citizen or resident at the end of 2019 and you and your spouse agree to be taxed on your combined worldwide income.

Standard Deduction Worksheet

Use this worksheet if you or your spouse were born before January 2, 1955; or were blind.

1. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status:
 - Single or married filing separately enter \$12,200
 - Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) enter \$24,400
 - Head of household enter \$18,350 _____
2. Can you be claimed as a dependent?

No. Enter the amount from line 1 on line 4
Skip line 3

Yes. Go to line 3
3. Is your earned income* more than \$750

Yes. Add \$350 to your earned income. Enter the total

No. Enter \$1,100 _____
4. Enter the smaller of lines 1 or 3. If born after January 1, 1955, and not blind, enter this amount on line 5. Otherwise, go to line 6 _____
5. If born before January 2, 1955, or blind, multiply the total number of boxes checked on Form 43, lines 33a and 33b by \$1,300 (\$1,650 if single or head of household) _____
6. Add lines 4 and 5. Enter the total here and on Form 43, line 37 _____

***Earned income** includes wages, salaries, tips, professional fees and other compensation received for personal services you performed. It also includes any amount received as a scholarship that you must include in your income. See **Gross Income** in **General Information**. Generally, your earned income is the total of the amounts you reported on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

Line 39 Idaho Percentage

Divide the amount from line 32, Column B, by the amount from line 32, Column A. Round to four digits to the right of the decimal point. For example .66666 is rounded to .6667 and is entered as 66.67%. The percentage can't exceed 100% or be less than zero.

Line 42 Tax

Enter the tax on this line. If line 41 is less than \$100,000, use the **tax tables** beginning on page 52. If line 41 is \$100,000 or more, use the **tax rate schedules** on page 63. Be sure you use the correct

column in the tax table or the correct schedule for your filing status. See the example at the beginning of the tax table.

If you don't meet the filing requirement (see page 2) and are filing only to receive a refund of withheld taxes, write "NRF" (Not Required to File) on this line.

Credits

Line 43 Income Tax Paid to Other States

Nonresidents don't qualify for this credit.

Part-year resident: When both Idaho and another state tax the same income while you're an Idaho resident, you may qualify for a credit for tax paid to the other state. Use Form 39NR, Part C, to compute the credit. You must include a copy of the other state's income tax return and Form 39NR. If the credit applies to more than one state, use a separate Form 39NR for each state.

Idaho resident on active military duty: Use Form 39NR, Part D to compute the credit.

Certain part-year residents may qualify for a credit for tax paid to another state by a pass-through entity. If a pass-through entity paid a tax to another state, it should report that information to you.

Line 44 Total Credits for Charitable Contributions and Live Organ Donations

You may qualify for a credit if you made a contribution to:

- A qualified Idaho educational entity
- Center for independent living
- Youth or rehabilitation facility or its foundation
- A nonprofit substance abuse center licensed by the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare or
- Donated a qualified organ that's transplanted into another individual

Complete Form 39NR, Part E and see page 49 for specific instructions. Enter the total allowed credit from Form 39NR, Part E, line 4 and include Form 39NR with your return.

Line 46 Idaho Child Tax Credit

Nonresidents don't qualify for this credit. To qualify for the Idaho Child Tax Credit, the child must:

- Be your dependent
- Be age 16 or under as of December 31, 2019 and
- Have lived with you for more than half of the year

If you don't have a qualifying child, you can't claim the credit.

For divorced parents or parents who don't live together, the custodial parent claims the qualifying child.

The noncustodial parent may claim the child if:

- A court has unconditionally awarded, in writing, the noncustodial parent the child tax credit or
- The custodial parent signs a written declaration that the noncustodial parent can claim the child for the child tax credit

The noncustodial parent must include a copy of the court order or the written declaration with their income tax return.

Idaho part-year residents qualify for the Idaho child tax credit for the part of the year they were an Idaho resident. Compute the prorated credit using the worksheet below.

Worksheet

1. Enter the number of months you lived in Idaho (more than 15 days is treated as a full month) _____
2. Multiply line 1 by \$17.08 _____
3. Multiply line 2 by the number of your qualifying children* _____
4. Enter the amount from line 3 on Form 43, line 46.

*See federal Form 1040 instructions for more information on qualifying children.

Note: This credit is limited to your tax liability after any credit for tax paid to other states and credits from Forms 39NR and 44.

Other Taxes

Line 48 Fuels Tax Due

If you buy gasoline, aircraft fuel or special fuels (diesel, propane or natural gas) without paying the fuels tax and later use this fuel in licensed vehicles or aircraft, you owe fuels tax. Add the amounts on Form 75, Section IV, lines 3 and 4, and enter the total. Include Form 75.

Line 49 Sales/Use Tax Due

If you made purchases during the year without paying sales tax, you must pay use tax on these purchases. Examples include magazine subscriptions, out-of-state catalog purchases, merchandise purchased over the internet, book and record club items, purchases in a state where no sales tax is charged, etc. Multiply the total amount

of purchases by 6% (.06). If you computed use tax on Form 75, add it to the use tax on other purchases and enter the total here.

If you have an Idaho sales or use tax account, don't report your sales or use tax on this line, but continue to report the tax on these purchases on your sales and use tax returns.

Line 50 Total Tax from Recapture of Income Tax Credits

If you've claimed Idaho tax credits that no longer qualify, you must compute the tax credit recapture. Enter the total tax from recapture of income tax credits from Form 44, Part II, line 6. Include Form 44.

Line 51 Tax from Recapture of Qualified Investment Exemption (QIE)

If you've claimed Idaho exemption of property taxes from property that no longer qualifies, you must compute the recapture of the QIE. Include Form 49ER.

Line 52 Permanent Building Fund (PBF) Tax

You're required to pay the \$10 PBF tax if you're required to file an Idaho income return. See **Who Must File** on page 2.

You aren't required to pay the \$10 PBF tax if:

- Your gross income was less than the amount specified for your filing status. Draw a line through the \$10 and enter "NRF" (Not Required to File)
- You were receiving Idaho public assistance payments at the end of the tax year. Check the box on this line and draw a line through the \$10. Food stamps and WIC payments don't qualify as Idaho public assistance
- You (or your spouse) are legally blind at the end of the tax year. Draw a line through the \$10

Donations

The donations on lines 54 through 61 are voluntary and will either reduce your refund or increase the tax due. Once you make the donation, it can't be changed. These donations may be itemized as charitable contribution deductions on your 2020 income tax return. If you have questions about your donations, contact the agencies listed.

If you're filing an amended return, your donations can't be less than the amounts on the original return.

Line 54 Veterans Support Fund

Contributions help provide specialized medical/physical therapy equipment for the three State Veterans

Homes, support veterans organizations throughout the state, assist homeless veterans programs in Idaho, promote and market the activities of the Office of Veterans Advocacy, develop an ongoing program for nurse recruitment and retention, supplement training for state and county service officers and create an Idaho division of Veterans Services scholarship program to help veterans fund their education. Contact the Idaho Division of Veterans Services at (208) 577-2310.

Line 55 Opportunity Scholarship Program

Contributions help provide need-based scholarship funds to Idaho high school graduates who attend approved higher education institutions within Idaho. This need-based program is built on a shared responsibility model. Students must contribute to cost of attendance and apply for other financial aid sources including federal aid. Awards are renewable for up to four years and are based primarily on financial need with some academic consideration. Students must meet a minimum GPA while completing their studies to be eligible for renewal. For more information about the Idaho Opportunity Scholarship Program, please visit www.boardofed.idaho.gov/scholarship/opportunity.asp.

Line 56 Idaho Guard and Reserve Family Support Fund

Contributions are used to assist military reservists and their families in order to promote the overall readiness for them to support our state and federal missions. The Idaho Guard and Reserve Family Support Fund (IGRFSF) helps members of the Idaho Air National Guard, the Idaho Army National Guard, the Air Force Reserve, the Army Reserve, the Navy & Marine Reserves, along with their families when duty calls. The Fund acts as an emergency relief fund and operates as a 501(c)(3) nonprofit corporation. Contact the Idaho Guard and Reserve Family Support Fund, Inc. at (208) 272-4361.

Line 57 Idaho Children's Trust Fund/Prevent Child Abuse Idaho

Contributions are used to protect our children, Idaho's single greatest resource. The Children's Trust supports work in communities throughout Idaho to prevent child abuse and neglect before it ever occurs. Preventing child abuse ensures the future prosperity of the state, supports communities and enhances healthy child development. Funded programs include family support and strengthening programs, parent education,

voluntary home visitation for first-time parents, public awareness of the life-long consequences of child abuse and neglect, child abuse prevention and child safety education in schools. Contact the Idaho Children's Trust Fund/Prevent Child Abuse Idaho at (208) 386-9317 or visit www.idahochildrenstrustfund.org.

Line 58 Special Olympics Idaho

Contributions provide support for year-round sports training and competition for children and adults with developmental disabilities in Idaho. Through sports training and competition, Special Olympics Idaho teaches life skills such as dedication, perseverance and focus while instilling confidence. With these skills, 50% of Special Olympics athletes are employed while only 10%-14% of the general population of people with developmental disabilities hold jobs. Donations to this fund will be used to buy sports equipment, uniforms, food, lodging and transportation services for competitions, as well as health screenings, outreach programs and family support systems for adults and children with developmental disabilities. Contact Special Olympics Idaho at (208) 323-0482 or visit www.idso.org.

Line 59 Idaho Nongame Wildlife Fund

Contributions are used to ensure the conservation and management of nongame wildlife, rare plants, and their habitats in Idaho, to promote greater awareness of and appreciation for species that are not hunted, fished, or trapped, and to increase opportunities to view and enjoy "watchable" wildlife. Donations are used for a variety of projects including studies of rare animals and plants in an effort to better manage them so they don't become threatened or endangered, educational programs and community projects, development of wildlife viewing sites throughout the state, informational brochures and nongame wildlife newspaper series available to the public and used by teachers. Contact the Department of Fish and Game at (208) 334-2920.

Line 60 American Red Cross of Idaho Fund

Contributions prevent and alleviate human suffering in the face of emergencies. This is done through providing food, shelter, clothing and other help for disaster victims; helping military members and their families before, during and after their active service; ensuring a safe and stable blood supply for Idaho hospital patients; preparing Idahoans to respond to emergencies through training; and connecting families separated by conflict or natural disasters. Contact the American Red Cross at (800) 853-2570 or visit www.RedCross.org/Idaho.

Line 61 Idaho Food Bank Fund

Contributions assist Idaho hunger relief organizations in meeting the demand for emergency food for hungry Idaho families, children and senior citizens. Contributions allow the Idaho Food Bank Fund to provide grants to Idaho nonprofit groups to increase their capacity to provide hunger relief in Idaho. The Idaho Food Bank Fund is a statewide collaboration administrated by the Idaho Foodbank, Catholic Charities of Idaho and Community Action Partnership Association of Idaho. Visit www.idahofoodbankfund.org for more information.

Payments and Other Credits

Line 63 Grocery Credit

Nonresidents don't qualify for this credit. You can't claim this credit if someone else, such as a parent, can claim you as a dependent. If you're a part-year resident, you're eligible for a prorated credit based on the number of months you were domiciled in Idaho during the tax year. For this purpose, more than 15 days of a month is treated as a full month. The credit allowed for part-year residents can't be more than the amount on line 42 less line 43. Grocery credit isn't refunded to part-year residents. The credit is \$100 each for you, your spouse and dependents. You can claim an additional \$20 if you're age 65 or older on December 31, 2019, and are an Idaho resident. Also, if your spouse is age 65 or older and is an Idaho resident, you can claim an additional \$20. An individual doesn't qualify for the credit for any month or part of a month for which that person:

- Received assistance from the federal food stamp program
- Was incarcerated or
- Lived illegally in the United States

Members of the Armed Forces

A member of the United States Armed Forces who's domiciled in Idaho is allowed the credit. If you live in Idaho but are a nonresident under the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, you aren't allowed the grocery credit. A spouse or dependent of a nonresident military person stationed in Idaho may be an Idaho resident or part-year resident. The domicile of a dependent child is the same as that of the nonmilitary spouse.

Complete the worksheet and enter the total computed grocery credit on line 63. See the following instructions to donate your credit. If you aren't donating your credit, enter the computed amount in the column for line 63.

Grocery Credit Worksheet

Yourself:

1. Number of qualified months _____
2. **If 65 or older**, multiply line 1 by \$10
If under 65, multiply line 1 by \$8.33 _____

Spouse (if joint return):

3. Number of qualified months _____
4. **If 65 or older**, multiply line 3 by \$10
If under 65, multiply line 3 by \$8.33 _____

Resident dependents claimed on line 6:

5. Enter \$100 for each dependent who qualifies for the entire year. If a dependent qualifies for only part year, compute as follows:
 Number of qualified months _____ x \$8.33 _____
 Number of qualified months _____ x \$8.33 _____
 Number of qualified months _____ x \$8.33 _____
 Number of qualified months _____ x \$8.33 _____

(If you have more than four dependents, use additional paper to compute.)

Total credit allowed:

6. Add amounts on lines 2, 4 and 5 _____
7. Enter tax. Line 42 less line 43 _____
8. Enter the smaller of line 6 or line 7 here
and on line 63 _____

Donating Your Grocery Credit

You can donate your entire grocery credit to the Cooperative Welfare Fund. To donate, check the box on line 63 and enter zero (0) in the column for line 63. Once you make the donation, it can't be changed on an amended return.

Line 64 Maintaining a Home for a Family Member Age 65 or Older or a Family Member with a Developmental Disability

Part-year residents and nonresidents don't qualify for this credit. You can claim a tax credit of \$100 per person (up to \$300) if you maintained a household for immediate family members:

- Age 65 or older (not including yourself or spouse) or

- With a developmental disability (including yourself and spouse) and
- Didn't claim a deduction of \$1,000 per person on Form 39NR, Part B, line 11

If the home was maintained for the family member for less than a full year, the tax credit is allowed at the rate of \$8.33 per month per person. You can claim this credit even if your gross income is less than the filing requirement.

Line 65 Fuels Tax Refund

If you buy special fuels (diesel, propane or natural gas) with Idaho tax included and use this fuel for heating or in off-highway equipment, you may be eligible for a refund of the Idaho special fuels tax you paid. Enter the amount from Form 75, Section IV, line 2. Include Form 75. Heating fuel is generally purchased without paying the tax.

If you buy gasoline and use it in unlicensed equipment or auxiliary engines, you may be eligible for a refund of the Idaho gasoline tax you paid. Enter the amount from Form 75, Section IV, line 1. Include Form 75.

Line 66 Idaho Income Tax Withheld

Enter the total amount of Idaho income tax withheld. Include legible state copies of Form W-2s, 1099s and other information forms that show Idaho withholding.

Don't claim credit for tax withheld for other states or federal tax withheld.

Don't include Form W-2s from other tax years or write on or change the amounts on your Form W-2s.

Line 67 Form 51 Payments

Enter the total payments you made with Form 51s on or before the due date. Include the amount of overpayment applied from your 2018 return.

Line 68 Pass-through Income Tax Paid by Entity/ Withheld

- Enter on the paid by entity line any amount reported on Form ID K-1, Part V, line 38
- Enter on the withheld line the amount of withholding reported on Form ID K-1, Part V, line 39

Line 69 Tax Reimbursement Incentive Credit

Enter the total credit allowed from the Idaho Reimbursement Incentive Certificate. Include a copy of the certificate with the return.

Claim of Right Credit

If you claimed a deduction or credit on your federal return for claim of right, complete Idaho Worksheet CR to determine which option benefits you most on your Idaho return. See Claim of Right Worksheets at tax.idaho.gov.

Tax Due or Refund

Line 72 Penalty and Interest

Idaho law provides penalties for not filing tax returns by the due date, not paying tax due on time and not prepaying enough on extension returns. For more information or to calculate a penalty, see our *Penalties and Interest* page at tax.idaho.gov/penalties.

Interest: We charge interest on the amount of tax due, line 71, from the original due date until paid. The rate for 2020 is 4%.

Idaho Medical Savings Account: If you make an Idaho medical savings account withdrawal that's taxable and you're under age 59 1/2, the withdrawal is subject to penalty. The penalty is 10% of the amount withdrawn. Check the box and enter the amount here.

Line 73 Total Due

Enter the amount you owe. If your payment includes amounts for penalty and interest, include those amounts in the figure you enter on this line.

Don't send cash. Payments of less than \$1 aren't required. We charge a \$20 fee on all returned checks.

Electronic payments. There's no fee to pay by ACH Debit. Our third-party provider charges a convenience fee when you pay by credit card or e-check. We accept American Express®, Discover®, MasterCard® and Visa®. For more information, visit our *E-Pay* page at tax.idaho.gov/epay.

Check payments. Make your check or money order payable to the Idaho State Tax Commission. Be sure to write your Social Security number on it and include it with your return. Don't staple your check to your return or send a check stub.

Line 75 Refund

Enter the amount of your overpayment from line 74 that you want refunded to you. Refunds of less than \$1 won't be issued. You have three years from the due date of the return (not including extensions) to claim a refund. Refunds will be reduced by unpaid Idaho tax liabilities and can be applied to unpaid liabilities owed to other agencies.

The agency or party seizing the refund must send you notice of the action. Questions about a refund seizure should be directed to the agency or party that initiated the claim for seizure.

Line 76 Estimated Tax

If you're filing an original return, subtract line 75 from line 74. The amount you enter will be applied to your 2020 tax and won't be refunded.

Line 77 Direct Deposit

Complete line 77 if you want us to deposit your refund directly into your bank or IDeal – Idaho 529 College Savings (IDeal) account instead of mailing you a check.

If your refund is being forwarded from a United States financial institution to a financial institution or financial agency located outside of the United States, check the box on line 77. If after filing your Idaho income tax return you become aware that your electronic refund payment will be electronically deposited in a financial institution or financial agency located outside of the United States, please notify us at:

Idaho State Tax Commission
PO Box 56
Boise ID 83756-0056

Contact your bank to make sure your deposit will be accepted and that you have the correct routing and account numbers.

Enter your nine-digit routing number. The routing number must begin with 01 through 12 or 21 through 32 for bank accounts. For all IDeal accounts, the routing number is 011001234.

Enter the account number you want your refund deposited into. The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). For IDeal accounts, the account number will be 541+ the 11-digit IDeal account number.

Don't include hyphens, spaces or special symbols. Enter the number left to right and leave any unused boxes blank.

Check the appropriate box for account type. Check **either** checking or savings, but not both. For IDeal accounts, check the box for checking.

YOUR NAME
1234 Main Street
Anywhere, VA 00000

DATE _____ 1234

PAY TO THE ORDER OF _____ \$ _____

_____ DOLLARS

051408897 000123456789 1234

Routing Number Account Number Check Number

The check example indicates where the proper banking information is located. To locate your IDeal account number, log into your account at www.idsaves.org or call (866) 433-2533 for assistance. You're responsible for the accuracy of this information.

If your financial institution rejects your request for direct deposit, you'll receive a check by mail instead.

Note: An IDeal account has a maximum balance limit of up to \$350,000 for each beneficiary.

Amended Return Only

Complete lines 78 through 81 only if you're filing this return as an amended return.

Line 78 Total Due or Overpaid

If the total due shown on line 73 is greater than zero, enter it here as a positive amount.

If line 73 is zero, enter the amount of overpayment that's shown on line 74 here as a negative amount.

Line 79 Refund from Original Return Plus Additional Refunds

Enter the total refund amount from previous returns for this tax year here as a positive amount.

Line 80 Tax Paid with Original Return Plus Additional Tax Paid

Enter the total due paid from previous returns for this tax year here as a positive amount. (Don't include penalty, interest, Form 51 estimated payments, withholding or unpaid tax.)

Line 81 Amended Tax Due or Refund

Add lines 78 and 79 then subtract line 80. A positive amount is your amended tax due. A negative amount is your amended refund.

Tax Preparer Contact Box

This box applies only if you paid a tax preparer to complete your return. If you check the box, you're authorizing the Tax Commission to discuss your return with the paid preparer identified on the return.

You're also authorizing the paid preparer to:

- Give the Tax Commission any information that's missing from your return and
- Call the Tax Commission for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payments

You're not authorizing the paid preparer to receive any refund check, bind you to anything including any additional tax liability or otherwise represent you before the Tax Commission.

This authorization is valid for up to 180 days from the date the Tax Commission receives the return. If you want the Tax Commission to contact you rather than your preparer, leave the box blank.

Signatures

Who must sign the return?

- You
- Your spouse (if filing a joint return)
- A paid preparer (if used). Include preparer's name, address and identification number
- An authorized person signing for a deceased individual or an individual unable to sign. Include the authorized person's relationship to the taxpayer. Write "FILING AS SURVIVING SPOUSE" or "unable to sign" in the signature space
- If a taxpayer signs with an "X," this mark must be witnessed
- Not signing the return will delay processing

Complete Form 39R if you're filing a Form 40. If you're filing a Form 43, complete Form 39NR.

Part A — Additions

Line 1 Federal Net Operating Loss (NOL) Deduction

Generally the allowable federal NOL carryover isn't the same amount allowed on the Idaho return. Enter any NOL carryover included on your federal return. You'll claim the allowable Idaho NOL carryover as a subtraction on Part B, line 1.

Line 2 Capital Loss Carryover

If you claimed a capital loss or carryover from activities not taxable by Idaho or before you became an Idaho resident, enter the amount used in calculating your net capital gain or loss reported on your federal Schedule D.

Example: For the current tax year you reported capital loss carryovers totaling \$40,000 that were incurred before moving to Idaho. These are used to offset \$26,000 of Idaho capital gains earned in the current year, resulting in a capital loss of \$3,000 allowed on the federal return. For the current tax year, you must add back \$29,000 on line 2 (\$26,000 gain offset plus \$3,000 loss allowed). The remainder of the \$11,000 loss carryover must be added back in future years to the extent allowed as a loss and used to offset gain.

Line 3 Non-Idaho State and Local Bond Interest and Dividends

Enter the amount of interest and dividends, less the related expenses, you received from municipal bonds of other state governments, including their counties or cities or from obligations of any foreign country. This income isn't reported on your federal return.

This includes your distributive share of interest and dividends not taxable under the IRC from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 21. Don't include the interest income from Idaho municipal securities reported on Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 24.

Line 4 Idaho College Savings Account Withdrawal

If you make a nonqualified withdrawal from an Idaho college savings account, enter the amount withdrawn less any amounts reported on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

Include withdrawals from Idaho college savings programs that are transferred to a qualified program operated by another state or a qualified Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) program. The amount added back is limited to your contributions deducted in the year of transfer and the previous tax year.

Line 5 Bonus Depreciation

If you claimed bonus depreciation for federal purposes for property acquired before 2008 or after 2009:

- Complete a separate federal Form 4562 or detailed computation for Idaho depreciation purposes as if the special depreciation allowance hadn't been claimed
- Compute the Idaho adjusted basis and any gains or losses from the sale or exchange of the property using the Idaho depreciation amounts
- If the federal depreciation (including gains and losses) is more than the Idaho depreciation (including Idaho gains and losses), include the difference on this line; otherwise, enter the difference on Part B, line 21

Include on this line your distributive share of bonus depreciation from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 22.

Don't enter any amounts for property acquired during 2008 and 2009.

Line 6 Other Additions

Retirement Plan Lump-sum Distributions

Enter the taxable amount of a lump-sum distribution from a retirement plan reported on federal Form 4972. The amount taxable by Idaho includes the ordinary income portion and the amount eligible for the federal capital gain election.

Partner and Shareholder Additions

Include on this line the state, municipal and local income tax additions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 20 and the other additions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 23.

Idaho Medical Savings Account Withdrawals

If you withdraw funds from an Idaho medical savings account and don't use the funds to pay eligible medical expenses, Idaho taxes the withdrawal. Report this amount as an other addition. Eligible medical expenses include medical care, vision care, dental care, medical insurance premiums and long-term care expenses.

If you make a taxable withdrawal and you're under age 59 1/2, penalty applies to the withdrawal. The penalty is 10% of the amount withdrawn. Report the penalty on Form 40, line 52 and check the box for an unqualified withdrawal.

Non-Idaho Passive Losses

If you claimed a passive loss that was incurred from activities not taxable by Idaho or before you became an Idaho resident, enter the amount reported on your federal return.

Part B — Subtractions

Line 1 Idaho Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryover and Carryback

Enter the Idaho NOL carryover. Include Form 56 or a schedule showing the application of the loss.

If this is an amended return to claim an NOL carryback, enter the amount of the NOL carryback. Include Form 56 or a schedule showing the application of the loss.

Enter the total of the NOL carryover and carryback amounts.

Line 2 State Income Tax Refund

If you itemized your deductions on your 2018 federal Form 1040, enter the amount of all state income tax refunds included in income on federal Schedule 1, line 1.

Line 3 Interest from U.S. Government Obligations

Idaho doesn't tax interest income you received from U.S. government obligations. Deduct any U.S. government interest included in federal adjusted gross income, Form 40, line 7. Examples of U.S. government obligations include:

- Banks for Cooperatives
- Federal Farm Credit Banks
- Federal Financing Bank
- Federal Homeowners Loan Bank
- Federal Intermediate Credit Bank
- Federal Land Bank
- Guam
- Puerto Rico
- Student Loan Marketing Association
- Tennessee Valley Authority Bonds
- Territory of Alaska
- Territory of Hawaii
- Territory of Samoa

- U.S. Series EE and HH Bonds
- U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes
- Virgin Islands

Idaho taxes interest income received from the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA).

If you have interest income from a mutual fund that invests in both nonexempt securities and exempt U.S. government securities, you can deduct the portion of the interest that's attributable to direct U.S. government obligations. This amount must be identified by the mutual fund to be deductible.

This includes your distributive share from Form ID K-1, Part IV, line 25.

Line 4 Energy Efficiency Upgrade

To qualify for this deduction, your Idaho residence must have existed, been under construction or had a building permit issued on or before January 1, 2002, and must be your primary residence.

Energy efficiency upgrade means an energy efficiency improvement to your residence's envelope or duct system that meets or exceeds the minimum value for the improved component established by the version of the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) in effect in Idaho during the tax year when the improvement is made.

Energy efficiency upgrades include:

- Insulation that's added to, not replacing, existing insulation. Insulated siding doesn't qualify unless the cost of the siding and the insulating material is stated separately. The cost of the insulating material is the only thing that qualifies
- Windows that replace less efficient existing windows
- Storm windows
- Weather stripping and caulking
- Duct sealing and insulation. Duct sealing requires mechanical fastening of joints and mastic sealant

The amount charged for labor to install the energy efficiency upgrades is also deductible.

Storm doors don't qualify for this deduction.

Line 5 Alternative Energy Device Deduction

If you install an alternative energy device in your Idaho residence, you can deduct a portion of the amount actually paid or accrued (billed but not paid).

In the year the device is placed in service, you can deduct 40% of the cost to construct, reconstruct, remodel, install or acquire the device but not more than \$5,000.

In the next three years after installation, you can deduct 20% of these costs per year but not more than \$5,000 in any year.

Qualifying devices include:

- A system using solar radiation, wind or geothermal resource primarily to provide heating or cooling or produce electrical power or any combination thereof
- A fluid-to-air heat pump operating on a fluid reservoir heated by solar radiation or geothermal resource but not an air-to-air heat pump unless it uses geothermal resources as part of the system
- A natural gas or propane heating unit that replaces a noncertified wood stove
- An Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)-certified wood stove or pellet stove meeting the most current industry and state standards that replaces a noncertified wood stove

A noncertified wood stove is a wood stove that doesn't meet the most current EPA standards. You must take the noncertified wood stove to a site authorized by the Division of Environmental Quality (DEQ) within 30 days from the date of purchase of the qualifying device. The DEQ will give you a receipt to verify they received and destroyed the noncertified wood stove.

You must install the natural gas or propane heating unit, the EPA-certified wood stove or pellet stove the same tax year that you surrender the nonqualifying wood stove to the DEQ.

Lines 5a – 5d

Complete the lines that apply to the year you acquired the device. For example, if your device was acquired in 2016, complete line 5d. Enter the device type and total cost. Multiply the total cost by the appropriate percentage. Line 5e can't be more than \$5,000.

Line 6 Child and Dependent Care

If you claimed the federal Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses, you're allowed an Idaho deduction for the child care expenses you paid for the care of your dependents. The Idaho deduction is a different amount than the federal credit.

Complete this worksheet to determine your Idaho child or dependent care deduction. Refer to federal Form 2441 to determine amounts to enter on lines 1 through 6.

Worksheet

1. Enter the amount of qualified expenses you incurred and paid in 2019. Don't include amounts paid by your employer or excluded from taxable income _____
2. Enter \$3,000 for one child or dependent or \$6,000 for more than one child or dependent cared for during the year _____
3. Enter excluded benefits from Part III of Form 2441 _____
4. Subtract line 3 from line 2. If zero or less, stop. You can't claim the deduction _____
5. Enter your earned income _____
6. If married filing a joint return, enter your spouse's earned income. All others enter the amount from line 5 _____
7. Enter the smallest of lines 1, 4, 5 or 6 here and on Form 39R, Part B, line 6 _____

Include federal Form 2441, *Child and Dependent Care Expenses*, with your return.

Line 7 Social Security and Railroad Benefits

Idaho doesn't tax Social Security benefits, benefits paid by the Railroad Retirement Board or Canadian Social Security benefits (OAS, QPP or CPP) that are taxable on your federal return.

Exempt payments from the Railroad Retirement Board include:

- Retirement, supplemental and disability annuities
- Unemployment and sickness benefits

Enter the taxable amount of Social Security benefits from Form SSA-1099 or Social Security equivalent railroad benefits from Form RRB-1099 included on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 5b. Don't enter the amount reported on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 5a.

Enter the taxable amount of non-Social Security equivalent railroad benefits from Form RRB-1099R included on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 4d. Don't enter the amount reported on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 4c.

If subtracting benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, you must include Form RRB-1099 or RRB-1099-R with your return.

Disability pension paid by the Federal Railroad Retirement Act may be included on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1 as wages, if you're under the minimum retirement age.

Line 8 Retirement Benefits Deduction for Qualified Retirement Benefits

You may be able to deduct some of the qualifying retirement benefits and annuities you receive.

The Idaho Retirement Benefits Deduction has a two-part qualification. You must qualify for **both parts** to receive this deduction.

Part One – Age, Disability and Marital/Filing Status

The recipients must be at least age 65 or be classified as disabled and be at least age 62.

The following individuals are classified as disabled:

- An individual recognized as disabled by the Social Security Administration, the Railroad Retirement Board or the Office of Management and Budget
- A veteran of a U.S. war with a service-connected disability rating of 10% or more
- A veteran of a U.S. war with a nonservice-connected disability pension
- A person who has a physician-certified permanent disability with no expectation of improvement

If you're married, you can't claim this deduction if you file separately. If you're an unremarried widow or widower of a pensioner and receive qualifying survivor benefits, you may be eligible to claim the retirement benefit deduction if you meet the age/disability requirements.

Part Two – Qualified Retirement Benefits

The recipients must meet the requirements in Part One **and** your qualified retirement benefits must be one of the following:

- **Civil Service Employees:** Retirement annuities paid by the United States of America Civil Service Retirement System (CSRS), the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System (FSRDS) or the offset programs of these two systems. To qualify for the deduction, the employee must have established eligibility before 1984. Retirement annuities paid to a retired federal employee under the Federal Employees Retirement System (FERS) don't qualify for the deduction. If you received a

CSA-1099, you can tell if your benefits are paid under the CSRS or FERS by looking at the first digit of the account number shown on your CSA-1099. If the first digit is 7, the benefits are paid out of FERS and don't qualify. If the first digit is 8, look at your Notice of Annuity Adjustment from the Office of Personnel Management. The notice shows how much of your benefits are paid from CSRS and how much are paid from FERS. Only the portion paid from CSRS qualifies for this deduction. If the first digit is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, the benefits are paid out of CSRS.

- **Idaho Firefighters:** Retirement benefits paid by the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI) relating to the Firemen's Retirement Fund. If you received a 1099R and your account number includes the FRF (Firemen's Retirement Fund) designation, your benefits may qualify for the deduction. Benefits paid out of the PERSI Base Plan don't qualify for the deduction.
- **Police Officers of an Idaho City:** Retirement benefits paid from the Policemen's Retirement Fund that no longer admits new members and, on January 1, 2012, was administered by an Idaho city or PERSI. Also, benefits paid by PERSI relating to Idaho police officer employment not included in the federal Social Security retirement system. For example, benefits paid out of the city police retirement funds for the cities of Coeur d'Alene, Lewiston and Pocatello may qualify for the deduction. Similarly, benefits paid by PERSI relating to the old Idaho Falls Policemen's Retirement Fund may qualify for the deduction. If you received a 1099R and your account number includes the IFP (Idaho Falls Police) designation, your benefits may qualify for the deduction. Benefits paid out of the PERSI Base Plan don't qualify for the deduction.
- **Service Members:** Retirement benefits paid by the United States to a retired member of the U.S. military.

Disability pension paid by the Federal Railroad Retirement Act may not be included on your Form RRB-1099 or RRB-1099-R, if you're under the minimum retirement age. Instead it may be included on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1 as wages.

Line 8a The maximum amounts that can be deducted for 2019 are:

Married filing jointly:

- Recipient age 65 or older \$51,498
- Recipient age 62 or older and disabled ... \$51,498

Single:

- Age 65 or older \$34,332
- Age 62 or older and disabled \$34,332

These amounts must be reduced by retirement benefits received by you and your spouse under the Federal Social Security Act and the Federal Railroad Retirement Act.

The amount deducted can't be more than the amount of qualified benefits included in federal income.

Line 8b. Enter the amount of retirement benefits you (and your spouse) received under the Federal Railroad Retirement Act.

Include on this line:

- The net Social Security equivalent benefit portion from federal Form RRB-1099, Box 5
- The "total gross paid" amount from federal Form RRB-1099-R, Box 7, minus any repayment from Box 8 and
- Any railroad retirement disability benefit included as wages on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1

Line 8c. Enter the amount of retirement benefits you (and your spouse) received under the Federal Social Security Act, Box 5 of your Form SSA-1099s. If you or your spouse received Canadian Social Security benefits that you included in your federal taxable income, include those amounts received.

Line 9 Technological Equipment Donation

Enter the lesser of cost or fair market value of technological equipment donated to one or more of the following Idaho educational institutions or libraries located in Idaho:

- Public or nonprofit private elementary or secondary school
- Public or nonprofit private college or university
- Public library or library district

Items that qualify for this deduction are limited to computers, computer software and scientific equipment or apparatus manufactured within five years of the date of donation. The amount deducted can't reduce Idaho taxable income to less than

zero. Any unused deduction can't be carried to another year.

Include your distributive share from the appropriate column of Form ID K-1, Part IV, line 26. The deduction from a pass-through entity can't be more than the amount of pass-through income minus deductions of the entity making the contribution.

Line 10 Idaho Capital Gains Deduction

You may be able to deduct 60% of the capital gain net income reported on federal Schedule D from the sale of qualified Idaho property described below.

- (a) Real property held for at least 12 months or
- (b) Tangible personal property used in a revenue-producing enterprise and held for at least 12 months. A revenue-producing enterprise means:
 - Producing, assembling, fabricating, manufacturing or processing any agricultural, mineral or manufactured product
 - Storing, warehousing, distributing or selling at wholesale any products of agriculture, mining or manufacturing
 - Feeding livestock at a feedlot
 - Operating laboratories or other facilities for scientific, agricultural, animal husbandry or industrial research, development or testing
- (c) Cattle and horses held for at least 24 months and other livestock used for breeding held for at least 12 months
- (d) Timber held for at least 24 months

Note: Gains from the sale of stocks and other intangibles don't qualify.

Complete Idaho Form CG to compute your capital gains deduction.

Line 11 Active Duty Military Pay Earned Outside of Idaho

If you're serving in the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force or Coast Guard on active military duty that is continuous and uninterrupted for 120 days, Idaho doesn't tax your active duty military wages for service outside of Idaho. The continuous 120 days don't have to be in the same tax year. Enter your nontaxable military wages.

Don't include military wages earned while stationed in Idaho. Your W-2 doesn't show this amount separately and you may have to compute the amount of income earned outside of Idaho. You should see your unit of assignment or use your orders in making the computation. Include a copy of your worksheet.

National Guard or Reserve pay, including annual training pay, generally doesn't qualify as active duty pay unless you've been called into full-time duty for 120 days or more. If you're a commissioned officer of the Public Health Service or of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration militarized by the President of the United States and attached to the armed forces, your active duty military wages earned outside Idaho qualify for this deduction. Enter these wages on this line.

Line 12 Adoption Expenses

If you adopt a child, you can deduct some of the expenses incurred in the adoption. You can claim legal and medical expenses incurred up to a maximum of \$10,000 per adoption. Travel expenses don't qualify. If you incur expenses in two or more years, deduct the costs in the year paid until you meet the \$10,000 limit. The expenses related to an unsuccessful attempt to adopt aren't deductible. If you claim expenses in a year before such a determination, file an amended return to add back any deduction claimed for the unsuccessful attempt.

Line 13 Idaho Medical Savings Account Contributions and Interest

You can contribute up to \$10,000 (\$20,000 if married filing a joint return) to an Idaho medical savings account and deduct the contribution. Deductible contributions don't include reimbursements that were redeposited into your Idaho medical savings account. Don't include amounts deducted on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

An Idaho medical savings account is generally established with a bank, savings and loan or credit union. The account is established to pay eligible medical expenses of the account holder and the account holder's dependents.

Include interest earned on the account on line 13 but only if included on Form 40, line 7. Add your qualifying contributions to the interest earned on the account. Enter the name of the financial institution and your account number in the spaces provided.

Line 14 Idaho College Savings Program

You can contribute up to \$6,000 (\$12,000 if married filing a joint return) per year to a qualified Idaho college savings program and deduct the contribution. The account must be established with Ascensus College Savings, Inc. Designate

the account owner and beneficiary at the time you establish the account. The account owner can make withdrawals for payment of education expenses for the beneficiary. The person that withdraws the funds must report the amounts withdrawn as income according to IRC Section 529.

More information is available at idsaves.org or by calling (866) 433-2533.

Line 15

Maintaining a Home for the Aged

You can deduct \$1,000 for each family member, not including yourself or your spouse who:

- Is age 65 or older
- You maintain a household for and
- You provide more than one-half of the family member's support for the year

Developmentally Disabled

You can deduct \$1,000 for each family member, including yourself and your spouse who:

- Is developmentally disabled
- You maintain a household for and
- You provide more than one-half of the family member's support for the year

No more than three deductions of \$1,000 are allowed. If you claim this deduction, you can't claim the \$100 credit in Part E.

Developmental disability means a chronic disability that:

- Is attributable to an impairment such as:
 - Intellectual disability
 - Cerebral palsy
 - Epilepsy
 - Autism
 - Other condition found to be closely related to or similar to, one of these impairments and
- Results in substantial functional limitation in three or more of the following areas of life activity:
 - Self-care
 - Receptive and expressive language
 - Learning
 - Mobility
 - Self-direction
 - Capacity for independent living
 - Economic self-sufficiency and

- Reflects the need for a combination and sequence of special, interdisciplinary or generic care, treatment or other services which are of lifelong or extended duration and individually planned and coordinated.

If you maintain the home for the family member for less than a full year, the deduction is allowed at the rate of \$83.33 for each month the home was maintained.

A family member is any person who meets the relationship test to be claimed as a dependent on income tax returns. Refer to the federal Form 1040 instructions for more information.

Maintaining a household means paying more than one-half of the expenses incurred for the benefit of all the household's occupants. Social Security benefits aren't support provided by you but must be included in the computation of total support provided. Some examples of expenses of maintaining a household include:

- Property taxes
- Mortgage interest
- Rent
- Utility charges
- Upkeep and repairs
- Property insurance and
- Food consumed on the premises

Line 16 Idaho Lottery Winnings

You can deduct Idaho lottery prizes of less than \$600 per prize included in federal adjusted gross income on Form 40, line 7. You can't deduct lottery prizes from other states.

Line 17 Income Earned on a Reservation by an American Indian

You can deduct all your income from working on the reservation only when all these criteria are met:

- You're enrolled in a federally recognized tribe
- You live and work on the reservation
- The income is included on Form 40, line 7 of your tax return

If you have no other income, you aren't required to file.

Income earned off the reservation can't be deducted. Income earned on the reservation can't be deducted if you live off the reservation.

Line 18 Health Insurance Premiums

Deduct premiums you paid for health insurance for yourself, your spouse and your dependents if those premiums haven't already been deducted or excluded from your income.

If you claimed a deduction for health insurance premiums on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A, use the worksheet on page 34 to calculate the deduction allowed for health insurance premiums. The worksheet follows the priority that itemized deductions first apply to health insurance premiums then to long-term care insurance.

Idaho Medical Savings Account

If you take money out of your Idaho medical savings account to pay medical insurance premiums, no deduction is allowed. Since the health insurance costs are already deducted or accounted for, they can't be deducted a second time.

Salary Reduction Plans

Premiums paid through a cafeteria plan or other salary-reduction arrangement can't be included in the Idaho deduction for health insurance costs. For example, if your health insurance payments are deducted from your paycheck pretax, they don't qualify for the deduction.

Business Deductions

Premiums deducted as a business expense can't be included in the Idaho deduction for health insurance costs since these amounts are already deducted. This includes amounts of self-employed health insurance premiums deducted in arriving at federal adjusted gross income.

Social Security Medicare A and B

No deduction is allowed for the amount paid for employer-required Social Security Medicare A. This is the amount listed as a deduction on almost every federal Form W-2.

If you voluntarily enroll in Medicare B or Medicare D or aren't covered under Social Security and voluntarily enroll in Medicare A, you can deduct the premiums you paid.

Idaho Standard Deduction

If you use the Idaho standard deduction instead of itemizing your deductions for Idaho purposes, you don't have to reduce your health insurance costs by any amount claimed as a federal itemized deduction.

Federal Itemized Deduction Limitations

Reduce the amount of medical expenses allowed as a deduction on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A, by 10% of adjusted gross income.

Line 19 Long-term Care Insurance

You can deduct the amount you paid in premiums for qualified long-term care insurance that isn't otherwise deducted or accounted for. If you claimed a deduction for long-term care insurance on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A, use the worksheet in the column to the right to calculate the long-term care insurance allowed as a deduction.

Qualified long-term care insurance includes any insurance policy that provides coverage for at least 12 consecutive months for yourself, your spouse or your dependents for one or more necessary diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance or personal care services, provided in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital. Group and individual annuities and life insurance policies that directly provide or supplement long-term care insurance qualify. This includes a policy that provides for payment of benefits based on cognitive impairment or loss of functional capacity.

Qualified long-term care insurance doesn't include any insurance policy that's offered primarily to provide coverage for:

- Basic Medicare supplement
- Basic hospital expense
- Basic medical surgical expense
- Hospital confinement indemnity
- Major medical expense
- Disability income or related asset protection
- Accident only
- Specified disease or specified accident or
- Limited benefit health

Life insurance policies that accelerate death benefits generally don't qualify.

Worksheet

The following worksheet shows how the federal limitation affects the amount of health insurance costs deductible for Idaho purposes.

If you aren't itemizing deductions for Idaho, skip lines 1-6 and enter zeros on lines 8, 12 and 13.

Health Insurance and Long-term Care Insurance Deduction Limitations

1. Amount claimed for health insurance costs on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A _____
2. Amount claimed for long-term care insurance on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A _____
3. Additional medical expenses claimed on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A _____
4. Total medical expenses. Add lines 1, 2 and 3 _____
5. Enter 10% of federal adjusted gross income _____
6. Medical expense deduction allowed on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A. (Line 4 less line 5. If less than zero, enter zero.) _____

Health Insurance

7. Enter the total paid for health insurance _____
8. Portion of health insurance deduction allowed on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A. Enter the lesser of lines 1 or 6 _____
9. Enter the total health insurance costs deducted elsewhere on the federal return _____
10. Idaho health insurance deduction allowed. Line 7 less lines 8 and 9. Enter this amount on Form 39R, line 18 _____

Long-term Care Insurance

11. Enter the total paid for long-term care insurance _____
12. Medical expense deduction not allocated to health insurance costs. Line 6 less line 1. If less than zero, enter zero _____
13. Portion of long-term care insurance deduction allowed on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A. Enter the lesser of lines 2 or 12 _____
14. Enter the total long-term care insurance costs deducted elsewhere on the federal return _____
15. Long-term care insurance deduction allowed. Line 11 less lines 13 and 14. Enter the amount on Form 39R, line 19 _____

Line 20 Workers' Compensation Insurance

A self-employed individual can deduct the actual cost of amounts paid for workers' compensation insurance coverage in Idaho, if the cost isn't deducted elsewhere.

Line 21 Bonus Depreciation

If you claimed the bonus depreciation for federal purposes for property acquired before 2008 or after 2009:

- Complete a separate federal Form 4562 or detailed computation for Idaho depreciation purposes as if the special depreciation allowance hadn't been claimed
- Compute the Idaho adjusted basis and any gains or losses from the sale or exchange of the property using the Idaho depreciation amounts
- If the federal depreciation (including gains and losses) is less than the Idaho depreciation (including gains and losses), include the difference on this line; otherwise, enter the difference on Part A, line 5

Include on this line your distributive share of bonus depreciation from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 27.

Don't enter any amounts for property acquired during 2008 and 2009.

Line 22 Other Subtractions

Identify any other subtraction you're eligible for and claim the amount on this line.

Include:

- Your distributive share of other subtractions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 28
- Charitable contributions not allowed on the federal return because of federal NOL limitations
- Interest from Idaho Build America Bonds that was included in federal adjusted gross income, Form 40, line 7
- Any Domestic Production Activities Deduction (DPAD) under Section 199A(g) allocated from an agricultural or horticultural cooperative

Don't include:

- Income earned in another state as a subtraction
- Foreign taxes as a subtraction, since they're claimed as part of the Idaho itemized deduction, if allowable
- Any interest from non-Idaho Build America Bonds

See the instructions for **Itemized or Standard Deductions**.

Part C — Credit for Income Tax Paid to Other States

When Idaho and another state tax the same income, you may qualify for a credit for tax paid to the other state. Use this section to compute the credit. Include a complete copy of the other state's income tax return and Idaho Form 39R with your income tax return. If your S corporation or partnership paid income tax to another state on your behalf, include a copy of Form ID K-1 or the schedule you received from the S corporation or partnership that paid the tax. If credit applies to more than one state, use a separate Form 39R for each state.

Examples of income that both Idaho and another state may tax include:

- Wages earned in another state that has an income tax, such as Oregon or Utah, while living in Idaho
- Income from a business or profession earned in another state that has an income tax, while a resident of Idaho

Line 1. Enter the tax shown on Form 40, line 20.

Line 2. Enter the total portion of federal adjusted gross income derived in the other state, modified to reflect Idaho additions and subtractions. In computing the income derived in the other state, you must reverse any adjustments to federal taxable income allowed by the other state that aren't applicable to Idaho.

Enter your adjusted gross income from the other state restated to a basis comparable to Idaho adjusted income. For example, if the other state taxes interest received from U.S. obligations, deduct this amount from the other state's adjusted gross income since Idaho doesn't tax this interest.

If your income derived in the other state includes income from an S corporation, partnership, trust or estate, enter your share of the entity's taxable income correctly reported to the other state plus any other Idaho adjusted gross income from sources in the other state.

Line 3. Enter your Idaho adjusted income from Form 40, line 12, if you reported the double-taxed income on an individual income tax return in the other state. However, if the double-taxed income was reported to

the other state and taxed as part of an S corporation or partnership composite or group return, enter your federal adjusted income from Form 40, line 7.

Line 4. Divide line 2 by line 3. Round to four digits to the right of the decimal point. For example .66666 is rounded to .6667 and is entered as 66.67%. The percentage can't be more than 100%.

Line 6. Enter the other state's tax due from its tax table or rate schedule less its income tax credits. If your income derived in the other state was reported on a composite or group return filed by an S corporation or partnership, enter your proportionate share of the tax paid by the S corporation or partnership minus your proportionate share of the income tax credits. Income tax credits are those credits that relate to income tax. An example of a credit that isn't an income tax credit is a special fuels or gasoline tax credit or refund.

Line 7. Your allowable credit for tax paid to other states is the smaller of lines 5 or 6. Enter this amount on Form 40, line 22.

Part D — Credits for Idaho Educational Entity and Idaho Youth and Rehabilitation Facility Contributions, and Live Organ Donation Expenses

Line 1 Credit for Idaho Educational Entity Contributions

If you donated cash to a qualified educational entity, you can claim a tax credit. Donation of goods or services don't qualify.

The credit is limited to the smallest of:

- One-half of the amount donated
- 50% of the tax on Form 40, line 21
- \$500 (\$1,000 on a joint return)
- The tax on Form 40, line 21 less the amount on Form 40, line 22

When determining the amount of credit, you should include amounts from Form ID K-1, Part VIII, line 55 in your calculations.

A qualified educational entity includes:

- A nonprofit corporation, fund, foundation, research park, trust or association organized and operated exclusively for the benefit of Idaho colleges and universities

- A nonprofit, private or public Idaho school (elementary, secondary or higher education) or its foundation
- Idaho education public broadcast system foundations
- The Idaho State Historical Society or its foundation
- An Idaho public library or its foundation
- An Idaho library district or its foundation
- An Idaho public or private nonprofit museum
- The Idaho Commission for Libraries
- Idaho Commission on Hispanic Affairs
- Idaho Commission for the Blind and Visually Impaired
- Idaho Council on Developmental Disabilities
- Idaho State Independent Living Council
- Idaho Council for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing
- Idaho STEM Action Center
- Medical residency programs or support organizations devoted to training residents in Idaho

Line 2 Credit for Idaho Youth and Rehabilitation Facility Contributions

You can claim this credit if you donated cash or goods to the following:

- Qualified center for independent living
- Youth or rehabilitation facility or its foundation or
- Nonprofit substance abuse center licensed by the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare

The credit is limited to the smallest of:

- One-half of the amount donated
- 20% of the tax on Form 40, line 21
- \$100 (\$200 on a joint return)
- The tax on Form 40, line 21 less the amounts on Form 40, line 22 and Form 39R, Part D, line 1

When determining the amount of credit, include amounts from Form ID K-1, Part VIII, line 56 in your calculations.

The qualified youth or rehabilitation facilities and their foundations are:

- Anchor House, Coeur d'Alene
- The Arc, Inc., Boise
- The Children's Home Society of Idaho, Inc., Boise
- Children's Village, Inc., Coeur d'Alene

- Dawn Enterprises, Inc., Blackfoot
- Development Workshop, Inc., Idaho Falls
- Gem Youth Services, Inc., Emmett
- Hope House, Inc., Nampa
- Idaho Drug Free Youth, Inc., Coeur d’Alene
- Idaho Elks Rehabilitation Hospital, Inc., Boise
- Idaho Youth Ranch
- Kinderhaven, Sandpoint
- Learning Lab, Inc., Boise
- Magic Valley Rehabilitation Services, Inc., Twin Falls
- New Day Products, Inc., Pocatello
- Northwest (North Idaho) Children’s Home, Inc.
- Opportunities Unlimited, Inc., Lewiston
- Panhandle Special Needs, Inc., Sandpoint
- Project P.A.T.C.H., Planned Assistance for Troubled Children
- Shepherd’s Home, Inc., McCall
- Transitional Employment Services for the Handicapped, Coeur d’Alene
- Walker Center, Gooding
- Western Idaho Training Co. Inc., Caldwell
- Women’s and Children’s Alliance
- Winchester Occupational Workshop, Winchester

The following are the qualified centers for independent living:

- Disability Action Center Northwest, Moscow and Coeur d’Alene
- Living Independence Network Corporation, Boise and Twin Falls
- Living Independently for Everyone, Inc., Blackfoot, Idaho Falls and Pocatello

Line 3 Credit for Live Organ Donation Expenses

A living taxpayer who donates (or whose dependent donates) a qualified organ that’s transplanted into another individual can claim a credit for expenses related to the donation.

The credit can’t be more than the taxpayer’s tax liability and is limited to the smaller of:

- The amount of live organ donation expenses paid by the taxpayer during the tax year or
- \$5,000

Any unused credit can be carried over for five years.

To claim the credit, you must donate one or more of the following organs:

- Human bone marrow
- Any part of an:
 - Intestine
 - Kidney
 - Liver
 - Lung
 - Pancreas

Qualified expenses are those incurred by the taxpayer or dependent for travel, lodging or lost wages and aren’t reimbursed to the taxpayer. The expenses must be directly related to the live organ donation by the taxpayer or a dependent of the taxpayer.

Part E — Maintaining a Home for a Family Member Age 65 or Older or a Family Member with a Developmental Disability

If you didn’t claim the \$1,000 deduction on Part B, line 15, you can claim a \$100 credit for each family member, not including yourself or your spouse who:

- Is age 65 or older
- You maintain a household for and
- You provide more than one-half of the family member’s support for the year

If the home was maintained for the family member less than a full year, the credit is allowed at the rate of \$8.33 for each month the home was maintained.

You can claim this credit if your gross income is less than the filing requirement. File Form 40 and include Form 39R.

Only residents, including Idaho residents on active military duty outside Idaho, can claim this credit.

Lines 1 and 2. Answer the two questions. If you answer yes to either question, you qualify.

Line 3. Enter the family member’s name, Social Security number, relationship and date of birth for whom you maintain a home and provide more than one-half of their support. If the claim is for a family member with a developmental disability, check the box.

Line 4. Enter the total on Form 40, line 44.

Complete Form 39NR if you're filing a Form 43. If you're filing a Form 40, complete Form 39R.

Part A — Additions

Line 1 Non-Idaho State and Local Bond Interest and Dividends

Column A: Enter the amount of interest and dividends, less the related expenses, you received from municipal bonds of other state governments, including their counties or cities, or from obligations of any foreign country. This income isn't taxed on your federal return. Include any amount passed through to you from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column A, line 21.

Column B: Enter the amount in column A earned while an Idaho resident or part-year resident. This includes your apportioned share passed through from S corporations, partnerships, trusts and estates from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 21.

If you're required to file an Idaho return, you must report any amounts allocated or apportioned to Idaho.

Line 2 Idaho College Savings Account Withdrawal

Column A: If you make a nonqualified withdrawal from an Idaho college savings account, enter the amount withdrawn minus any amounts reported on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

Include withdrawals from Idaho college savings programs that are transferred to a qualified program operated by another state or a qualified Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) program. The amount added back is limited to your contributions deducted in the year of transfer and the previous tax year.

Column B: If you make a nonqualified withdrawal from an Idaho college savings account, enter the total amount withdrawn.

Line 3 Bonus Depreciation

If you claimed bonus depreciation for federal purposes for property acquired before 2008 or after 2009.

- Complete a separate federal Form 4562 or detailed computation for Idaho depreciation purposes as if the special depreciation allowance hadn't been claimed

- Compute the Idaho adjusted basis and any gains or losses from the sale or exchange of the property using the Idaho depreciation amounts
- If the federal depreciation (including gains and losses) is more than the Idaho depreciation (including Idaho gains and losses), include the difference on this line; otherwise, enter the difference on Part B, line 24

Include on this line your distributive share of bonus depreciation from Form ID K-1, Part IV, line 22.

Don't enter any amounts for property acquired during 2008 and 2009.

Column A: If the federal depreciation is more than the depreciation calculated without the bonus depreciation, include the difference on this line.

If you're a shareholder of an S corporation or a partner in a partnership that has Idaho source income, include your distributive share of bonus depreciation from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column A, line 22.

Column B: If the federal depreciation is more than the depreciation calculated without the bonus depreciation, include the difference on this line.

Enter on this line your apportioned share of bonus depreciation from Form ID-K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 22. The amount must be included as part of Form 43, line 27, Idaho Adjusted Gross Income.

Line 4 Other Additions

Complete this worksheet, using the instructions below to determine your other additions.

	Column A	Column B
1. Federal net operating loss	_____	_____
2. Capital loss carryforward	_____	_____
3. Retirement plan lump-sum distributions	_____	_____
4. Partner and shareholder Idaho additions	_____	_____
5. Idaho medical savings account withdrawals	_____	_____
6. Non-Idaho passive losses incurred before taxpayer was an Idaho resident	_____	_____
7. Total. Add lines 1 through 6. Enter these amounts in the appropriate columns on line 4 of Form 39NR	_____	_____

Federal Net Operating Loss (NOL)

Column A: Enter the NOL carryforward or carryback included on your federal return. The federal NOL carryforward or carryback isn't the same as Idaho's. The Idaho NOL is reported on Part B, line 1.

Column B: Make no entry in Column B.

Capital Loss Carryforward

Column A: Enter any capital losses included on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 6 that were incurred in another state or capital losses from activities not taxable by Idaho.

Column B: Make no entry in Column B.

Retirement Plan Lump-sum Distributions

Column A: Enter the taxable amount of a lump-sum distribution from a retirement plan reported on federal Form 4972. The amount taxable by Idaho includes the ordinary income portion and the amount eligible for the federal capital gain election.

Column B: Enter any amount in Column A received while an Idaho resident.

Partner and Shareholder Idaho Additions

Column A: Include the amount of the state, municipal and local income tax additions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 20 and the other additions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 23.

Column B: Include your apportioned share of the state, municipal and local income tax additions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 20 and the other additions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 23.

Idaho Medical Savings Account Withdrawals

Columns A and B: If you withdraw funds from an Idaho medical savings account and don't use the funds to pay eligible medical expenses, Idaho taxes the withdrawal. Report this amount as an other addition. Eligible medical expenses include:

- Medical care
- Vision care
- Dental care
- Medical insurance premiums and long-term care expenses

If you make a taxable withdrawal and you're under age 59 1/2, penalty applies to the withdrawal. The penalty is 10% of the amount withdrawn. Report the

penalty on Form 43, line 72 and check the box for an unqualified withdrawal.

Part B — Subtractions**Line 1 Idaho Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryover and Carryback**

Columns A and B: Enter the Idaho NOL carryover. Include Form 56 or a schedule showing the application of the loss. Don't include losses from sources that weren't taxable by Idaho or that were incurred before becoming a resident or part-year resident.

If this is an amended return to claim an NOL carryback, enter the amount of the NOL carryback. Include Form 56 or a schedule showing the application of the loss.

Enter the total of the NOL carryover and carryback amounts.

Line 2 State Income Tax Refund

Column A: Enter all state income tax refunds included on federal Schedule 1, line 1.

Line 3 Interest from U.S. Government Obligations

Idaho doesn't tax interest income received from U.S. government obligations. Examples of U.S. government obligations include:

- Banks for Cooperatives
- Federal Farm Credit Banks
- Federal Financing Bank
- Federal Homeowners Loan Bank
- Federal Intermediate Credit Bank
- Federal Land Bank
- Guam
- Puerto Rico
- Student Loan Marketing Association
- Tennessee Valley Authority Bonds
- Territory of Alaska
- Territory of Hawaii
- Territory of Samoa
- U.S. Series EE and HH Bonds
- U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes
- Virgin Islands

Idaho taxes interest income received from the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA).

If you have interest income from a mutual fund that invests in both nonexempt securities and exempt U.S. government securities, you can deduct the portion of the interest earned that's attributable to direct

U.S. government obligations. This amount must be identified by the mutual fund to be deductible.

Column A: Enter the interest income you received from U.S. government obligations if included on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 2b. Your distributive share from Form ID K-1, Part IV, column A, line 25 net of the expenses related to the federal obligations should already be included on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

Column B: Enter on this line the interest and related expenses included as part of Form 43, line 27. This includes your apportioned share of interest from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 25 minus expenses relating to U.S. interest.

Line 4 Child and Dependent Care

If you claimed the federal Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses, you're allowed an Idaho deduction for the child care expenses you paid for the care of your dependents. The Idaho deduction is a different amount than the federal credit.

Complete this worksheet to determine your Idaho child or dependent care deduction. Refer to federal Form 2441 to determine amounts to enter on lines 1 through 6.

Worksheet

1. Enter the amount of qualified expenses you incurred and paid in 2019. Don't include amounts paid by your employer or excluded from taxable income _____
2. Enter \$3,000 for one child or dependent or \$6,000 for more than one child or dependent cared for during the year _____
3. Enter excluded benefits from Part III of Form 2441 _____
4. Subtract line 3 from line 2. If zero or less, stop. You can't claim the deduction _____
5. Enter your earned income _____
6. If married filing a joint return, enter your spouse's earned income. All others enter the amount from line 5 _____
7. Enter the smallest of lines 1, 4, 5 or 6 here and on Form 39NR, Part B, line 4, Column A _____
8. If married filing a joint return, enter the total of lines 5 and 6 that are from Idaho sources. All others enter the amount from line 5 from Idaho sources _____

9. If married filing a joint return, enter the total of lines 5 and 6. All others enter the amount from line 5 _____
10. Divide line 8 by line 9. (Can't exceed 100%) %
11. Multiply line 7 by line 10. Enter this amount here and on Form 39NR, Part B, line 4, Column B _____

Include federal Form 2441, *Child and Dependent Care Expenses*, with your return.

Line 5 Social Security and Railroad Benefits

Idaho doesn't tax Social Security or Social Security equivalent benefits, benefits paid by the Railroad Retirement Board or Canadian Social Security benefits (OAS, QPP or CPP) that are taxable on your federal return.

Exempt payments from the Railroad Retirement Board include:

- Retirement, supplemental and disability annuities
- Unemployment and sickness benefits

Column A: Enter the taxable amount of Social Security benefits from Form SSA-1099 or Social Security Equivalent railroad benefits from Form RRB-1099 included on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 5b. Don't enter the amount reported on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 5a.

Enter the taxable amount of non-Social Security equivalent railroad benefits from Form RRB-1099R included on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 4d. Don't enter the amount reported on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 4c.

If subtracting benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, you must include Form RRB-1099 or RRB-1099-R with your return.

Disability pension paid by the Federal Railroad Retirement Act may be included on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1 as wages if you're under the minimum retirement age.

Line 6 Idaho Capital Gains Deduction

Columns A and B: If you had capital gain net income from the sale of qualified Idaho property described below, you may be able to deduct 60% of the capital gain net income reported on federal Schedule D.

- (a) Real property held for at least 12 months or
- (b) Tangible personal property used in a revenue-producing enterprise and held for at least 12 months.

A revenue-producing enterprise means:

- Producing, assembling, fabricating, manufacturing or processing any agricultural, mineral or manufactured product
- Storing, warehousing, distributing or selling at wholesale any products of agriculture, mining or manufacturing
- Feeding livestock at a feedlot
- Operating laboratories or other facilities for scientific, agricultural, animal husbandry or industrial research, development or testing

(c) Cattle and horses held for at least 24 months and other livestock used for breeding held for at least 12 months

(d) Timber held for at least 24 months

Note: Gains from the sale of stocks and other intangibles don't qualify.

Complete Idaho Form CG to compute your capital gains deduction.

Line 7 Idaho Resident-Military Pay Earned Outside of Idaho

Column A and B: If you're serving in the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force or Coast Guard on active military duty that's continuous and uninterrupted for 120 days, Idaho doesn't tax your active duty military wages for service outside of Idaho. The continuous 120 days don't have to be in the same tax year. This deduction applies to an Idaho part-year resident who reported the military wages earned outside Idaho as Idaho income on Form 43, line 7.

Enter the amount of wages in Columns A and B if included on Form 43, line 7. Don't include military wages earned while stationed in Idaho. Your W-2 doesn't show this amount separately and you may have to compute the amount of income earned outside of Idaho. See your unit of assignment or use your orders to make the computation. Include a copy of your worksheet.

National Guard or Reserve pay, including annual training pay, doesn't qualify as active duty pay unless you've been called into full-time duty for 120 days or more. If you're a commissioned officer of the Public Health Service or of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration militarized by the President of the United States and attached to

the armed forces, your active duty military wages earned outside Idaho qualify for this deduction. Enter these wages on this line.

Line 8 Idaho Medical Savings Account Contributions and Interest

Columns A and B: You can contribute up to \$10,000 (\$20,000 if married filing a joint return) to an Idaho medical savings account and deduct the contribution. Deductible contributions don't include reimbursements that were redeposited into your Idaho medical savings account. Don't include amounts deducted on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

An Idaho medical savings account is generally established with a bank, savings and loan or credit union. The account is established to pay eligible medical expenses of the account holder and the account holder's dependents.

Include interest earned on the account on this line but only if included on Form 43, line 8. Add your qualifying contributions to the interest earned on the account and enter the total on this line.

Line 9 Idaho College Savings Program

You can contribute up to \$6,000 (\$12,000 if married filing a joint return) per year to a qualified Idaho college savings program and deduct the contribution. The account must be established with Ascensus College Savings, Inc. Designate the account owner and beneficiary at the time you establish the account. The account owner can make withdrawals for payment of education expenses for the beneficiary. The person that withdraws the funds must report the amounts withdrawn as income according to IRC Section 529.

More information is available at idsaves.org or by calling (866) 433-2533.

Line 10 Adoption Expenses

Column A: If you adopt a child, you can deduct some of the expenses incurred in the adoption. You can claim legal and medical expenses incurred up to a maximum of \$10,000 per adoption. Travel expenses don't qualify. If you incur expenses in two or more years, deduct the costs in the year paid until you meet the \$10,000 limit. The expenses related to an unsuccessful attempt to adopt aren't deductible. If you claim expenses in a year before the unsuccessful attempt to adopt, file an amended return to add back any deduction claimed for the unsuccessful attempt.

Column B: Enter the amount included in Column A in the proportion that total Idaho income bears to total income from all sources. Complete the following worksheet.

1. Total Idaho income from Form 43, line 20 _____
2. Total income from federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 7b _____
3. Divide line 1 by line 2.
(Can't exceed 100%) _____ %
4. Total adoption expenses from line 10, Column A _____
5. Multiply line 4 by line 3. Enter this amount on line 10, Column B _____

Line 11

Maintaining a Home for the Aged

Columns A and B: You can deduct \$1,000 for each family member, not including yourself or your spouse who:

- Is age 65 or older
- You maintain a household for and
- You provide more than one-half of the family member's support for the year

Developmentally Disabled

You can deduct \$1,000 for each family member, including yourself and your spouse who:

- Is developmentally disabled
- You maintain a household for and
- You provide more than one-half of the family member's support for the year

No more than three deductions of \$1,000 are allowed. If you claim this deduction, you can't claim the \$100 credit in Part F.

Developmental disability means a chronic disability which:

- Is attributable to an impairment such as:
 - Intellectual disability
 - Cerebral palsy
 - Epilepsy
 - Autism
 - Other condition found to be closely related to or similar to one of these impairments and
- Results in substantial functional limitation in three or more of the following areas of life activity:

- Self-care
- Receptive and expressive language
- Learning
- Mobility
- Self-direction
- Capacity for independent living
- Economic self-sufficiency and
- Reflects the need for a combination and sequence of special, interdisciplinary or generic care, treatment or other services which are of lifelong or extended duration and individually planned and coordinated.

If you maintain the home for the family member for less than a full year, the deduction is allowed at the rate of \$83.33 for each month the home was maintained.

A family member is any person who meets the relationship test to be claimed as a dependent on income tax returns. Refer to the federal Form 1040 instructions for more information.

Maintaining a household means paying more than one-half of the expenses incurred for the benefit of all the household's occupants. Social Security benefits aren't support provided by you but must be included in the computation of total support provided. Some examples of expenses of maintaining a household include:

- Property taxes
- Mortgage interest
- Rent
- Utility charges
- Upkeep and repairs
- Property insurance and
- Food consumed on the premises

The amounts entered in Columns A and B must be the same.

Line 12 Idaho Lottery Winnings

Columns A and B: Enter the amount of Idaho lottery prizes of less than \$600 per award included in other income on Form 43, line 19. The amounts entered in Columns A and B must be the same.

Line 13 Income Earned on a Reservation by an American Indian

Column B: You can deduct all your income from working on the reservation only when all these criteria are met:

- You're enrolled in a federally recognized tribe
- You live and work on the reservation
- The income is included on Form 43, line 7 of your tax return

If you have no other income, you aren't required to file.

Income earned off the reservation can't be deducted. Income earned on the reservation can't be deducted if you live off the reservation.

Line 14 Workers' Compensation Insurance

Columns A and B: A self-employed individual can deduct the actual cost of amounts paid for workers' compensation insurance coverage in Idaho, if the cost isn't deducted elsewhere.

Don't enter amounts paid for coverage in other states. The amounts entered in Columns A and B must be the same.

Line 15 Pass-through Subtractions

Column A: Include the amount of other subtractions included on Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column A, line 28.

Column B: Enter your Idaho apportioned share of the Idaho subtractions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 28.

Line 16 Energy Efficiency Upgrade

Columns A and B: To qualify for this deduction, your Idaho residence must have existed, been under construction or had a building permit issued on or before January 1, 2002, and must be your primary residence.

Energy efficiency upgrade means an energy efficiency improvement to your residence's envelope or duct system that meets or exceeds the minimum value for the improved component established by the version of the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) in effect in Idaho during the tax year when the improvement is made.

Energy efficiency upgrades include:

- Insulation that's added to, not replacing, existing insulation. Insulated siding doesn't qualify unless the cost of the siding and the insulating material is stated separately. The cost of the insulating material is the only thing that qualifies
- Windows that replace less efficient existing windows

- Storm windows
- Weather stripping and caulking
- Duct sealing and insulation. Duct sealing requires mechanical fastening of joints and mastic sealant

The amount charged for labor to install the energy efficiency upgrades is also deductible.

Storm doors don't qualify for this deduction.

Line 17 Technological Equipment Donation

Columns A and B: Enter the lesser of cost or fair market value of technological equipment donated to one or more of the following Idaho educational institutions or libraries located in Idaho:

- Public or nonprofit private elementary or secondary school
- Public or nonprofit private college or university
- Public library or library district

Items that qualify for this deduction are limited to computers, computer software and scientific equipment or apparatus manufactured within five years of the date of donation. The amount deducted can't reduce Idaho taxable income to less than zero. Any unused deduction can't be carried to another year.

Columns A and B: Include your distributive share from the appropriate column of Form ID K-1, Part IV, line 26. The deduction from a pass-through entity can't be more than the amount of pass-through income minus deductions of the entity making the contribution.

Line 18 Health Insurance Premiums

Column A: Deduct premiums you paid for health insurance for yourself, your spouse and your dependents if those premiums haven't already been deducted or excluded from your income.

If you claimed a deduction for health insurance premiums on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A, use the worksheet on the next page to calculate the deduction allowed for health insurance premiums. The worksheet follows the priority that itemized deductions first apply to health insurance premiums, then to long-term care insurance.

Idaho Medical Savings Account

If you take money out of your Idaho medical savings account to pay medical insurance premiums, no deduction is allowed. Since the health insurance costs are already deducted or accounted for, they can't be deducted a second time.

Salary Reduction Plans

Premiums paid through a cafeteria plan or other salary-reduction arrangement can't be included in the Idaho deduction for health insurance costs. For example, if your health insurance payments are deducted from your paycheck pretax, they don't qualify for the deduction.

Business Deductions

Premiums deducted as a business expense can't be included in the Idaho deduction for health insurance costs since these amounts are already deducted. This includes amounts of self-employed health insurance premiums deducted in arriving at federal adjusted gross income.

Social Security Medicare A and B

No deduction is allowed for the amount paid for employer-required Social Security Medicare A. This is the amount listed as a deduction on almost every federal Form W-2.

If you voluntarily enroll in Medicare B or Medicare D or aren't covered under Social Security and voluntarily enroll in Medicare A, you can deduct the premiums you paid.

Idaho Standard Deduction

If you use the Idaho standard deduction instead of itemizing your deductions for Idaho purposes, you don't have to reduce your health insurance costs by any amount claimed as a federal itemized deduction.

Federal Itemized Deduction Limitations

The following worksheets calculate your health insurance and long-term care insurance premium subtractions for Idaho purposes.

If you aren't itemizing deductions for Idaho, skip lines 1-6 and enter zeros on lines 8, 12 and 13.

Health Insurance and Long-term Care Insurance Deduction Limitations

- 1. Amount claimed for health insurance costs on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A _____
- 2. Amount claimed for long-term care insurance on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A _____
- 3. Additional medical expenses claimed on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A _____
- 4. Total medical expenses. Add lines 1, 2 and 3 _____

- 5. Enter 10% of federal adjusted gross income _____
- 6. Medical expense deduction allowed on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A. (Line 4 less line 5. If less than zero, enter zero.) _____

Health Insurance

- 7. Enter the total paid for health insurance _____
- 8. Portion of health insurance deduction allowed on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A. Enter the lesser of lines 1 or 6 _____
- 9. Enter the total health insurance costs deducted elsewhere on the federal return _____
- 10. Idaho health insurance deduction allowed. Line 7 less lines 8 and 9. Enter this amount on Form 39NR, line 18, Column A _____

Long-term Care Insurance

- 11. Enter the total paid for long-term care insurance _____
- 12. Medical expense deduction not allocated to health insurance costs. Line 6 less line 1. If less than zero, enter zero _____
- 13. Portion of long-term care insurance deduction allowed on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A. Enter the lesser of lines 2 or 12 _____
- 14. Enter the total long-term care insurance costs deducted elsewhere on the federal return _____
- 15. Long-term care insurance deduction allowed. Line 11 less lines 13 and 14. Enter the amount on Form 39NR, line 19 _____

Column B: Enter the amount from line 5 of this worksheet.

- 1. Total Idaho income from Form 43, line 20 _____
- 2. Total income from federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 7b _____
- 3. Divide line 1 by line 2. (Can't exceed 100%) _____ %
- 4. Enter the amount from Form 39NR, line 18, Column A _____
- 5. Allowable Idaho deduction. Multiply line 4 by line 3 _____

Line 19 Long-term Care Insurance

Column A: You can deduct the amount you paid in premiums for qualified long-term care insurance that isn't otherwise deducted or accounted for.

Qualified long-term care insurance includes any insurance policy that provides coverage for at least 12 consecutive months for yourself, your spouse or your dependents for one or more necessary diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance or personal care services, provided in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital. Group and individual annuities and life insurance policies that directly provide or that supplement long-term care insurance qualify. This includes a policy that provides for payment of benefits based upon cognitive impairment or loss of functional capacity.

Qualified long-term care insurance doesn't include any insurance policy that's offered primarily to provide coverage for:

- Basic Medicare supplement
- Basic hospital expense
- Basic medical surgical expense
- Hospital confinement indemnity
- Major medical expense
- Disability income or related asset protection
- Accident only
- Specified disease or specified accident or
- Limited benefit health

Life insurance policies that accelerate death benefits generally don't qualify.

If you claimed a deduction for long-term care insurance on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, Schedule A, as an itemized deduction, calculate the long-term care insurance allowed as a deduction by using the worksheet on the previous page.

Column B: Enter the amount from line 5 of this worksheet.

1. Total Idaho income from Form 43, line 20 _____
2. Total income from federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 7b _____
3. Divide line 1 by line 2.
(Can't exceed 100%) _____ %
4. Enter the amount from Form 39NR, line 19, Column A _____

5. Allowable Idaho deduction. Multiply line 4 by line 3 _____

Line 20 Alternative Energy Device Deduction

Columns A and B: If you install an alternative energy device in your Idaho residence, you can deduct a portion of the amount actually paid or accrued (billed but not paid).

In the year the device is placed in service you can deduct 40% of the cost to construct, reconstruct, remodel, install or acquire the device but not more than \$5,000.

In the next three years after installation you can deduct 20% of these costs per year but not more than \$5,000 in any year.

Qualifying devices include:

- A system using solar radiation, wind or geothermal resource primarily to provide heating or cooling or produce electrical power or any combination thereof
- A fluid-to-air heat pump operating on a fluid reservoir heated by solar radiation or geothermal resource but not an air-to-air heat pump unless it uses geothermal resources as part of the system
- A natural gas or propane heating unit that replaces a noncertified wood stove
- An Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)-certified wood stove or pellet stove meeting the most current industry and state standards that replaces a noncertified wood stove

A noncertified wood stove is a wood stove that doesn't meet the most current EPA standards. You must take the noncertified wood stove to a site authorized by the Division of Environmental Quality (DEQ) within 30 days from the date of purchase of the qualifying device. The DEQ will give you a receipt to verify they received and destroyed the noncertified wood stove.

You must install the natural gas or propane heating unit, the EPA-certified wood stove or pellet stove the same tax year that you surrender the nonqualifying wood stove to the DEQ.

Lines 20a – 20d

Complete the lines that apply to the year you acquired the device. For example, if your device was acquired in 2016, complete line 20d. Enter the device type and total cost. Multiply the total cost by the appropriate percentage. Line 20e can't be more than \$5,000.

Line 22 Retirement Benefits Deduction for Qualified Retirement Benefits

You may be able to deduct some of the qualifying retirement benefits and annuities you receive.

The Idaho Retirement Benefits Deduction has a two-part qualification. You must qualify for **both parts** to receive this deduction.

Part One – Age, Disability and Marital/Filing Status

The recipients must be at least age 65 or be classified as disabled and be at least age 62.

The following individuals are classified as disabled:

- An individual recognized as disabled by the Social Security Administration, the Railroad Retirement Board or the Office of Management and Budget
- A veteran of a U.S. war with a service-connected disability rating of 10% or more
- A veteran of a U.S. war with a nonservice-connected disability pension
- A person who has a physician-certified permanent disability with no expectation of improvement

If you're married, you can't claim this deduction if you file separately. If you're an unremarried widow or widower of a pensioner and receive qualifying survivor benefits, you may be eligible to claim the retirement benefit deduction if you meet the age/disability requirements.

Part Two – Qualified Retirement Benefits

The recipients must meet the requirements in Part One **and** your qualified retirement benefits must be one of the following:

- **Civil Service Employees:** Retirement annuities paid by the United States of America Civil Service Retirement System (CSRS), the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System (FSRDS) or the offset programs of these two systems. To qualify for the deduction, the employees must have established eligibility before 1984. Retirement annuities paid to a retired federal employee under the Federal Employees Retirement System (FERS) don't qualify for the deduction. If you received a CSA-1099, you can tell if your benefits are paid under the CSRS or FERS by looking at the first digit of the account number shown on your CSA-1099. If the first digit is 7, the benefits are paid out of FERS and don't qualify.

If the first digit is 8, look at your Notice of Annuity Adjustment from the Office of Personnel Management. The notice shows how much of your benefits are paid from CSRS and how much are paid from FERS. Only the portion paid from CSRS qualifies for this deduction. If the first digit is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, the benefits are paid out of CSRS.

- **Idaho Firefighters:** Retirement benefits paid by the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI) relating to the Firemen's Retirement Fund. If you received a 1099R and your account number includes the FRF (Firemen's Retirement Fund) designation, your benefits may qualify for the deduction. Benefits paid out of the PERSI Base Plan don't qualify for the deduction.
- **Police Officers of an Idaho City:** Retirement benefits paid from the Policemen's Retirement Fund that no longer admits new members and, on January 1, 2012, was administered by an Idaho city or PERSI. Also, benefits paid by PERSI relating to Idaho police officer employment not included in the federal Social Security retirement system. For example, benefits paid out of the city police retirement funds for the cities of Coeur d'Alene, Lewiston and Pocatello may qualify for the deduction. Similarly, benefits paid by PERSI relating to the old Idaho Falls Policemen's Retirement Fund may qualify for the deduction. If you received a 1099R and your account number includes the IFP (Idaho Falls Police) designation, your benefits may qualify for the deduction. Benefits paid out of the PERSI Base Plan don't qualify for the deduction.
- **Service Members:** Retirement benefits paid by the United States to a retired member of the U.S. military.

Disability pension paid by the Federal Railroad Retirement Act may not be included on your Form RRB-1099 or RRB-1099-R, if you're under the minimum retirement age. Instead it may be included on Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1 as wages.

The maximum amounts that can be deducted for 2019 are:

Married filing jointly:

- Recipient age 65 or older \$51,498
- Recipient age 62 or older and disabled \$51,498

Single:

- Age 65 or older \$34,332
- Age 62 or older and disabled \$34,332

These amounts must be reduced by retirement benefits received by you and your spouse under the Federal Social Security Act and the Federal Railroad Retirement Act.

Include with your return Form 1099s for all qualified retirement benefits claimed.

Line 22a. Enter \$51,498 or \$34,332, whichever is applicable to your filing status. **Note:** Only one deduction is allowed even though you and your spouse receive more than one annuity.

Line 22b. Enter the amount of retirement benefits you (and your spouse) received under the Federal Railroad Retirement Act.

Include on this line:

- The net Social Security equivalent benefit portion from federal Form RRB-1099, Box 5
- The “total gross paid” amount from federal Form RRB-1099-R, Box 7, minus any repayment from Box 8 and
- Any railroad retirement disability benefit included as wages on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, line 1

Line 22c. Enter the amount of retirement benefits you (and your spouse) received under the Federal Social Security Act, Box 5 of your Form SSA-1099s. If you or your spouse received Canadian Social Security benefits that you included in your federal taxable income, include those amounts received.

Line 22e. Enter the amount of qualified retirement benefits included on Form 43, line 28, Column A.

Line 22g. Enter the amount of qualified retirement benefits included in Idaho gross income. This amount must have been included on Form 43, line 28, Column B.

Line 22h. Divide line 22g, Column B, by line 22e, Column A. Round the percentage to the nearest whole number. For example, 45.49% is entered as 45%; 45.50% is entered as 46%.

Line 23 Nonresident Military Pay

Column A: If you're a nonresident of Idaho, enter the amount of military pay included on Form 43, line 28, Column A.

Line 24 Bonus Depreciation

If you claimed the bonus depreciation for federal purposes for property acquired before 2008 or after 2009:

- Complete a separate federal Form 4562 or detailed computation for Idaho depreciation purposes as if the special depreciation allowance hadn't been claimed
- Compute the Idaho adjusted basis and any gains or losses from the sale or exchange of the property using the Idaho depreciation amounts
- If the federal depreciation (including gains and losses) is less than the Idaho depreciation (including gains and losses), include the difference on this line; otherwise, enter the difference on Part A, line 3

Include the federal Form 4562s or detailed computations used to compute the depreciation and gains and losses.

Don't enter any amounts for property acquired during 2008 and 2009.

Column A: If the federal depreciation (including gains and losses) is less than the depreciation (including gains and losses) calculated without the bonus depreciation, include the difference on this line.

If you're a shareholder in an S corporation or a partner in a partnership that has Idaho-source income, include your distributive share of bonus depreciation from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column A, line 27.

Column B: If the federal depreciation (including gains and losses) is less than the Idaho depreciation (including Idaho gains and losses), include the difference on this line.

Enter on this line your apportioned share of bonus depreciation from Form ID K-1, Part IV, Column B, line 27. The amount must be included as part of Form 43, line 27, Idaho Adjusted Gross Income.

Line 25 Other Subtractions

Columns A and B: Identify any other subtraction you're eligible for and claim the amount on this line.

Don't include foreign taxes as a subtraction since they're claimed as part of the Idaho itemized deduction, if allowed. See the instructions for **Itemized or Standard Deductions**. Don't include other subtractions from Form ID K-1, Part IV, line 28 on this line. Include those other subtractions on line 15.

On this line in the applicable column, include interest from Idaho Build America Bonds that was included on Form 43, line 28, Columns A and B. Don't include on this line any interest from non-Idaho Build America Bonds.

Part C — Credit for Income Tax Paid to Other States by Part-year Residents

When both Idaho and another state tax the same income while you're an Idaho resident, you may be eligible for a credit for tax paid to the other state.

Use this section to compute the credit. Include a complete copy of the other state's income tax return and Idaho Form 39NR with your income tax return. If your S corporation or partnership paid income tax to another state on your behalf, include a copy of Form ID K-1 or the schedule received from the S corporation or partnership that paid the tax. If credit applies to more than one state, use a separate Form 39NR for each state.

Examples of income that both Idaho and another state may tax include:

- Wages earned in another state that has an income tax, such as Oregon or Utah, while living in Idaho
- Income from a business or profession earned in another state that has an income tax, while a resident of Idaho

Line 1. Enter your Idaho adjusted income from Form 43, line 32, Column B, if you reported the double-taxed income on an individual income tax return in the other state. If the double-taxed income was reported to the other state and taxed as part of an S corporation or partnership composite or group return, enter your federal adjusted gross income from Form 43, line 28, Column A.

Line 2. Enter the total portion of federal adjusted gross income derived in the other state modified to reflect Idaho additions and subtractions. In computing the income derived in the other state, reverse any adjustments to federal taxable income allowed by the other state that aren't applicable to Idaho.

Enter your adjusted gross income from the other state restated to a basis comparable to Idaho adjusted income. For example, if the other state taxes interest received from U.S. obligations, deduct this amount from the other state's adjusted gross income as Idaho doesn't tax this interest.

If your income derived in the other state includes income from an S corporation, partnership, trust or estate, enter your share of the entity's taxable income correctly reported to the other state plus any other Idaho adjusted gross income from sources in the other state.

Line 3. Enter the amount of income that is taxed twice. Only income that is taxed by Idaho and also taxed by another state is double-taxed.

Line 4. Enter the tax shown on Form 43, line 42.

Line 5. Divide line 3 by line 1. Round to four digits to the right of the decimal point. For example .66666 is rounded to .6667 and should be entered as 66.67%. The percentage can't exceed 100%.

Line 7. Enter the other state's tax due from its tax table or rate schedule less its income tax credits. If your income derived in the other state was reported on a composite or group return filed by an S corporation or partnership, enter your proportionate share of the tax paid by the S corporation or partnership minus your proportionate share of the income tax credits. Income tax credits are those credits that relate to income tax. An example of a credit that isn't an income tax credit is a special fuels or gasoline tax credit.

Line 8. Divide line 3 by line 2. Round to four digits to the right of the decimal point. For example .66666 is rounded to .6667 and is entered as 66.67%. The percentage can't be more than 100%.

Line 10. Your allowable credit for income tax paid to other states is the smaller of lines 5 or 6. Enter this amount on Form 43, line 43.

Part D — Credit for Income Tax Paid to Other States by Idaho Residents on Active Military Duty

When both Idaho and another state tax the same income, you may be eligible for a credit for tax paid to the other state.

Use this section to compute the credit. You must include a complete copy of the other state's income tax return and Idaho Form 39NR with your income tax return. If your S corporation or partnership paid income tax to another state on your behalf, include a copy of Form ID K-1 or the schedule you received from the S corporation or partnership that paid the tax. If credit applies to more than one state, use a separate Form 39NR for each state.

Examples of income that both Idaho and another state may tax include:

- Wages earned in another state that has an income tax, such as Oregon or Utah, while living in Idaho

- Income from a business or profession earned in another state that has an income tax, while a resident of Idaho

Line 1. Enter the tax shown on Form 43, line 42.

Line 2. Enter the total portion of federal adjusted gross income derived in the other state, modified to reflect Idaho additions and subtractions. In computing the income derived in the other state, you must reverse any adjustments to federal taxable income allowed by the other state that aren't applicable to Idaho.

Enter your adjusted gross income from the other state restated to a basis comparable to Idaho adjusted income. For example, if the other state taxes interest received from U.S. obligations, deduct this amount from the other state's adjusted gross income as Idaho doesn't tax this interest.

If your income derived in the other state includes income from an S corporation, partnership, trust or estate, enter your share of the entity's taxable income correctly reported to the other state plus any other Idaho adjusted gross income from sources in the other state.

Line 3. Enter your Idaho adjusted income from Form 43, line 32, Column B, if you reported the double-taxed income on an individual income tax return in the other state. However, if the double-taxed income was reported to the other state and taxed as part of an S corporation or partnership composite or group return, enter your federal adjusted gross income from Form 43, line 28, Column A.

Line 4. Divide line 2 by line 3. Round to four digits to the right of the decimal point. For example .66666 is rounded to .6667 and should be entered as 66.67%. The percentage can't exceed 100%.

Line 6. Enter the other state's tax due from its tax table or rate schedule less its income tax credits. If your income derived in the other state was reported on a composite or group return filed by an S corporation or partnership, enter your proportionate share of the tax paid by the S corporation or partnership minus your proportionate share of the income tax credits. Income tax credits are those credits that relate to income tax. An example of a credit that isn't an income tax credit is a special fuels or gasoline tax credit.

Line 7. Your allowable credit for income tax paid to other states is the smaller of lines 5 or 6. Enter this amount on Form 43, line 43.

Part E — Credits for Idaho Educational Entity and Idaho Youth and Rehabilitation Facility Contributions, and Live Organ Donation Expenses

Line 1 Credit for Idaho Educational Entity Contributions

If you donated cash to qualified educational entities, you can claim a tax credit. Donation of goods or services don't qualify.

The credit is limited to the smallest of:

- One-half of the amount donated
- 50% of the tax on Form 43, line 42
- \$500 (\$1,000 on a joint return)
- The tax on Form 43, line 42 less the amount on Form 43, line 43

When determining the amount of credit, you should include amounts from Form ID K-1, Part VIII, line 55 in your calculations.

A qualified educational entity includes:

- A nonprofit corporation, fund, foundation, research park, trust or association organized and operated exclusively for the benefit of Idaho colleges and universities
- A nonprofit, private or public Idaho school (elementary, secondary or higher education) or its foundation
- Idaho education public broadcast system foundations
- The Idaho State Historical Society or its foundation
- An Idaho public library or its foundation
- An Idaho library district or its foundation
- An Idaho public or private nonprofit museum
- The Idaho Commission for Libraries
- Idaho Commission on Hispanic Affairs
- Idaho Commission for the Blind and Visually Impaired
- Idaho Council on Developmental Disabilities
- Idaho State Independent Living Council
- Idaho Council for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing
- Idaho STEM Action Center
- Medical residency programs or support organizations devoted to training residents in Idaho

Line 2 Credit for Idaho Youth and Rehabilitation Facility Contributions

You can claim this credit if you donated cash or goods to the following:

- Qualified center for independent living
- Youth or rehabilitation facility or its foundation or
- Nonprofit substance abuse center licensed by the Idaho Department of Health and Welfare

The credit is limited to the smallest of:

- One-half of the amount donated
- 20% of the tax on Form 43, line 42
- \$100 (\$200 on a joint return)
- The tax on Form 43, line 42 less the amounts on Form 43 line 43 and Form 39NR, Part E, line 1

When determining the amount of credit, include amounts from Form ID K-1, Part VIII, line 56 in your calculations.

The qualified youth or rehabilitation facilities and their foundations are:

- Anchor House, Coeur d'Alene
- The Arc, Inc., Boise
- The Children's Home Society of Idaho, Inc., Boise
- Children's Village, Inc., Coeur d'Alene
- Dawn Enterprises, Inc., Blackfoot
- Development Workshop, Inc., Idaho Falls
- Gem Youth Services, Inc., Emmett
- Hope House, Inc., Nampa
- Idaho Drug Free Youth, Inc., Coeur d'Alene
- Idaho Elks Rehabilitation Hospital, Inc., Boise
- Idaho Youth Ranch
- Kinderhaven, Sandpoint
- Learning Lab, Inc., Boise
- Magic Valley Rehabilitation Services, Inc., Twin Falls
- New Day Products, Inc., Pocatello
- Northwest (North Idaho) Children's Home, Inc.
- Opportunities Unlimited, Inc., Lewiston
- Panhandle Special Needs, Inc., Sandpoint
- Project P.A.T.C.H., Planned Assistance for Troubled Children
- Shepherd's Home, Inc., McCall

- Transitional Employment Services for the Handicapped, Coeur d'Alene
- Walker Center, Gooding
- Western Idaho Training Co. Inc., Caldwell
- Women's and Children's Alliance
- Winchester Occupational Workshop, Winchester

The following are the qualified centers for independent living:

- Disability Action Center Northwest, Moscow and Coeur d'Alene
- Living Independence Network Corporation, Boise and Twin Falls
- Living Independently for Everyone, Inc., Blackfoot, Idaho Falls and Pocatello

Line 3 Credit for Live Organ Donation Expenses

A living taxpayer who donates (or whose dependent donates) a qualified organ that's transplanted into another individual can claim a credit for expenses related to the donation.

The credit can't be more than the taxpayer's tax liability and is limited to the smaller of:

- The amount of live organ donation expenses paid by the taxpayer during the tax year or
- \$5,000

Any unused credit can be carried over for five years.

To claim the credit, you must donate one or more of the following organs:

- Human bone marrow
- Any part of an:
 - Intestine
 - Kidney
 - Liver
 - Lung
 - Pancreas

Qualified expenses are those incurred by the taxpayer or dependent for travel, lodging or lost wages and aren't reimbursed to the taxpayer. The expenses must be directly related to the live organ donation by the taxpayer or a dependent of the taxpayer.

Part F — Maintaining a Home for a Family Member Age 65 or Older or a Family Member with a Developmental Disability

If you didn't claim the \$1,000 deduction on Part B, line 11, you can claim a \$100 credit for each family member, not including yourself or your spouse who:

- Is age 65 or older
- You maintain a household for and
- You provide more than one-half of the family member's support for the year

If the home was maintained for the family member less than a full year, the credit is allowed at the rate of \$8.33 for each month the home was maintained.

You can claim this credit if your gross income is less than the filing requirement. File Form 43 and include Form 39NR.

Only residents, including Idaho residents on active military duty outside Idaho, can claim this credit.

Lines 1 and 2. Answer the two questions. If you answer yes to either question, you qualify.

Line 3. Enter the family member's name, Social Security number, relationship and date of birth for whom you maintain a home and provide more than one-half of their support. If the claim is for a family member with a developmental disability, check the box.

Line 4. Enter the total on Form 43, line 64.

Use the following tables if your taxable income is less than \$100,000.
If your taxable income is \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Rate Schedules on page 63.

Example: Mr. and Mrs. Brown are filing a joint return. Their taxable income on Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41, is \$25,360. First, they find the \$25,350 – \$25,400 income line. Next, they find the column for married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the income line and filing status column meet is \$1,226. This is the tax amount they must write on Form 40, line 20 or Form 43, line 42.

At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
		Your tax is –	
25,300	25,350	1,488	1,222
25,350	25,400	1,491	1,226
25,400	25,450	1,495	1,229

If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is	
At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
\$0				\$2,000				\$4,000			
		Your tax is —				Your tax is —				Your tax is —	
0	50	0	0	2,000	2,050	32	23	4,000	4,050	100	64
50	100	1	1	2,050	2,100	34	23	4,050	4,100	102	66
100	150	1	1	2,100	2,150	36	24	4,100	4,150	103	67
150	200	2	2	2,150	2,200	37	24	4,150	4,200	105	69
200	250	3	3	2,200	2,250	39	25	4,200	4,250	107	70
250	300	3	3	2,250	2,300	40	26	4,250	4,300	109	72
300	350	4	4	2,300	2,350	42	26	4,300	4,350	111	74
350	400	4	4	2,350	2,400	43	27	4,350	4,400	112	75
400	450	5	5	2,400	2,450	45	27	4,400	4,450	114	77
450	500	5	5	2,450	2,500	47	28	4,450	4,500	116	78
500	550	6	6	2,500	2,550	48	28	4,500	4,550	118	80
550	600	6	6	2,550	2,600	50	29	4,550	4,600	120	81
600	650	7	7	2,600	2,650	51	30	4,600	4,650	121	83
650	700	8	8	2,650	2,700	53	30	4,650	4,700	124	84
700	750	8	8	2,700	2,750	54	31	4,700	4,750	126	86
750	800	9	9	2,750	2,800	56	31	4,750	4,800	128	88
800	850	9	9	2,800	2,850	57	32	4,800	4,850	131	89
850	900	10	10	2,850	2,900	59	32	4,850	4,900	133	91
900	950	10	10	2,900	2,950	61	33	4,900	4,950	135	92
950	1,000	11	11	2,950	3,000	62	33	4,950	5,000	138	94
\$1,000				\$3,000				\$5,000			
1,000	1,050	12	12	3,000	3,050	64	34	5,000	5,050	140	95
1,050	1,100	12	12	3,050	3,100	65	35	5,050	5,100	142	97
1,100	1,150	13	13	3,100	3,150	67	36	5,100	5,150	145	99
1,150	1,200	13	13	3,150	3,200	69	38	5,150	5,200	147	100
1,200	1,250	14	14	3,200	3,250	71	39	5,200	5,250	149	102
1,250	1,300	14	14	3,250	3,300	73	41	5,250	5,300	152	103
1,300	1,350	15	15	3,300	3,350	74	42	5,300	5,350	154	105
1,350	1,400	15	15	3,350	3,400	76	44	5,350	5,400	156	106
1,400	1,450	16	16	3,400	3,450	78	45	5,400	5,450	158	108
1,450	1,500	17	17	3,450	3,500	80	47	5,450	5,500	161	109
1,500	1,550	17	17	3,500	3,550	82	49	5,500	5,550	163	111
1,550	1,600	18	18	3,550	3,600	83	50	5,550	5,600	165	113
1,600	1,650	20	18	3,600	3,650	85	52	5,600	5,650	168	114
1,650	1,700	22	19	3,650	3,700	87	53	5,650	5,700	170	116
1,700	1,750	23	19	3,700	3,750	89	55	5,700	5,750	172	117
1,750	1,800	25	20	3,750	3,800	91	56	5,750	5,800	175	119
1,800	1,850	26	21	3,800	3,850	92	58	5,800	5,850	177	120
1,850	1,900	28	21	3,850	3,900	94	59	5,850	5,900	179	122
1,900	1,950	29	22	3,900	3,950	96	61	5,900	5,950	182	124
1,950	2,000	31	22	3,950	4,000	98	63	5,950	6,000	184	125

*This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is	
At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
\$6,000 Your tax is —				\$9,000 Your tax is —				\$12,000 Your tax is —			
6,000	6,050	186	127	9,000	9,050	367	235	12,000	12,050	567	371
6,050	6,100	189	128	9,050	9,100	370	237	12,050	12,100	570	374
6,100	6,150	191	130	9,100	9,150	373	238	12,100	12,150	574	376
6,150	6,200	193	131	9,150	9,200	377	240	12,150	12,200	577	378
6,200	6,250	196	133	9,200	9,250	380	242	12,200	12,250	581	381
6,250	6,300	199	135	9,250	9,300	383	244	12,250	12,300	584	383
6,300	6,350	202	137	9,300	9,350	387	246	12,300	12,350	588	385
6,350	6,400	205	139	9,350	9,400	390	249	12,350	12,400	591	388
6,400	6,450	207	140	9,400	9,450	393	251	12,400	12,450	595	391
6,450	6,500	210	142	9,450	9,500	397	253	12,450	12,500	598	394
6,500	6,550	213	144	9,500	9,550	400	256	12,500	12,550	602	396
6,550	6,600	216	146	9,550	9,600	403	258	12,550	12,600	605	399
6,600	6,650	219	148	9,600	9,650	407	260	12,600	12,650	609	402
6,650	6,700	221	150	9,650	9,700	410	263	12,650	12,700	612	405
6,700	6,750	224	151	9,700	9,750	413	265	12,700	12,750	615	408
6,750	6,800	227	153	9,750	9,800	416	267	12,750	12,800	619	411
6,800	6,850	230	155	9,800	9,850	420	270	12,800	12,850	622	413
6,850	6,900	233	157	9,850	9,900	423	272	12,850	12,900	626	416
6,900	6,950	235	159	9,900	9,950	426	274	12,900	12,950	629	419
6,950	7,000	238	160	9,950	10,000	430	276	12,950	13,000	633	422
\$7,000 Your tax is —				\$10,000 Your tax is —				\$13,000 Your tax is —			
7,000	7,050	241	162	10,000	10,050	433	279	13,000	13,050	636	425
7,050	7,100	244	164	10,050	10,100	436	281	13,050	13,100	640	427
7,100	7,150	247	166	10,100	10,150	440	283	13,100	13,150	643	430
7,150	7,200	250	168	10,150	10,200	443	286	13,150	13,200	647	433
7,200	7,250	252	169	10,200	10,250	446	288	13,200	13,250	650	436
7,250	7,300	255	171	10,250	10,300	450	290	13,250	13,300	654	439
7,300	7,350	258	173	10,300	10,350	453	293	13,300	13,350	657	441
7,350	7,400	261	175	10,350	10,400	456	295	13,350	13,400	660	444
7,400	7,450	264	177	10,400	10,450	460	297	13,400	13,450	664	447
7,450	7,500	266	179	10,450	10,500	463	300	13,450	13,500	667	450
7,500	7,550	269	180	10,500	10,550	466	302	13,500	13,550	671	453
7,550	7,600	272	182	10,550	10,600	469	304	13,550	13,600	674	456
7,600	7,650	275	184	10,600	10,650	473	307	13,600	13,650	678	458
7,650	7,700	278	186	10,650	10,700	476	309	13,650	13,700	681	461
7,700	7,750	281	188	10,700	10,750	479	311	13,700	13,750	685	464
7,750	7,800	284	189	10,750	10,800	483	313	13,750	13,800	688	467
7,800	7,850	287	191	10,800	10,850	486	316	13,800	13,850	692	470
7,850	7,900	291	193	10,850	10,900	489	318	13,850	13,900	695	472
7,900	7,950	294	195	10,900	10,950	493	320	13,900	13,950	699	475
7,950	8,000	297	197	10,950	11,000	496	323	13,950	14,000	702	478
\$8,000 Your tax is —				\$11,000 Your tax is —				\$14,000 Your tax is —			
8,000	8,050	301	198	11,000	11,050	499	325	14,000	14,050	705	481
8,050	8,100	304	200	11,050	11,100	503	327	14,050	14,100	709	484
8,100	8,150	307	202	11,100	11,150	506	330	14,100	14,150	712	486
8,150	8,200	310	204	11,150	11,200	509	332	14,150	14,200	716	489
8,200	8,250	314	206	11,200	11,250	513	334	14,200	14,250	719	492
8,250	8,300	317	208	11,250	11,300	516	337	14,250	14,300	723	495
8,300	8,350	320	209	11,300	11,350	519	339	14,300	14,350	726	498
8,350	8,400	324	211	11,350	11,400	522	341	14,350	14,400	730	501
8,400	8,450	327	213	11,400	11,450	526	344	14,400	14,450	733	503
8,450	8,500	330	215	11,450	11,500	529	346	14,450	14,500	737	506
8,500	8,550	334	217	11,500	11,550	532	348	14,500	14,550	740	509
8,550	8,600	337	218	11,550	11,600	536	350	14,550	14,600	744	512
8,600	8,650	340	220	11,600	11,650	539	353	14,600	14,650	747	515
8,650	8,700	344	222	11,650	11,700	543	355	14,650	14,700	750	517
8,700	8,750	347	224	11,700	11,750	546	357	14,700	14,750	754	520
8,750	8,800	350	226	11,750	11,800	550	360	14,750	14,800	757	523
8,800	8,850	354	227	11,800	11,850	553	362	14,800	14,850	761	526
8,850	8,900	357	229	11,850	11,900	557	364	14,850	14,900	764	529
8,900	8,950	360	231	11,900	11,950	560	367	14,900	14,950	768	531
8,950	9,000	363	233	11,950	12,000	564	369	14,950	15,000	771	534

*This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is	
At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
\$15,000 Your tax is —				\$18,000 Your tax is —				\$21,000 Your tax is —			
15,000	15,050	775	537	18,000	18,050	982	732	21,000	21,050	1,190	931
15,050	15,100	778	540	18,050	18,100	986	735	21,050	21,100	1,194	934
15,100	15,150	782	543	18,100	18,150	989	739	21,100	21,150	1,197	937
15,150	15,200	785	546	18,150	18,200	993	742	21,150	21,200	1,201	941
15,200	15,250	789	548	18,200	18,250	996	745	21,200	21,250	1,204	944
15,250	15,300	792	551	18,250	18,300	1,000	749	21,250	21,300	1,208	947
15,300	15,350	796	554	18,300	18,350	1,003	752	21,300	21,350	1,211	951
15,350	15,400	799	557	18,350	18,400	1,007	755	21,350	21,400	1,214	954
15,400	15,450	802	560	18,400	18,450	1,010	758	21,400	21,450	1,218	957
15,450	15,500	806	563	18,450	18,500	1,014	762	21,450	21,500	1,221	961
15,500	15,550	809	566	18,500	18,550	1,017	765	21,500	21,550	1,225	964
15,550	15,600	813	570	18,550	18,600	1,021	768	21,550	21,600	1,228	967
15,600	15,650	816	573	18,600	18,650	1,024	772	21,600	21,650	1,232	970
15,650	15,700	820	576	18,650	18,700	1,027	775	21,650	21,700	1,235	974
15,700	15,750	823	580	18,700	18,750	1,031	778	21,700	21,750	1,239	977
15,750	15,800	827	583	18,750	18,800	1,034	782	21,750	21,800	1,242	980
15,800	15,850	830	586	18,800	18,850	1,038	785	21,800	21,850	1,246	984
15,850	15,900	834	590	18,850	18,900	1,041	788	21,850	21,900	1,249	987
15,900	15,950	837	593	18,900	18,950	1,045	792	21,900	21,950	1,253	990
15,950	16,000	841	596	18,950	19,000	1,048	795	21,950	22,000	1,256	994
\$16,000				\$19,000				\$22,000			
16,000	16,050	844	599	19,000	19,050	1,052	798	22,000	22,050	1,259	997
16,050	16,100	847	603	19,050	19,100	1,055	802	22,050	22,100	1,263	1,000
16,100	16,150	851	606	19,100	19,150	1,059	805	22,100	22,150	1,266	1,004
16,150	16,200	854	609	19,150	19,200	1,062	808	22,150	22,200	1,270	1,007
16,200	16,250	858	613	19,200	19,250	1,066	811	22,200	22,250	1,273	1,010
16,250	16,300	861	616	19,250	19,300	1,069	815	22,250	22,300	1,277	1,014
16,300	16,350	865	619	19,300	19,350	1,073	818	22,300	22,350	1,280	1,017
16,350	16,400	868	623	19,350	19,400	1,076	821	22,350	22,400	1,284	1,020
16,400	16,450	872	626	19,400	19,450	1,079	825	22,400	22,450	1,287	1,023
16,450	16,500	875	629	19,450	19,500	1,083	828	22,450	22,500	1,291	1,027
16,500	16,550	879	633	19,500	19,550	1,086	831	22,500	22,550	1,294	1,030
16,550	16,600	882	636	19,550	19,600	1,090	835	22,550	22,600	1,298	1,033
16,600	16,650	886	639	19,600	19,650	1,093	838	22,600	22,650	1,301	1,037
16,650	16,700	889	643	19,650	19,700	1,097	841	22,650	22,700	1,304	1,040
16,700	16,750	892	646	19,700	19,750	1,100	845	22,700	22,750	1,308	1,043
16,750	16,800	896	649	19,750	19,800	1,104	848	22,750	22,800	1,311	1,047
16,800	16,850	899	652	19,800	19,850	1,107	851	22,800	22,850	1,315	1,050
16,850	16,900	903	656	19,850	19,900	1,111	855	22,850	22,900	1,318	1,053
16,900	16,950	906	659	19,900	19,950	1,114	858	22,900	22,950	1,322	1,057
16,950	17,000	910	662	19,950	20,000	1,118	861	22,950	23,000	1,325	1,060
\$17,000				\$20,000				\$23,000			
17,000	17,050	913	666	20,000	20,050	1,121	864	23,000	23,050	1,329	1,063
17,050	17,100	917	669	20,050	20,100	1,124	868	23,050	23,100	1,332	1,067
17,100	17,150	920	672	20,100	20,150	1,128	871	23,100	23,150	1,336	1,070
17,150	17,200	924	676	20,150	20,200	1,131	874	23,150	23,200	1,339	1,073
17,200	17,250	927	679	20,200	20,250	1,135	878	23,200	23,250	1,343	1,077
17,250	17,300	931	682	20,250	20,300	1,138	881	23,250	23,300	1,346	1,080
17,300	17,350	934	686	20,300	20,350	1,142	884	23,300	23,350	1,350	1,084
17,350	17,400	937	689	20,350	20,400	1,145	888	23,350	23,400	1,353	1,087
17,400	17,450	941	692	20,400	20,450	1,149	891	23,400	23,450	1,356	1,091
17,450	17,500	944	696	20,450	20,500	1,152	894	23,450	23,500	1,360	1,094
17,500	17,550	948	699	20,500	20,550	1,156	898	23,500	23,550	1,363	1,098
17,550	17,600	951	702	20,550	20,600	1,159	901	23,550	23,600	1,367	1,101
17,600	17,650	955	705	20,600	20,650	1,163	904	23,600	23,650	1,370	1,105
17,650	17,700	958	709	20,650	20,700	1,166	908	23,650	23,700	1,374	1,108
17,700	17,750	962	712	20,700	20,750	1,169	911	23,700	23,750	1,377	1,111
17,750	17,800	965	715	20,750	20,800	1,173	914	23,750	23,800	1,381	1,115
17,800	17,850	969	719	20,800	20,850	1,176	917	23,800	23,850	1,384	1,118
17,850	17,900	972	722	20,850	20,900	1,180	921	23,850	23,900	1,388	1,122
17,900	17,950	976	725	20,900	20,950	1,183	924	23,900	23,950	1,391	1,125
17,950	18,000	979	729	20,950	21,000	1,187	927	23,950	24,000	1,395	1,129

*This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is	
At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
\$24,000				\$27,000				\$30,000			
		Your tax is —				Your tax is —				Your tax is —	
24,000	24,050	1,398	1,132	27,000	27,050	1,606	1,340	30,000	30,050	1,813	1,548
24,050	24,100	1,401	1,136	27,050	27,100	1,609	1,343	30,050	30,100	1,817	1,551
24,100	24,150	1,405	1,139	27,100	27,150	1,613	1,347	30,100	30,150	1,820	1,555
24,150	24,200	1,408	1,143	27,150	27,200	1,616	1,350	30,150	30,200	1,824	1,558
24,200	24,250	1,412	1,146	27,200	27,250	1,620	1,354	30,200	30,250	1,827	1,562
24,250	24,300	1,415	1,150	27,250	27,300	1,623	1,357	30,250	30,300	1,831	1,565
24,300	24,350	1,419	1,153	27,300	27,350	1,627	1,361	30,300	30,350	1,834	1,569
24,350	24,400	1,422	1,156	27,350	27,400	1,630	1,364	30,350	30,400	1,838	1,572
24,400	24,450	1,426	1,160	27,400	27,450	1,633	1,368	30,400	30,450	1,841	1,575
24,450	24,500	1,429	1,163	27,450	27,500	1,637	1,371	30,450	30,500	1,845	1,579
24,500	24,550	1,433	1,167	27,500	27,550	1,640	1,375	30,500	30,550	1,848	1,582
24,550	24,600	1,436	1,170	27,550	27,600	1,644	1,378	30,550	30,600	1,852	1,586
24,600	24,650	1,440	1,174	27,600	27,650	1,647	1,382	30,600	30,650	1,855	1,589
24,650	24,700	1,443	1,177	27,650	27,700	1,651	1,385	30,650	30,700	1,858	1,593
24,700	24,750	1,446	1,181	27,700	27,750	1,654	1,388	30,700	30,750	1,862	1,596
24,750	24,800	1,450	1,184	27,750	27,800	1,658	1,392	30,750	30,800	1,865	1,600
24,800	24,850	1,453	1,188	27,800	27,850	1,661	1,395	30,800	30,850	1,869	1,603
24,850	24,900	1,457	1,191	27,850	27,900	1,665	1,399	30,850	30,900	1,872	1,607
24,900	24,950	1,460	1,195	27,900	27,950	1,668	1,402	30,900	30,950	1,876	1,610
24,950	25,000	1,464	1,198	27,950	28,000	1,672	1,406	30,950	31,000	1,879	1,614
\$25,000				\$28,000				\$31,000			
25,000	25,050	1,467	1,201	28,000	28,050	1,675	1,409	31,000	31,050	1,883	1,617
25,050	25,100	1,471	1,205	28,050	28,100	1,678	1,413	31,050	31,100	1,886	1,620
25,100	25,150	1,474	1,208	28,100	28,150	1,682	1,416	31,100	31,150	1,890	1,624
25,150	25,200	1,478	1,212	28,150	28,200	1,685	1,420	31,150	31,200	1,893	1,627
25,200	25,250	1,481	1,215	28,200	28,250	1,689	1,423	31,200	31,250	1,897	1,631
25,250	25,300	1,485	1,219	28,250	28,300	1,692	1,427	31,250	31,300	1,900	1,634
25,300	25,350	1,488	1,222	28,300	28,350	1,696	1,430	31,300	31,350	1,904	1,638
25,350	25,400	1,491	1,226	28,350	28,400	1,699	1,433	31,350	31,400	1,907	1,641
25,400	25,450	1,495	1,229	28,400	28,450	1,703	1,437	31,400	31,450	1,910	1,645
25,450	25,500	1,498	1,233	28,450	28,500	1,706	1,440	31,450	31,500	1,914	1,648
25,500	25,550	1,502	1,236	28,500	28,550	1,710	1,444	31,500	31,550	1,917	1,652
25,550	25,600	1,505	1,240	28,550	28,600	1,713	1,447	31,550	31,600	1,921	1,655
25,600	25,650	1,509	1,243	28,600	28,650	1,717	1,451	31,600	31,650	1,924	1,659
25,650	25,700	1,512	1,247	28,650	28,700	1,720	1,454	31,650	31,700	1,928	1,662
25,700	25,750	1,516	1,250	28,700	28,750	1,723	1,458	31,700	31,750	1,931	1,665
25,750	25,800	1,519	1,253	28,750	28,800	1,727	1,461	31,750	31,800	1,935	1,669
25,800	25,850	1,523	1,257	28,800	28,850	1,730	1,465	31,800	31,850	1,938	1,672
25,850	25,900	1,526	1,260	28,850	28,900	1,734	1,468	31,850	31,900	1,942	1,676
25,900	25,950	1,530	1,264	28,900	28,950	1,737	1,472	31,900	31,950	1,945	1,679
25,950	26,000	1,533	1,267	28,950	29,000	1,741	1,475	31,950	32,000	1,949	1,683
\$26,000				\$29,000				\$32,000			
26,000	26,050	1,536	1,271	29,000	29,050	1,744	1,478	32,000	32,050	1,952	1,686
26,050	26,100	1,540	1,274	29,050	29,100	1,748	1,482	32,050	32,100	1,955	1,690
26,100	26,150	1,543	1,278	29,100	29,150	1,751	1,485	32,100	32,150	1,959	1,693
26,150	26,200	1,547	1,281	29,150	29,200	1,755	1,489	32,150	32,200	1,962	1,697
26,200	26,250	1,550	1,285	29,200	29,250	1,758	1,492	32,200	32,250	1,966	1,700
26,250	26,300	1,554	1,288	29,250	29,300	1,762	1,496	32,250	32,300	1,969	1,704
26,300	26,350	1,557	1,292	29,300	29,350	1,765	1,499	32,300	32,350	1,973	1,707
26,350	26,400	1,561	1,295	29,350	29,400	1,768	1,503	32,350	32,400	1,976	1,710
26,400	26,450	1,564	1,298	29,400	29,450	1,772	1,506	32,400	32,450	1,980	1,714
26,450	26,500	1,568	1,302	29,450	29,500	1,775	1,510	32,450	32,500	1,983	1,717
26,500	26,550	1,571	1,305	29,500	29,550	1,779	1,513	32,500	32,550	1,987	1,721
26,550	26,600	1,575	1,309	29,550	29,600	1,782	1,517	32,550	32,600	1,990	1,724
26,600	26,650	1,578	1,312	29,600	29,650	1,786	1,520	32,600	32,650	1,994	1,728
26,650	26,700	1,581	1,316	29,650	29,700	1,789	1,524	32,650	32,700	1,997	1,731
26,700	26,750	1,585	1,319	29,700	29,750	1,793	1,527	32,700	32,750	2,000	1,735
26,750	26,800	1,588	1,323	29,750	29,800	1,796	1,530	32,750	32,800	2,004	1,738
26,800	26,850	1,592	1,326	29,800	29,850	1,800	1,534	32,800	32,850	2,007	1,742
26,850	26,900	1,595	1,330	29,850	29,900	1,803	1,537	32,850	32,900	2,011	1,745
26,900	26,950	1,599	1,333	29,900	29,950	1,807	1,541	32,900	32,950	2,014	1,749
26,950	27,000	1,602	1,337	29,950	30,000	1,810	1,544	32,950	33,000	2,018	1,752

*This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is	
At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
\$33,000 Your tax is —				\$36,000 Your tax is —				\$39,000 Your tax is —			
33,000	33,050	2,021	1,755	36,000	36,050	2,229	1,963	39,000	39,050	2,437	2,171
33,050	33,100	2,025	1,759	36,050	36,100	2,232	1,967	39,050	39,100	2,440	2,174
33,100	33,150	2,028	1,762	36,100	36,150	2,236	1,970	39,100	39,150	2,444	2,178
33,150	33,200	2,032	1,766	36,150	36,200	2,239	1,974	39,150	39,200	2,447	2,181
33,200	33,250	2,035	1,769	36,200	36,250	2,243	1,977	39,200	39,250	2,451	2,185
33,250	33,300	2,039	1,773	36,250	36,300	2,246	1,981	39,250	39,300	2,454	2,188
33,300	33,350	2,042	1,776	36,300	36,350	2,250	1,984	39,300	39,350	2,458	2,192
33,350	33,400	2,045	1,780	36,350	36,400	2,253	1,987	39,350	39,400	2,461	2,195
33,400	33,450	2,049	1,783	36,400	36,450	2,257	1,991	39,400	39,450	2,464	2,199
33,450	33,500	2,052	1,787	36,450	36,500	2,260	1,994	39,450	39,500	2,468	2,202
33,500	33,550	2,056	1,790	36,500	36,550	2,264	1,998	39,500	39,550	2,471	2,206
33,550	33,600	2,059	1,794	36,550	36,600	2,267	2,001	39,550	39,600	2,475	2,209
33,600	33,650	2,063	1,797	36,600	36,650	2,271	2,005	39,600	39,650	2,478	2,213
33,650	33,700	2,066	1,801	36,650	36,700	2,274	2,008	39,650	39,700	2,482	2,216
33,700	33,750	2,070	1,804	36,700	36,750	2,277	2,012	39,700	39,750	2,485	2,219
33,750	33,800	2,073	1,807	36,750	36,800	2,281	2,015	39,750	39,800	2,489	2,223
33,800	33,850	2,077	1,811	36,800	36,850	2,284	2,019	39,800	39,850	2,492	2,226
33,850	33,900	2,080	1,814	36,850	36,900	2,288	2,022	39,850	39,900	2,496	2,230
33,900	33,950	2,084	1,818	36,900	36,950	2,291	2,026	39,900	39,950	2,499	2,233
33,950	34,000	2,087	1,821	36,950	37,000	2,295	2,029	39,950	40,000	2,503	2,237
\$34,000				\$37,000				\$40,000			
34,000	34,050	2,090	1,825	37,000	37,050	2,298	2,032	40,000	40,050	2,506	2,240
34,050	34,100	2,094	1,828	37,050	37,100	2,302	2,036	40,050	40,100	2,509	2,244
34,100	34,150	2,097	1,832	37,100	37,150	2,305	2,039	40,100	40,150	2,513	2,247
34,150	34,200	2,101	1,835	37,150	37,200	2,309	2,043	40,150	40,200	2,516	2,251
34,200	34,250	2,104	1,839	37,200	37,250	2,312	2,046	40,200	40,250	2,520	2,254
34,250	34,300	2,108	1,842	37,250	37,300	2,316	2,050	40,250	40,300	2,523	2,258
34,300	34,350	2,111	1,846	37,300	37,350	2,319	2,053	40,300	40,350	2,527	2,261
34,350	34,400	2,115	1,849	37,350	37,400	2,322	2,057	40,350	40,400	2,530	2,264
34,400	34,450	2,118	1,852	37,400	37,450	2,326	2,060	40,400	40,450	2,534	2,268
34,450	34,500	2,122	1,856	37,450	37,500	2,329	2,064	40,450	40,500	2,537	2,271
34,500	34,550	2,125	1,859	37,500	37,550	2,333	2,067	40,500	40,550	2,541	2,275
34,550	34,600	2,129	1,863	37,550	37,600	2,336	2,071	40,550	40,600	2,544	2,278
34,600	34,650	2,132	1,866	37,600	37,650	2,340	2,074	40,600	40,650	2,548	2,282
34,650	34,700	2,135	1,870	37,650	37,700	2,343	2,078	40,650	40,700	2,551	2,285
34,700	34,750	2,139	1,873	37,700	37,750	2,347	2,081	40,700	40,750	2,554	2,289
34,750	34,800	2,142	1,877	37,750	37,800	2,350	2,084	40,750	40,800	2,558	2,292
34,800	34,850	2,146	1,880	37,800	37,850	2,354	2,088	40,800	40,850	2,561	2,296
34,850	34,900	2,149	1,884	37,850	37,900	2,357	2,091	40,850	40,900	2,565	2,299
34,900	34,950	2,153	1,887	37,900	37,950	2,361	2,095	40,900	40,950	2,568	2,303
34,950	35,000	2,156	1,891	37,950	38,000	2,364	2,098	40,950	41,000	2,572	2,306
\$35,000				\$38,000				\$41,000			
35,000	35,050	2,160	1,894	38,000	38,050	2,367	2,102	41,000	41,050	2,575	2,309
35,050	35,100	2,163	1,897	38,050	38,100	2,371	2,105	41,050	41,100	2,579	2,313
35,100	35,150	2,167	1,901	38,100	38,150	2,374	2,109	41,100	41,150	2,582	2,316
35,150	35,200	2,170	1,904	38,150	38,200	2,378	2,112	41,150	41,200	2,586	2,320
35,200	35,250	2,174	1,908	38,200	38,250	2,381	2,116	41,200	41,250	2,589	2,323
35,250	35,300	2,177	1,911	38,250	38,300	2,385	2,119	41,250	41,300	2,593	2,327
35,300	35,350	2,181	1,915	38,300	38,350	2,388	2,123	41,300	41,350	2,596	2,330
35,350	35,400	2,184	1,918	38,350	38,400	2,392	2,126	41,350	41,400	2,599	2,334
35,400	35,450	2,187	1,922	38,400	38,450	2,395	2,129	41,400	41,450	2,603	2,337
35,450	35,500	2,191	1,925	38,450	38,500	2,399	2,133	41,450	41,500	2,606	2,341
35,500	35,550	2,194	1,929	38,500	38,550	2,402	2,136	41,500	41,550	2,610	2,344
35,550	35,600	2,198	1,932	38,550	38,600	2,406	2,140	41,550	41,600	2,613	2,348
35,600	35,650	2,201	1,936	38,600	38,650	2,409	2,143	41,600	41,650	2,617	2,351
35,650	35,700	2,205	1,939	38,650	38,700	2,412	2,147	41,650	41,700	2,620	2,355
35,700	35,750	2,208	1,942	38,700	38,750	2,416	2,150	41,700	41,750	2,624	2,358
35,750	35,800	2,212	1,946	38,750	38,800	2,419	2,154	41,750	41,800	2,627	2,361
35,800	35,850	2,215	1,949	38,800	38,850	2,423	2,157	41,800	41,850	2,631	2,365
35,850	35,900	2,219	1,953	38,850	38,900	2,426	2,161	41,850	41,900	2,634	2,368
35,900	35,950	2,222	1,956	38,900	38,950	2,430	2,164	41,900	41,950	2,638	2,372
35,950	36,000	2,226	1,960	38,950	39,000	2,433	2,168	41,950	42,000	2,641	2,375

*This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is	
At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
\$42,000		Your tax is —		\$45,000		Your tax is —		\$48,000		Your tax is —	
42,000	42,050	2,644	2,379	45,000	45,050	2,852	2,586	48,000	48,050	3,060	2,794
42,050	42,100	2,648	2,382	45,050	45,100	2,856	2,590	48,050	48,100	3,063	2,798
42,100	42,150	2,651	2,386	45,100	45,150	2,859	2,593	48,100	48,150	3,067	2,801
42,150	42,200	2,655	2,389	45,150	45,200	2,863	2,597	48,150	48,200	3,070	2,805
42,200	42,250	2,658	2,393	45,200	45,250	2,866	2,600	48,200	48,250	3,074	2,808
42,250	42,300	2,662	2,396	45,250	45,300	2,870	2,604	48,250	48,300	3,077	2,812
42,300	42,350	2,665	2,400	45,300	45,350	2,873	2,607	48,300	48,350	3,081	2,815
42,350	42,400	2,669	2,403	45,350	45,400	2,876	2,611	48,350	48,400	3,084	2,818
42,400	42,450	2,672	2,406	45,400	45,450	2,880	2,614	48,400	48,450	3,088	2,822
42,450	42,500	2,676	2,410	45,450	45,500	2,883	2,618	48,450	48,500	3,091	2,825
42,500	42,550	2,679	2,413	45,500	45,550	2,887	2,621	48,500	48,550	3,095	2,829
42,550	42,600	2,683	2,417	45,550	45,600	2,890	2,625	48,550	48,600	3,098	2,832
42,600	42,650	2,686	2,420	45,600	45,650	2,894	2,628	48,600	48,650	3,102	2,836
42,650	42,700	2,689	2,424	45,650	45,700	2,897	2,632	48,650	48,700	3,105	2,839
42,700	42,750	2,693	2,427	45,700	45,750	2,901	2,635	48,700	48,750	3,108	2,843
42,750	42,800	2,696	2,431	45,750	45,800	2,904	2,638	48,750	48,800	3,112	2,846
42,800	42,850	2,700	2,434	45,800	45,850	2,908	2,642	48,800	48,850	3,115	2,850
42,850	42,900	2,703	2,438	45,850	45,900	2,911	2,645	48,850	48,900	3,119	2,853
42,900	42,950	2,707	2,441	45,900	45,950	2,915	2,649	48,900	48,950	3,122	2,857
42,950	43,000	2,710	2,445	45,950	46,000	2,918	2,652	48,950	49,000	3,126	2,860
\$43,000		Your tax is —		\$46,000		Your tax is —		\$49,000		Your tax is —	
43,000	43,050	2,714	2,448	46,000	46,050	2,921	2,656	49,000	49,050	3,129	2,863
43,050	43,100	2,717	2,451	46,050	46,100	2,925	2,659	49,050	49,100	3,133	2,867
43,100	43,150	2,721	2,455	46,100	46,150	2,928	2,663	49,100	49,150	3,136	2,870
43,150	43,200	2,724	2,458	46,150	46,200	2,932	2,666	49,150	49,200	3,140	2,874
43,200	43,250	2,728	2,462	46,200	46,250	2,935	2,670	49,200	49,250	3,143	2,877
43,250	43,300	2,731	2,465	46,250	46,300	2,939	2,673	49,250	49,300	3,147	2,881
43,300	43,350	2,735	2,469	46,300	46,350	2,942	2,677	49,300	49,350	3,150	2,884
43,350	43,400	2,738	2,472	46,350	46,400	2,946	2,680	49,350	49,400	3,153	2,888
43,400	43,450	2,741	2,476	46,400	46,450	2,949	2,683	49,400	49,450	3,157	2,891
43,450	43,500	2,745	2,479	46,450	46,500	2,953	2,687	49,450	49,500	3,160	2,895
43,500	43,550	2,748	2,483	46,500	46,550	2,956	2,690	49,500	49,550	3,164	2,898
43,550	43,600	2,752	2,486	46,550	46,600	2,960	2,694	49,550	49,600	3,167	2,902
43,600	43,650	2,755	2,490	46,600	46,650	2,963	2,697	49,600	49,650	3,171	2,905
43,650	43,700	2,759	2,493	46,650	46,700	2,966	2,701	49,650	49,700	3,174	2,909
43,700	43,750	2,762	2,496	46,700	46,750	2,970	2,704	49,700	49,750	3,178	2,912
43,750	43,800	2,766	2,500	46,750	46,800	2,973	2,708	49,750	49,800	3,181	2,915
43,800	43,850	2,769	2,503	46,800	46,850	2,977	2,711	49,800	49,850	3,185	2,919
43,850	43,900	2,773	2,507	46,850	46,900	2,980	2,715	49,850	49,900	3,188	2,922
43,900	43,950	2,776	2,510	46,900	46,950	2,984	2,718	49,900	49,950	3,192	2,926
43,950	44,000	2,780	2,514	46,950	47,000	2,987	2,722	49,950	50,000	3,195	2,929
\$44,000		Your tax is —		\$47,000		Your tax is —		\$50,000		Your tax is —	
44,000	44,050	2,783	2,517	47,000	47,050	2,991	2,725	50,000	50,050	3,198	2,933
44,050	44,100	2,786	2,521	47,050	47,100	2,994	2,728	50,050	50,100	3,202	2,936
44,100	44,150	2,790	2,524	47,100	47,150	2,998	2,732	50,100	50,150	3,205	2,940
44,150	44,200	2,793	2,528	47,150	47,200	3,001	2,735	50,150	50,200	3,209	2,943
44,200	44,250	2,797	2,531	47,200	47,250	3,005	2,739	50,200	50,250	3,212	2,947
44,250	44,300	2,800	2,535	47,250	47,300	3,008	2,742	50,250	50,300	3,216	2,950
44,300	44,350	2,804	2,538	47,300	47,350	3,012	2,746	50,300	50,350	3,219	2,954
44,350	44,400	2,807	2,541	47,350	47,400	3,015	2,749	50,350	50,400	3,223	2,957
44,400	44,450	2,811	2,545	47,400	47,450	3,018	2,753	50,400	50,450	3,226	2,960
44,450	44,500	2,814	2,548	47,450	47,500	3,022	2,756	50,450	50,500	3,230	2,964
44,500	44,550	2,818	2,552	47,500	47,550	3,025	2,760	50,500	50,550	3,233	2,967
44,550	44,600	2,821	2,555	47,550	47,600	3,029	2,763	50,550	50,600	3,237	2,971
44,600	44,650	2,825	2,559	47,600	47,650	3,032	2,767	50,600	50,650	3,240	2,974
44,650	44,700	2,828	2,562	47,650	47,700	3,036	2,770	50,650	50,700	3,243	2,978
44,700	44,750	2,831	2,566	47,700	47,750	3,039	2,773	50,700	50,750	3,247	2,981
44,750	44,800	2,835	2,569	47,750	47,800	3,043	2,777	50,750	50,800	3,250	2,985
44,800	44,850	2,838	2,573	47,800	47,850	3,046	2,780	50,800	50,850	3,254	2,988
44,850	44,900	2,842	2,576	47,850	47,900	3,050	2,784	50,850	50,900	3,257	2,992
44,900	44,950	2,845	2,580	47,900	47,950	3,053	2,787	50,900	50,950	3,261	2,995
44,950	45,000	2,849	2,583	47,950	48,000	3,057	2,791	50,950	51,000	3,264	2,999

*This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is	
At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
\$51,000		Your tax is —		\$54,000		Your tax is —		\$57,000		Your tax is —	
51,000	51,050	3,268	3,002	54,000	54,050	3,475	3,210	57,000	57,050	3,683	3,417
51,050	51,100	3,271	3,005	54,050	54,100	3,479	3,213	57,050	57,100	3,687	3,421
51,100	51,150	3,275	3,009	54,100	54,150	3,482	3,217	57,100	57,150	3,690	3,424
51,150	51,200	3,278	3,012	54,150	54,200	3,486	3,220	57,150	57,200	3,694	3,428
51,200	51,250	3,282	3,016	54,200	54,250	3,489	3,224	57,200	57,250	3,697	3,431
51,250	51,300	3,285	3,019	54,250	54,300	3,493	3,227	57,250	57,300	3,701	3,435
51,300	51,350	3,289	3,023	54,300	54,350	3,496	3,231	57,300	57,350	3,704	3,438
51,350	51,400	3,292	3,026	54,350	54,400	3,500	3,234	57,350	57,400	3,707	3,442
51,400	51,450	3,295	3,030	54,400	54,450	3,503	3,237	57,400	57,450	3,711	3,445
51,450	51,500	3,299	3,033	54,450	54,500	3,507	3,241	57,450	57,500	3,714	3,449
51,500	51,550	3,302	3,037	54,500	54,550	3,510	3,244	57,500	57,550	3,718	3,452
51,550	51,600	3,306	3,040	54,550	54,600	3,514	3,248	57,550	57,600	3,721	3,456
51,600	51,650	3,309	3,044	54,600	54,650	3,517	3,251	57,600	57,650	3,725	3,459
51,650	51,700	3,313	3,047	54,650	54,700	3,520	3,255	57,650	57,700	3,728	3,463
51,700	51,750	3,316	3,050	54,700	54,750	3,524	3,258	57,700	57,750	3,732	3,466
51,750	51,800	3,320	3,054	54,750	54,800	3,527	3,262	57,750	57,800	3,735	3,469
51,800	51,850	3,323	3,057	54,800	54,850	3,531	3,265	57,800	57,850	3,739	3,473
51,850	51,900	3,327	3,061	54,850	54,900	3,534	3,269	57,850	57,900	3,742	3,476
51,900	51,950	3,330	3,064	54,900	54,950	3,538	3,272	57,900	57,950	3,746	3,480
51,950	52,000	3,334	3,068	54,950	55,000	3,541	3,276	57,950	58,000	3,749	3,483
\$52,000		Your tax is —		\$55,000		Your tax is —		\$58,000		Your tax is —	
52,000	52,050	3,337	3,071	55,000	55,050	3,545	3,279	58,000	58,050	3,752	3,487
52,050	52,100	3,340	3,075	55,050	55,100	3,548	3,282	58,050	58,100	3,756	3,490
52,100	52,150	3,344	3,078	55,100	55,150	3,552	3,286	58,100	58,150	3,759	3,494
52,150	52,200	3,347	3,082	55,150	55,200	3,555	3,289	58,150	58,200	3,763	3,497
52,200	52,250	3,351	3,085	55,200	55,250	3,559	3,293	58,200	58,250	3,766	3,501
52,250	52,300	3,354	3,089	55,250	55,300	3,562	3,296	58,250	58,300	3,770	3,504
52,300	52,350	3,358	3,092	55,300	55,350	3,566	3,300	58,300	58,350	3,773	3,508
52,350	52,400	3,361	3,095	55,350	55,400	3,569	3,303	58,350	58,400	3,777	3,511
52,400	52,450	3,365	3,099	55,400	55,450	3,572	3,307	58,400	58,450	3,780	3,514
52,450	52,500	3,368	3,102	55,450	55,500	3,576	3,310	58,450	58,500	3,784	3,518
52,500	52,550	3,372	3,106	55,500	55,550	3,579	3,314	58,500	58,550	3,787	3,521
52,550	52,600	3,375	3,109	55,550	55,600	3,583	3,317	58,550	58,600	3,791	3,525
52,600	52,650	3,379	3,113	55,600	55,650	3,586	3,321	58,600	58,650	3,794	3,528
52,650	52,700	3,382	3,116	55,650	55,700	3,590	3,324	58,650	58,700	3,797	3,532
52,700	52,750	3,385	3,120	55,700	55,750	3,593	3,327	58,700	58,750	3,801	3,535
52,750	52,800	3,389	3,123	55,750	55,800	3,597	3,331	58,750	58,800	3,804	3,539
52,800	52,850	3,392	3,127	55,800	55,850	3,600	3,334	58,800	58,850	3,808	3,542
52,850	52,900	3,396	3,130	55,850	55,900	3,604	3,338	58,850	58,900	3,811	3,546
52,900	52,950	3,399	3,134	55,900	55,950	3,607	3,341	58,900	58,950	3,815	3,549
52,950	53,000	3,403	3,137	55,950	56,000	3,611	3,345	58,950	59,000	3,818	3,553
\$53,000		Your tax is —		\$56,000		Your tax is —		\$59,000		Your tax is —	
53,000	53,050	3,406	3,140	56,000	56,050	3,614	3,348	59,000	59,050	3,822	3,556
53,050	53,100	3,410	3,144	56,050	56,100	3,617	3,352	59,050	59,100	3,825	3,559
53,100	53,150	3,413	3,147	56,100	56,150	3,621	3,355	59,100	59,150	3,829	3,563
53,150	53,200	3,417	3,151	56,150	56,200	3,624	3,359	59,150	59,200	3,832	3,566
53,200	53,250	3,420	3,154	56,200	56,250	3,628	3,362	59,200	59,250	3,836	3,570
53,250	53,300	3,424	3,158	56,250	56,300	3,631	3,366	59,250	59,300	3,839	3,573
53,300	53,350	3,427	3,161	56,300	56,350	3,635	3,369	59,300	59,350	3,843	3,577
53,350	53,400	3,430	3,165	56,350	56,400	3,638	3,372	59,350	59,400	3,846	3,580
53,400	53,450	3,434	3,168	56,400	56,450	3,642	3,376	59,400	59,450	3,849	3,584
53,450	53,500	3,437	3,172	56,450	56,500	3,645	3,379	59,450	59,500	3,853	3,587
53,500	53,550	3,441	3,175	56,500	56,550	3,649	3,383	59,500	59,550	3,856	3,591
53,550	53,600	3,444	3,179	56,550	56,600	3,652	3,386	59,550	59,600	3,860	3,594
53,600	53,650	3,448	3,182	56,600	56,650	3,656	3,390	59,600	59,650	3,863	3,598
53,650	53,700	3,451	3,186	56,650	56,700	3,659	3,393	59,650	59,700	3,867	3,601
53,700	53,750	3,455	3,189	56,700	56,750	3,662	3,397	59,700	59,750	3,870	3,604
53,750	53,800	3,458	3,192	56,750	56,800	3,666	3,400	59,750	59,800	3,874	3,608
53,800	53,850	3,462	3,196	56,800	56,850	3,669	3,404	59,800	59,850	3,877	3,611
53,850	53,900	3,465	3,199	56,850	56,900	3,673	3,407	59,850	59,900	3,881	3,615
53,900	53,950	3,469	3,203	56,900	56,950	3,676	3,411	59,900	59,950	3,884	3,618
53,950	54,000	3,472	3,206	56,950	57,000	3,680	3,414	59,950	60,000	3,888	3,622

*This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is	
At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
\$60,000 Your tax is —				\$63,000 Your tax is —				\$66,000 Your tax is —			
60,000	60,050	3,891	3,625	63,000	63,050	4,099	3,833	66,000	66,050	4,306	4,041
60,050	60,100	3,894	3,629	63,050	63,100	4,102	3,836	66,050	66,100	4,310	4,044
60,100	60,150	3,898	3,632	63,100	63,150	4,106	3,840	66,100	66,150	4,313	4,048
60,150	60,200	3,901	3,636	63,150	63,200	4,109	3,843	66,150	66,200	4,317	4,051
60,200	60,250	3,905	3,639	63,200	63,250	4,113	3,847	66,200	66,250	4,320	4,055
60,250	60,300	3,908	3,643	63,250	63,300	4,116	3,850	66,250	66,300	4,324	4,058
60,300	60,350	3,912	3,646	63,300	63,350	4,120	3,854	66,300	66,350	4,327	4,062
60,350	60,400	3,915	3,649	63,350	63,400	4,123	3,857	66,350	66,400	4,331	4,065
60,400	60,450	3,919	3,653	63,400	63,450	4,126	3,861	66,400	66,450	4,334	4,068
60,450	60,500	3,922	3,656	63,450	63,500	4,130	3,864	66,450	66,500	4,338	4,072
60,500	60,550	3,926	3,660	63,500	63,550	4,133	3,868	66,500	66,550	4,341	4,075
60,550	60,600	3,929	3,663	63,550	63,600	4,137	3,871	66,550	66,600	4,345	4,079
60,600	60,650	3,933	3,667	63,600	63,650	4,140	3,875	66,600	66,650	4,348	4,082
60,650	60,700	3,936	3,670	63,650	63,700	4,144	3,878	66,650	66,700	4,351	4,086
60,700	60,750	3,939	3,674	63,700	63,750	4,147	3,881	66,700	66,750	4,355	4,089
60,750	60,800	3,943	3,677	63,750	63,800	4,151	3,885	66,750	66,800	4,358	4,093
60,800	60,850	3,946	3,681	63,800	63,850	4,154	3,888	66,800	66,850	4,362	4,096
60,850	60,900	3,950	3,684	63,850	63,900	4,158	3,892	66,850	66,900	4,365	4,100
60,900	60,950	3,953	3,688	63,900	63,950	4,161	3,895	66,900	66,950	4,369	4,103
60,950	61,000	3,957	3,691	63,950	64,000	4,165	3,899	66,950	67,000	4,372	4,107
\$61,000				\$64,000				\$67,000			
61,000	61,050	3,960	3,694	64,000	64,050	4,168	3,902	67,000	67,050	4,376	4,110
61,050	61,100	3,964	3,698	64,050	64,100	4,171	3,906	67,050	67,100	4,379	4,113
61,100	61,150	3,967	3,701	64,100	64,150	4,175	3,909	67,100	67,150	4,383	4,117
61,150	61,200	3,971	3,705	64,150	64,200	4,178	3,913	67,150	67,200	4,386	4,120
61,200	61,250	3,974	3,708	64,200	64,250	4,182	3,916	67,200	67,250	4,390	4,124
61,250	61,300	3,978	3,712	64,250	64,300	4,185	3,920	67,250	67,300	4,393	4,127
61,300	61,350	3,981	3,715	64,300	64,350	4,189	3,923	67,300	67,350	4,397	4,131
61,350	61,400	3,984	3,719	64,350	64,400	4,192	3,926	67,350	67,400	4,400	4,134
61,400	61,450	3,988	3,722	64,400	64,450	4,196	3,930	67,400	67,450	4,403	4,138
61,450	61,500	3,991	3,726	64,450	64,500	4,199	3,933	67,450	67,500	4,407	4,141
61,500	61,550	3,995	3,729	64,500	64,550	4,203	3,937	67,500	67,550	4,410	4,145
61,550	61,600	3,998	3,733	64,550	64,600	4,206	3,940	67,550	67,600	4,414	4,148
61,600	61,650	4,002	3,736	64,600	64,650	4,210	3,944	67,600	67,650	4,417	4,152
61,650	61,700	4,005	3,740	64,650	64,700	4,213	3,947	67,650	67,700	4,421	4,155
61,700	61,750	4,009	3,743	64,700	64,750	4,216	3,951	67,700	67,750	4,424	4,158
61,750	61,800	4,012	3,746	64,750	64,800	4,220	3,954	67,750	67,800	4,428	4,162
61,800	61,850	4,016	3,750	64,800	64,850	4,223	3,958	67,800	67,850	4,431	4,165
61,850	61,900	4,019	3,753	64,850	64,900	4,227	3,961	67,850	67,900	4,435	4,169
61,900	61,950	4,023	3,757	64,900	64,950	4,230	3,965	67,900	67,950	4,438	4,172
61,950	62,000	4,026	3,760	64,950	65,000	4,234	3,968	67,950	68,000	4,442	4,176
\$62,000				\$65,000				\$68,000			
62,000	62,050	4,029	3,764	65,000	65,050	4,237	3,971	68,000	68,050	4,445	4,179
62,050	62,100	4,033	3,767	65,050	65,100	4,241	3,975	68,050	68,100	4,448	4,183
62,100	62,150	4,036	3,771	65,100	65,150	4,244	3,978	68,100	68,150	4,452	4,186
62,150	62,200	4,040	3,774	65,150	65,200	4,248	3,982	68,150	68,200	4,455	4,190
62,200	62,250	4,043	3,778	65,200	65,250	4,251	3,985	68,200	68,250	4,459	4,193
62,250	62,300	4,047	3,781	65,250	65,300	4,255	3,989	68,250	68,300	4,462	4,197
62,300	62,350	4,050	3,785	65,300	65,350	4,258	3,992	68,300	68,350	4,466	4,200
62,350	62,400	4,054	3,788	65,350	65,400	4,261	3,996	68,350	68,400	4,469	4,203
62,400	62,450	4,057	3,791	65,400	65,450	4,265	3,999	68,400	68,450	4,473	4,207
62,450	62,500	4,061	3,795	65,450	65,500	4,268	4,003	68,450	68,500	4,476	4,210
62,500	62,550	4,064	3,798	65,500	65,550	4,272	4,006	68,500	68,550	4,480	4,214
62,550	62,600	4,068	3,802	65,550	65,600	4,275	4,010	68,550	68,600	4,483	4,217
62,600	62,650	4,071	3,805	65,600	65,650	4,279	4,013	68,600	68,650	4,487	4,221
62,650	62,700	4,074	3,809	65,650	65,700	4,282	4,017	68,650	68,700	4,490	4,224
62,700	62,750	4,078	3,812	65,700	65,750	4,286	4,020	68,700	68,750	4,493	4,228
62,750	62,800	4,081	3,816	65,750	65,800	4,289	4,023	68,750	68,800	4,497	4,231
62,800	62,850	4,085	3,819	65,800	65,850	4,293	4,027	68,800	68,850	4,500	4,235
62,850	62,900	4,088	3,823	65,850	65,900	4,296	4,030	68,850	68,900	4,504	4,238
62,900	62,950	4,092	3,826	65,900	65,950	4,300	4,034	68,900	68,950	4,507	4,242
62,950	63,000	4,095	3,830	65,950	66,000	4,303	4,037	68,950	69,000	4,511	4,245

*This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is	
At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
\$69,000 Your tax is —				\$72,000 Your tax is —				\$75,000 Your tax is —			
69,000	69,050	4,514	4,248	72,000	72,050	4,722	4,456	75,000	75,050	4,930	4,664
69,050	69,100	4,518	4,252	72,050	72,100	4,725	4,460	75,050	75,100	4,933	4,667
69,100	69,150	4,521	4,255	72,100	72,150	4,729	4,463	75,100	75,150	4,937	4,671
69,150	69,200	4,525	4,259	72,150	72,200	4,732	4,467	75,150	75,200	4,940	4,674
69,200	69,250	4,528	4,262	72,200	72,250	4,736	4,470	75,200	75,250	4,944	4,678
69,250	69,300	4,532	4,266	72,250	72,300	4,739	4,474	75,250	75,300	4,947	4,681
69,300	69,350	4,535	4,269	72,300	72,350	4,743	4,477	75,300	75,350	4,951	4,685
69,350	69,400	4,538	4,273	72,350	72,400	4,746	4,480	75,350	75,400	4,954	4,688
69,400	69,450	4,542	4,276	72,400	72,450	4,750	4,484	75,400	75,450	4,957	4,692
69,450	69,500	4,545	4,280	72,450	72,500	4,753	4,487	75,450	75,500	4,961	4,695
69,500	69,550	4,549	4,283	72,500	72,550	4,757	4,491	75,500	75,550	4,964	4,699
69,550	69,600	4,552	4,287	72,550	72,600	4,760	4,494	75,550	75,600	4,968	4,702
69,600	69,650	4,556	4,290	72,600	72,650	4,764	4,498	75,600	75,650	4,971	4,706
69,650	69,700	4,559	4,294	72,650	72,700	4,767	4,501	75,650	75,700	4,975	4,709
69,700	69,750	4,563	4,297	72,700	72,750	4,770	4,505	75,700	75,750	4,978	4,712
69,750	69,800	4,566	4,300	72,750	72,800	4,774	4,508	75,750	75,800	4,982	4,716
69,800	69,850	4,570	4,304	72,800	72,850	4,777	4,512	75,800	75,850	4,985	4,719
69,850	69,900	4,573	4,307	72,850	72,900	4,781	4,515	75,850	75,900	4,989	4,723
69,900	69,950	4,577	4,311	72,900	72,950	4,784	4,519	75,900	75,950	4,992	4,726
69,950	70,000	4,580	4,314	72,950	73,000	4,788	4,522	75,950	76,000	4,996	4,730
\$70,000				\$73,000				\$76,000			
70,000	70,050	4,583	4,318	73,000	73,050	4,791	4,525	76,000	76,050	4,999	4,733
70,050	70,100	4,587	4,321	73,050	73,100	4,795	4,529	76,050	76,100	5,002	4,737
70,100	70,150	4,590	4,325	73,100	73,150	4,798	4,532	76,100	76,150	5,006	4,740
70,150	70,200	4,594	4,328	73,150	73,200	4,802	4,536	76,150	76,200	5,009	4,744
70,200	70,250	4,597	4,332	73,200	73,250	4,805	4,539	76,200	76,250	5,013	4,747
70,250	70,300	4,601	4,335	73,250	73,300	4,809	4,543	76,250	76,300	5,016	4,751
70,300	70,350	4,604	4,339	73,300	73,350	4,812	4,546	76,300	76,350	5,020	4,754
70,350	70,400	4,608	4,342	73,350	73,400	4,815	4,550	76,350	76,400	5,023	4,757
70,400	70,450	4,611	4,345	73,400	73,450	4,819	4,553	76,400	76,450	5,027	4,761
70,450	70,500	4,615	4,349	73,450	73,500	4,822	4,557	76,450	76,500	5,030	4,764
70,500	70,550	4,618	4,352	73,500	73,550	4,826	4,560	76,500	76,550	5,034	4,768
70,550	70,600	4,622	4,356	73,550	73,600	4,829	4,564	76,550	76,600	5,037	4,771
70,600	70,650	4,625	4,359	73,600	73,650	4,833	4,567	76,600	76,650	5,041	4,775
70,650	70,700	4,628	4,363	73,650	73,700	4,836	4,571	76,650	76,700	5,044	4,778
70,700	70,750	4,632	4,366	73,700	73,750	4,840	4,574	76,700	76,750	5,047	4,782
70,750	70,800	4,635	4,370	73,750	73,800	4,843	4,577	76,750	76,800	5,051	4,785
70,800	70,850	4,639	4,373	73,800	73,850	4,847	4,581	76,800	76,850	5,054	4,789
70,850	70,900	4,642	4,377	73,850	73,900	4,850	4,584	76,850	76,900	5,058	4,792
70,900	70,950	4,646	4,380	73,900	73,950	4,854	4,588	76,900	76,950	5,061	4,796
70,950	71,000	4,649	4,384	73,950	74,000	4,857	4,591	76,950	77,000	5,065	4,799
\$71,000				\$74,000				\$77,000			
71,000	71,050	4,653	4,387	74,000	74,050	4,860	4,595	77,000	77,050	5,068	4,802
71,050	71,100	4,656	4,390	74,050	74,100	4,864	4,598	77,050	77,100	5,072	4,806
71,100	71,150	4,660	4,394	74,100	74,150	4,867	4,602	77,100	77,150	5,075	4,809
71,150	71,200	4,663	4,397	74,150	74,200	4,871	4,605	77,150	77,200	5,079	4,813
71,200	71,250	4,667	4,401	74,200	74,250	4,874	4,609	77,200	77,250	5,082	4,816
71,250	71,300	4,670	4,404	74,250	74,300	4,878	4,612	77,250	77,300	5,086	4,820
71,300	71,350	4,674	4,408	74,300	74,350	4,881	4,616	77,300	77,350	5,089	4,823
71,350	71,400	4,677	4,411	74,350	74,400	4,885	4,619	77,350	77,400	5,092	4,827
71,400	71,450	4,680	4,415	74,400	74,450	4,888	4,622	77,400	77,450	5,096	4,830
71,450	71,500	4,684	4,418	74,450	74,500	4,892	4,626	77,450	77,500	5,099	4,834
71,500	71,550	4,687	4,422	74,500	74,550	4,895	4,629	77,500	77,550	5,103	4,837
71,550	71,600	4,691	4,425	74,550	74,600	4,899	4,633	77,550	77,600	5,106	4,841
71,600	71,650	4,694	4,429	74,600	74,650	4,902	4,636	77,600	77,650	5,110	4,844
71,650	71,700	4,698	4,432	74,650	74,700	4,905	4,640	77,650	77,700	5,113	4,848
71,700	71,750	4,701	4,435	74,700	74,750	4,909	4,643	77,700	77,750	5,117	4,851
71,750	71,800	4,705	4,439	74,750	74,800	4,912	4,647	77,750	77,800	5,120	4,854
71,800	71,850	4,708	4,442	74,800	74,850	4,916	4,650	77,800	77,850	5,124	4,858
71,850	71,900	4,712	4,446	74,850	74,900	4,919	4,654	77,850	77,900	5,127	4,861
71,900	71,950	4,715	4,449	74,900	74,950	4,923	4,657	77,900	77,950	5,131	4,865
71,950	72,000	4,719	4,453	74,950	75,000	4,926	4,661	77,950	78,000	5,134	4,868

*This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is	
At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
\$78,000 Your tax is —				\$81,000 Your tax is —				\$84,000 Your tax is —			
78,000	78,050	5,137	4,872	81,000	81,050	5,345	5,079	84,000	84,050	5,553	5,287
78,050	78,100	5,141	4,875	81,050	81,100	5,349	5,083	84,050	84,100	5,556	5,291
78,100	78,150	5,144	4,879	81,100	81,150	5,352	5,086	84,100	84,150	5,560	5,294
78,150	78,200	5,148	4,882	81,150	81,200	5,356	5,090	84,150	84,200	5,563	5,298
78,200	78,250	5,151	4,886	81,200	81,250	5,359	5,093	84,200	84,250	5,567	5,301
78,250	78,300	5,155	4,889	81,250	81,300	5,363	5,097	84,250	84,300	5,570	5,305
78,300	78,350	5,158	4,893	81,300	81,350	5,366	5,100	84,300	84,350	5,574	5,308
78,350	78,400	5,162	4,896	81,350	81,400	5,369	5,104	84,350	84,400	5,577	5,311
78,400	78,450	5,165	4,899	81,400	81,450	5,373	5,107	84,400	84,450	5,581	5,315
78,450	78,500	5,169	4,903	81,450	81,500	5,376	5,111	84,450	84,500	5,584	5,318
78,500	78,550	5,172	4,906	81,500	81,550	5,380	5,114	84,500	84,550	5,588	5,322
78,550	78,600	5,176	4,910	81,550	81,600	5,383	5,118	84,550	84,600	5,591	5,325
78,600	78,650	5,179	4,913	81,600	81,650	5,387	5,121	84,600	84,650	5,595	5,329
78,650	78,700	5,182	4,917	81,650	81,700	5,390	5,125	84,650	84,700	5,598	5,332
78,700	78,750	5,186	4,920	81,700	81,750	5,394	5,128	84,700	84,750	5,601	5,336
78,750	78,800	5,189	4,924	81,750	81,800	5,397	5,131	84,750	84,800	5,605	5,339
78,800	78,850	5,193	4,927	81,800	81,850	5,401	5,135	84,800	84,850	5,608	5,343
78,850	78,900	5,196	4,931	81,850	81,900	5,404	5,138	84,850	84,900	5,612	5,346
78,900	78,950	5,200	4,934	81,900	81,950	5,408	5,142	84,900	84,950	5,615	5,350
78,950	79,000	5,203	4,938	81,950	82,000	5,411	5,145	84,950	85,000	5,619	5,353
\$79,000				\$82,000				\$85,000			
79,000	79,050	5,207	4,941	82,000	82,050	5,414	5,149	85,000	85,050	5,622	5,356
79,050	79,100	5,210	4,944	82,050	82,100	5,418	5,152	85,050	85,100	5,626	5,360
79,100	79,150	5,214	4,948	82,100	82,150	5,421	5,156	85,100	85,150	5,629	5,363
79,150	79,200	5,217	4,951	82,150	82,200	5,425	5,159	85,150	85,200	5,633	5,367
79,200	79,250	5,221	4,955	82,200	82,250	5,428	5,163	85,200	85,250	5,636	5,370
79,250	79,300	5,224	4,958	82,250	82,300	5,432	5,166	85,250	85,300	5,640	5,374
79,300	79,350	5,228	4,962	82,300	82,350	5,435	5,170	85,300	85,350	5,643	5,377
79,350	79,400	5,231	4,965	82,350	82,400	5,439	5,173	85,350	85,400	5,646	5,381
79,400	79,450	5,234	4,969	82,400	82,450	5,442	5,176	85,400	85,450	5,650	5,384
79,450	79,500	5,238	4,972	82,450	82,500	5,446	5,180	85,450	85,500	5,653	5,388
79,500	79,550	5,241	4,976	82,500	82,550	5,449	5,183	85,500	85,550	5,657	5,391
79,550	79,600	5,245	4,979	82,550	82,600	5,453	5,187	85,550	85,600	5,660	5,395
79,600	79,650	5,248	4,983	82,600	82,650	5,456	5,190	85,600	85,650	5,664	5,398
79,650	79,700	5,252	4,986	82,650	82,700	5,459	5,194	85,650	85,700	5,667	5,402
79,700	79,750	5,255	4,989	82,700	82,750	5,463	5,197	85,700	85,750	5,671	5,405
79,750	79,800	5,259	4,993	82,750	82,800	5,466	5,201	85,750	85,800	5,674	5,408
79,800	79,850	5,262	4,996	82,800	82,850	5,470	5,204	85,800	85,850	5,678	5,412
79,850	79,900	5,266	5,000	82,850	82,900	5,473	5,208	85,850	85,900	5,681	5,415
79,900	79,950	5,269	5,003	82,900	82,950	5,477	5,211	85,900	85,950	5,685	5,419
79,950	80,000	5,273	5,007	82,950	83,000	5,480	5,215	85,950	86,000	5,688	5,422
\$80,000				\$83,000				\$86,000			
80,000	80,050	5,276	5,010	83,000	83,050	5,484	5,218	86,000	86,050	5,691	5,426
80,050	80,100	5,279	5,014	83,050	83,100	5,487	5,221	86,050	86,100	5,695	5,429
80,100	80,150	5,283	5,017	83,100	83,150	5,491	5,225	86,100	86,150	5,698	5,433
80,150	80,200	5,286	5,021	83,150	83,200	5,494	5,228	86,150	86,200	5,702	5,436
80,200	80,250	5,290	5,024	83,200	83,250	5,498	5,232	86,200	86,250	5,705	5,440
80,250	80,300	5,293	5,028	83,250	83,300	5,501	5,235	86,250	86,300	5,709	5,443
80,300	80,350	5,297	5,031	83,300	83,350	5,505	5,239	86,300	86,350	5,712	5,447
80,350	80,400	5,300	5,034	83,350	83,400	5,508	5,242	86,350	86,400	5,716	5,450
80,400	80,450	5,304	5,038	83,400	83,450	5,511	5,246	86,400	86,450	5,719	5,453
80,450	80,500	5,307	5,041	83,450	83,500	5,515	5,249	86,450	86,500	5,723	5,457
80,500	80,550	5,311	5,045	83,500	83,550	5,518	5,253	86,500	86,550	5,726	5,460
80,550	80,600	5,314	5,048	83,550	83,600	5,522	5,256	86,550	86,600	5,730	5,464
80,600	80,650	5,318	5,052	83,600	83,650	5,525	5,260	86,600	86,650	5,733	5,467
80,650	80,700	5,321	5,055	83,650	83,700	5,529	5,263	86,650	86,700	5,736	5,471
80,700	80,750	5,324	5,059	83,700	83,750	5,532	5,266	86,700	86,750	5,740	5,474
80,750	80,800	5,328	5,062	83,750	83,800	5,536	5,270	86,750	86,800	5,743	5,478
80,800	80,850	5,331	5,066	83,800	83,850	5,539	5,273	86,800	86,850	5,747	5,481
80,850	80,900	5,335	5,069	83,850	83,900	5,543	5,277	86,850	86,900	5,750	5,485
80,900	80,950	5,338	5,073	83,900	83,950	5,546	5,280	86,900	86,950	5,754	5,488
80,950	81,000	5,342	5,076	83,950	84,000	5,550	5,284	86,950	87,000	5,757	5,492

*This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is	
At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
\$87,000 Your tax is —				\$90,000 Your tax is —				\$93,000 Your tax is —			
87,000	87,050	5,761	5,495	90,000	90,050	5,968	5,703	93,000	93,050	6,176	5,910
87,050	87,100	5,764	5,498	90,050	90,100	5,972	5,706	93,050	93,100	6,180	5,914
87,100	87,150	5,768	5,502	90,100	90,150	5,975	5,710	93,100	93,150	6,183	5,917
87,150	87,200	5,771	5,505	90,150	90,200	5,979	5,713	93,150	93,200	6,187	5,921
87,200	87,250	5,775	5,509	90,200	90,250	5,982	5,717	93,200	93,250	6,190	5,924
87,250	87,300	5,778	5,512	90,250	90,300	5,986	5,720	93,250	93,300	6,194	5,928
87,300	87,350	5,782	5,516	90,300	90,350	5,989	5,724	93,300	93,350	6,197	5,931
87,350	87,400	5,785	5,519	90,350	90,400	5,993	5,727	93,350	93,400	6,200	5,935
87,400	87,450	5,788	5,523	90,400	90,450	5,996	5,730	93,400	93,450	6,204	5,938
87,450	87,500	5,792	5,526	90,450	90,500	6,000	5,734	93,450	93,500	6,207	5,942
87,500	87,550	5,795	5,530	90,500	90,550	6,003	5,737	93,500	93,550	6,211	5,945
87,550	87,600	5,799	5,533	90,550	90,600	6,007	5,741	93,550	93,600	6,214	5,949
87,600	87,650	5,802	5,537	90,600	90,650	6,010	5,744	93,600	93,650	6,218	5,952
87,650	87,700	5,806	5,540	90,650	90,700	6,013	5,748	93,650	93,700	6,221	5,956
87,700	87,750	5,809	5,543	90,700	90,750	6,017	5,751	93,700	93,750	6,225	5,959
87,750	87,800	5,813	5,547	90,750	90,800	6,020	5,755	93,750	93,800	6,228	5,962
87,800	87,850	5,816	5,550	90,800	90,850	6,024	5,758	93,800	93,850	6,232	5,966
87,850	87,900	5,820	5,554	90,850	90,900	6,027	5,762	93,850	93,900	6,235	5,969
87,900	87,950	5,823	5,557	90,900	90,950	6,031	5,765	93,900	93,950	6,239	5,973
87,950	88,000	5,827	5,561	90,950	91,000	6,034	5,769	93,950	94,000	6,242	5,976
\$88,000				\$91,000				\$94,000			
88,000	88,050	5,830	5,564	91,000	91,050	6,038	5,772	94,000	94,050	6,245	5,980
88,050	88,100	5,833	5,568	91,050	91,100	6,041	5,775	94,050	94,100	6,249	5,983
88,100	88,150	5,837	5,571	91,100	91,150	6,045	5,779	94,100	94,150	6,252	5,987
88,150	88,200	5,840	5,575	91,150	91,200	6,048	5,782	94,150	94,200	6,256	5,990
88,200	88,250	5,844	5,578	91,200	91,250	6,052	5,786	94,200	94,250	6,259	5,994
88,250	88,300	5,847	5,582	91,250	91,300	6,055	5,789	94,250	94,300	6,263	5,997
88,300	88,350	5,851	5,585	91,300	91,350	6,059	5,793	94,300	94,350	6,266	6,001
88,350	88,400	5,854	5,588	91,350	91,400	6,062	5,796	94,350	94,400	6,270	6,004
88,400	88,450	5,858	5,592	91,400	91,450	6,065	5,800	94,400	94,450	6,273	6,007
88,450	88,500	5,861	5,595	91,450	91,500	6,069	5,803	94,450	94,500	6,277	6,011
88,500	88,550	5,865	5,599	91,500	91,550	6,072	5,807	94,500	94,550	6,280	6,014
88,550	88,600	5,868	5,602	91,550	91,600	6,076	5,810	94,550	94,600	6,284	6,018
88,600	88,650	5,872	5,606	91,600	91,650	6,079	5,814	94,600	94,650	6,287	6,021
88,650	88,700	5,875	5,609	91,650	91,700	6,083	5,817	94,650	94,700	6,290	6,025
88,700	88,750	5,878	5,613	91,700	91,750	6,086	5,820	94,700	94,750	6,294	6,028
88,750	88,800	5,882	5,616	91,750	91,800	6,090	5,824	94,750	94,800	6,297	6,032
88,800	88,850	5,885	5,620	91,800	91,850	6,093	5,827	94,800	94,850	6,301	6,035
88,850	88,900	5,889	5,623	91,850	91,900	6,097	5,831	94,850	94,900	6,304	6,039
88,900	88,950	5,892	5,627	91,900	91,950	6,100	5,834	94,900	94,950	6,308	6,042
88,950	89,000	5,896	5,630	91,950	92,000	6,104	5,838	94,950	95,000	6,311	6,046
\$89,000				\$92,000				\$95,000			
89,000	89,050	5,899	5,633	92,000	92,050	6,107	5,841	95,000	95,050	6,315	6,049
89,050	89,100	5,903	5,637	92,050	92,100	6,110	5,845	95,050	95,100	6,318	6,052
89,100	89,150	5,906	5,640	92,100	92,150	6,114	5,848	95,100	95,150	6,322	6,056
89,150	89,200	5,910	5,644	92,150	92,200	6,117	5,852	95,150	95,200	6,325	6,059
89,200	89,250	5,913	5,647	92,200	92,250	6,121	5,855	95,200	95,250	6,329	6,063
89,250	89,300	5,917	5,651	92,250	92,300	6,124	5,859	95,250	95,300	6,332	6,066
89,300	89,350	5,920	5,654	92,300	92,350	6,128	5,862	95,300	95,350	6,336	6,070
89,350	89,400	5,923	5,658	92,350	92,400	6,131	5,865	95,350	95,400	6,339	6,073
89,400	89,450	5,927	5,661	92,400	92,450	6,135	5,869	95,400	95,450	6,342	6,077
89,450	89,500	5,930	5,665	92,450	92,500	6,138	5,872	95,450	95,500	6,346	6,080
89,500	89,550	5,934	5,668	92,500	92,550	6,142	5,876	95,500	95,550	6,349	6,084
89,550	89,600	5,937	5,672	92,550	92,600	6,145	5,879	95,550	95,600	6,353	6,087
89,600	89,650	5,941	5,675	92,600	92,650	6,149	5,883	95,600	95,650	6,356	6,091
89,650	89,700	5,944	5,679	92,650	92,700	6,152	5,886	95,650	95,700	6,360	6,094
89,700	89,750	5,948	5,682	92,700	92,750	6,155	5,890	95,700	95,750	6,363	6,097
89,750	89,800	5,951	5,685	92,750	92,800	6,159	5,893	95,750	95,800	6,367	6,101
89,800	89,850	5,955	5,689	92,800	92,850	6,162	5,897	95,800	95,850	6,370	6,104
89,850	89,900	5,958	5,692	92,850	92,900	6,166	5,900	95,850	95,900	6,374	6,108
89,900	89,950	5,962	5,696	92,900	92,950	6,169	5,904	95,900	95,950	6,377	6,111
89,950	90,000	5,965	5,699	92,950	93,000	6,173	5,907	95,950	96,000	6,381	6,115

*This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is		If Form 40, line 19 or Form 43, line 41 is		And your filing status is	
At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household	At Least	But Less Than	Single or Married Filing Separately	Married Filing Jointly* or Head of Household
\$96,000 Your tax is —				\$98,000 Your tax is —			
96,000	96,050	6,384	6,118	98,000	98,050	6,522	6,257
96,050	96,100	6,387	6,122	98,050	98,100	6,526	6,260
96,100	96,150	6,391	6,125	98,100	98,150	6,529	6,264
96,150	96,200	6,394	6,129	98,150	98,200	6,533	6,267
96,200	96,250	6,398	6,132	98,200	98,250	6,536	6,271
96,250	96,300	6,401	6,136	98,250	98,300	6,540	6,274
96,300	96,350	6,405	6,139	98,300	98,350	6,543	6,278
96,350	96,400	6,408	6,142	98,350	98,400	6,547	6,281
96,400	96,450	6,412	6,146	98,400	98,450	6,550	6,284
96,450	96,500	6,415	6,149	98,450	98,500	6,554	6,288
96,500	96,550	6,419	6,153	98,500	98,550	6,557	6,291
96,550	96,600	6,422	6,156	98,550	98,600	6,561	6,295
96,600	96,650	6,426	6,160	98,600	98,650	6,564	6,298
96,650	96,700	6,429	6,163	98,650	98,700	6,567	6,302
96,700	96,750	6,432	6,167	98,700	98,750	6,571	6,305
96,750	96,800	6,436	6,170	98,750	98,800	6,574	6,309
96,800	96,850	6,439	6,174	98,800	98,850	6,578	6,312
96,850	96,900	6,443	6,177	98,850	98,900	6,581	6,316
96,900	96,950	6,446	6,181	98,900	98,950	6,585	6,319
96,950	97,000	6,450	6,184	98,950	99,000	6,588	6,323
\$97,000 Your tax is —				\$99,000 Your tax is —			
97,000	97,050	6,453	6,187	99,000	99,050	6,592	6,326
97,050	97,100	6,457	6,191	99,050	99,100	6,595	6,329
97,100	97,150	6,460	6,194	99,100	99,150	6,599	6,333
97,150	97,200	6,464	6,198	99,150	99,200	6,602	6,336
97,200	97,250	6,467	6,201	99,200	99,250	6,606	6,340
97,250	97,300	6,471	6,205	99,250	99,300	6,609	6,343
97,300	97,350	6,474	6,208	99,300	99,350	6,613	6,347
97,350	97,400	6,477	6,212	99,350	99,400	6,616	6,350
97,400	97,450	6,481	6,215	99,400	99,450	6,619	6,354
97,450	97,500	6,484	6,219	99,450	99,500	6,623	6,357
97,500	97,550	6,488	6,222	99,500	99,550	6,626	6,361
97,550	97,600	6,491	6,226	99,550	99,600	6,630	6,364
97,600	97,650	6,495	6,229	99,600	99,650	6,633	6,368
97,650	97,700	6,498	6,233	99,650	99,700	6,637	6,371
97,700	97,750	6,502	6,236	99,700	99,750	6,640	6,374
97,750	97,800	6,505	6,239	99,750	99,800	6,644	6,378
97,800	97,850	6,509	6,243	99,800	99,850	6,647	6,381
97,850	97,900	6,512	6,246	99,850	99,900	6,651	6,385
97,900	97,950	6,516	6,250	99,900	99,950	6,654	6,388
97,950	98,000	6,519	6,253	99,950	100,000	6,658	6,392

*This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

Tax Rate Schedules

Use the following schedules if your taxable income is \$100,000 or more.

Single Taxpayers and Married Filing Separate Returns

If you checked Filing Status Box 1 or 3, your tax is \$6,658 plus 6.925% of the amount over \$100,000.

Married Filing Joint Returns, Qualifying Widow and Widowers and Head of Household

If you checked Filing Status Box 2, 4 or 5, your tax is \$6,392 plus 6.925% of the amount over \$100,000.

Enter the tax on Form 40, line 20 or Form 43, line 42.