2018 Schedule OR-NRC

Page 1 of 3, 150-104-003 (Rev. 07-18) Oregon Department of Revenue

Office use only

Oregon Natural Resource Credit

	Submit original form—do	not submit photocopy.	
Estate of:		Decedent's Social Security number	er (SSN): ●
	ral resource or commercial fishing business pro		•
	S 118.140). To determine your adjusted gross estate	, go to part 5 of this schedule. Real prope	erty must be in Oregon per ORS
118.140(1)(L). Check all	boxes below which apply to this estate:		
• Farm use defin	ed in ORS 308A.056 • Farm use	defined in ORS 308A.250	
Forestland def	ined in ORS 321.201 • Forestland	defined in ORS 308A.250	
Property used	in commercial fishing business, as defined by IRC 13	301(b)(4), and licensed under ORS 508	
a restaurant w	commercial fishing business licensed under ORS chap ith seating capacity of less than 15	oter 508, that is used to process and sell th	e catch to consumers, including
	ss parts 1–5 are completed:		
	4 must be signed by each qualified heir with an inter		0 11 7
	completed Schedule OR-NRC is filed with Form OR-		
• •	property. List all natural resource and commercial fis		
	lit for all natural resource properties. All properties lis	ted below must also be listed on the appli-	cable schedules filed with
Form OR-706. Complete			
	allowance, it may not exceed the lesser of \$1 million g the operating allowance.	or 15 percent of the total value of natural r	esource property claimed for
• Include a legal descrip	tion of all property described in column B.		
• Include copies of fee a	ppraisals used to determine date of death property	values listed in column C and any other do	ocuments used to establish date
of death value.			
• A. Schedule and	 B. Description of the qualified natural resource 	● C. Fair market value as reported ● D.	. Value of natural resource
item number	property or commercial fishing business	on Form OR-706 schedules pr	roperty on which the credit is
from Form OR-706	property and date when property was acquire	d ca	alculated
		. 0 0	.00
		. 0 0	.00
		. 0 0	.00
		. 0 0	.00
-	Column totals	•	.00

Part 3. Qualified heir(s). Identify each qualified heir receiving an interest in property upon which the credit is calculated. "Qualified heir" is a member of a decedent's family as defined in Section 2032A and/or the decedent's registered domestic partner, defined in chapter 106. Include additional pages if more lines are needed. The executor/administrator of this estate will provide a complete copy of this Schedule OR-NRC to each of the qualified heir(s) identified below.

●1. Full name	●Social Security number	●FEIN —			
Address	●City		●State	● Zip code	
Relationship to decedent	FMV or heirs' portion of	qualified property ●			.00
●2. Full name	● Social Security number	●FEIN			
●Address	●City		●State	● Zip code	
Relationship to decedent	FMV or heirs' portion of	qualified property			.00

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Estate of:

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Decedent's SSN:

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Part 4. Valid election. Natural r	resource or commercial fishing business property credit.
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We (list the qualified heirs having an interest in the natural resource or commercial fishing business property)

are the qualified heirs having interest in the natural resource or commercial fishing business property. We approve of the election made by

executor/administrator of the estate of

We, the qualified heirs, understand ORS 118.140, requires the following conditions be met:

- 1. The qualified heir must use the property as a natural resource property or commercial fishing business property for which a credit is elected for at least five out of eight calendar years following the decedent's death to qualify for the credit.
- 2. The heir who inherits the natural resource property will file the Form OR-NRC-CERT, Annual Certification for Natural Resource Credit, with the department each year, due on April 15th. With the annual certification form the heir certifies continued qualified use of the property according to ORS 118.140.
- 3. During the five out of eight calendar years required use period, described in number 1 above, the qualified heir may transfer the natural resource or commercial fishing business property to another qualified heir who is eligible for the credit. Upon transfer of property to a qualified heir, file Form OR-706-R; transfer to a qualified heir generally results in no additional tax, however the OR-706-R is required to be filed for reporting purposes.
- 4. If the heir doesn't use the property as a natural resource or commercial fishing business property for five out of eight calendar years following the decedent's death, or the heir disposes of the property, an additional tax under ORS 118.005 to 118.840 may be due from the heir.
 - a. The additional tax liability will be the amount of additional tax that would have been imposed had the disqualified property value not been included in the natural resource credit calculation multiplied by [(five minus the number of years the property was used as natural resource property) divided by five].
- b. Form OR-706-R, will be required from the heir and the additional estate transfer tax paid within six months after the disqualifying event occurs. The signature of each qualified heir, or each trustee of a trust, is required for a valid election:

	/ /
(Signature of qualified heir)	Date (MM/DD/YYYY)
	/ /
(Signature of qualified heir)	Date (MM/DD/YYYY)
	/ /
(Signature of qualified heir)	Date (MM/DD/YYYY)
	/ /
(Signature of qualified heir)	Date (MM/DD/YYYY)
	/ /
(Signature of qualified heir)	Date (MM/DD/YYYY)
	/ /
(Signature of qualified heir)	Date (MM/DD/YYYY)
	/ /
(Signature of gualified heir)	Date (MM/DD/YYYY)

Include additional pages if more signature lines are needed. If all of the qualified heirs can't sign the same page, it is acceptable to have a separate signature page for each heir.

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Estate of: Decedent's SSN: Part 5. Worksheet for your natural resource credit Schedule OR-NRC. 1. Total gross estate (Form OR-706, part 2, line 1)● 1. 2. Less: a. Schedules J and K (Form OR-706, part 5, line 516)..... • 2a. b. Schedule L (Form OR-706, part 5, lines 518 and 519)...... • 2b. З. Stop if this amount is more than \$15 million; you don't qualify for the credit. Oregon gross estate (Form OR-706, part 2, line 5)...... • 4. 4. 5. Less: a. Schedules J and K, as deductions relate to Oregon gross estate, (Form OR-706, part 5, line 516)..... • 5a. b. Schedule L, as deductions relate to Oregon gross estate, (Form OR-706, part 5, lines 518 and 519)..... • 5b. .00 6. Oregon adjusted gross estate (subtract the result of 5a plus 5b from line 4).....● 6. 7. Value of all eligible natural resource or fishing property. Natural resource property Your Oregon natural resource property percentage (divide line 7 by line 6) (round to four decimal places) • 8. 8. % Stop if this percentage is less than 50 percent; you don't qualify for the credit. Value of Oregon natural resource property on which the credit is calculated .00 12. Multiply line 11 by line 10. This is your Oregon natural resource credit. Enter on Form OR-706, part 2, line 8..... 12.

Examp	ble
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The estate has a total gross estate of \$4,225,000; assets in Oregon are valued at \$1,450,000, the remaining assets, real property, are outside of Oregon. The Oregon Natural Resource property has a gross value of \$900,000. Schedule J and K expenses are \$135,000, of which \$46,000 relates to the Oregon portion of the estate. Schedule L expenses of \$90,000 relate to a mortgage on out of state property. The Oregon estate tax, Form OR-706, part 2, line 7, is \$99,558.

 8. Your Oregon natural resource property percentage (divide line 7 by line 6) (round to four decimal places)			1
a. Schedules J and K (Form OR-706, part 5, line 516)	1. Total gross estate (Form OR-706, part 2, line 1)1.	\$ 4,225,000	
b. Schedule L (Form OR-706, part 5, lines 518 and 519) 2b. 90,000 3. Total adjusted gross estate (subtract the result of 2a plus 2b from line 1) 3. 4,000,000 Stop if this amount is more than \$15 million; you do not qualify for the credit. 1,450,000 4. Oregon gross estate (Form OR-706, part 2, line 5) 1,450,000 5. Less: a. Schedules J and K, as deductions relate to Oregon gross estate, (Form OR-706, part 5, line 516) 5a. 46,000 b. Schedule L, as deductions relate to Oregon gross estate, (Form OR-706, part 5, lines 518 and 519) 5b. -0- 6. Oregon adjusted gross estate (subtract the result of 5a plus 5b from line 4) -0- 1,404,000 7. Value of all eligible natural resource or fishing property. Natural resource property is defined as located in Oregon. (Schedule OR-NRC, part 2, column C total) 7. 900,000 8. Your Oregon natural resource property percentage (divide line 7 by line 6) (round to four decimal places) 8. 64.1000% Stop if this percentage is less than 50 percent; you do not qualify for the credit. 9. 900,000 9. Value of Oregon natural resource property on which the credit is calculated (Schedule OR-NRC, part 2, column D total, do not enter more than \$7.5 million) 9. 900,000	2. Less:		
 3. Total adjusted gross estate (subtract the result of 2a plus 2b from line 1)	a. Schedules J and K (Form OR-706, part 5, line 516)2a.	135,000	
Stop if this amount is more than \$15 million; you do not qualify for the credit. 4. Oregon gross estate (Form OR-706, part 2, line 5)	b. Schedule L (Form OR-706, part 5, lines 518 and 519)2b.	90,000	
 4. Oregon gross estate (Form OR-706, part 2, line 5)	3. Total adjusted gross estate (subtract the result of 2a plus 2b from line 1)		4,000,000
 5. Less: a. Schedules J and K, as deductions relate to Oregon gross estate, (Form OR-706, part 5, line 516)	Stop if this amount is more than \$15 million; you do not qualify for the credit.		
 a. Schedules J and K, as deductions relate to Oregon gross estate, (Form OR-706, part 5, line 516)	4. Oregon gross estate (Form OR-706, part 2, line 5)4.	1,450,000	
(Form OR-706, part 5, line 516) 516) b. Schedule L, as deductions relate to Oregon gross estate, 6000 (Form OR-706, part 5, lines 518 and 519) 5000 6. Oregon adjusted gross estate (subtract the result of 5a plus 5b from line 4) 50000 7. Value of all eligible natural resource or fishing property. Natural resource property 60000 8. Your Oregon natural resource property percentage (divide line 7 by line 6) (round to four decimal places) 8000000000000000000000000000000000000	5. Less:		
b. Schedule L, as deductions relate to Oregon gross estate, -0- (Form OR-706, part 5, lines 518 and 519) -0- 6. Oregon adjusted gross estate (subtract the result of 5a plus 5b from line 4) -0- 7. Value of all eligible natural resource or fishing property. Natural resource property is defined as located in Oregon. (Schedule OR-NRC, part 2, column C total) 8. Your Oregon natural resource property percentage (divide line 7 by line 6) (round to four decimal places) 8. 64.1000% Stop if this percentage is less than 50 percent; you do not qualify for the credit. 9. Value of Oregon natural resource property on which the credit is calculated (Schedule OR-NRC, part 2, column D total, do not enter more than \$7.5 million)	a. Schedules J and K, as deductions relate to Oregon gross estate,		
(Form OR-706, part 5, lines 518 and 519) -0- 6. Oregon adjusted gross estate (subtract the result of 5a plus 5b from line 4)	(Form OR-706, part 5, line 516)5a.	46,000	
 6. Oregon adjusted gross estate (subtract the result of 5a plus 5b from line 4)	b. Schedule L, as deductions relate to Oregon gross estate,		
 Value of all eligible natural resource or fishing property. Natural resource property is defined as located in Oregon. (Schedule OR-NRC, part 2, column C total)	(Form OR-706, part 5, lines 518 and 519)5b.	-0-	
is defined as located in Oregon. (Schedule OR-NRC, part 2, column C total)	6. Oregon adjusted gross estate (subtract the result of 5a plus 5b from line 4)	6.	1,404,000
 8. Your Oregon natural resource property percentage (divide line 7 by line 6) (round to four decimal places)	7. Value of all eligible natural resource or fishing property. Natural resource property		
Stop if this percentage is less than 50 percent; you do not qualify for the credit. 9. Value of Oregon natural resource property on which the credit is calculated (Schedule OR-NRC, part 2, column D total, do not enter more than \$7.5 million)9. 900,000	is defined as located in Oregon. (Schedule OR-NRC, part 2, column C total)	7.	900,000
9. Value of Oregon natural resource property on which the credit is calculated (Schedule OR-NRC, part 2, column D total, do not enter more than \$7.5 million)9. 900,000			64.1000%
(Schedule OR-NRC, part 2, column D total, do not enter more than \$7.5 million)9. 900,000	Stop if this percentage is less than 50 percent; you do not qualify for the credit.		
	9. Value of Oregon natural resource property on which the credit is calculated		
10. Divide line 9 by line 3 (round to four decimal places)	(Schedule OR-NRC, part 2, column D total, do not enter more than \$7.5 million)	9.	900,000
	10. Divide line 9 by line 3 (round to four decimal places)	10.	0.2250
11. Estate tax payable to Oregon (Form OR-706, part 2, Line 7)	11. Estate tax payable to Oregon (Form OR-706, part 2, Line 7)	11.	99,558
12. Multiply line 11 by line 10. This is your Oregon natural resource credit. Enter on Form OR-706, part 2, line 812. 22,401	12. Multiply line 11 by line 10. This is your Oregon natural resource credit. Enter on Form C	OR-706, part 2, line 812.	22,401

Include pages 1, 2 and 3 of this schedule with Form OR-706 and provide a complete copy of Schedule OR-NRC to each qualified heir identified in part 3.

Instructions for 2018 Schedule OR-NRC, Oregon Natural Resource Credit for Form OR-706

This publication is a guide, not a complete statement, of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) and Oregon Department of Revenue Administrative Rules (OAR). For more information, refer to the laws and rules on our website, www.oregon.gov/dor.

Refer to ORS 118.140 and supporting rules for additional information regarding this credit.

Schedule OR-NRC instructions

ORS 118.140 provides a natural resource or commercial fishing business credit applying to deaths on or after January 1, 2007. You may take all, part, or none of this credit for which you qualify. Natural resource property is farm use and forestland (ORS 308A.056, 308A.250, 321.201). Real property must be in Oregon [ORS 118.140(a)(L)]. Qualified property also includes property used in a commercial fishing business [ORS Chapter 508 and IRC Section 1301(b)(4)].

In 2015, Senate Bill (SB) 864 modified the Natural Resource Credit (NRC), to allow estates with smaller natural resources and fishing properties to claim the credit. The modifications include: natural resource properties used for this credit must be property in this state and the adjusted gross estate applies to this property. These changes apply to estates of decedents dying on or after January 1, 2015.

To claim this credit:

Complete all parts of this schedule and file with Form OR-706, *Oregon Estate Transfer Tax Return*, 150-104-001. The executor shall notify the family members who inherit natural resource or commercial fishing property of the tax consequences if they fail to meet the conditions of the credit (ORS 118.140). Every family member inheriting all or part of the natural resource property or commercial fishing property must be identified in part 3 and sign part 4. The executor must provide each inheriting family member with a copy of Schedule OR-NRC, *Oregon Natural Resource Credit*, 150-104-003, for their permanent tax records.

This credit is only allowed if you meet the following requirements:

- Natural resource property is in this state.
- The total adjusted gross estate doesn't exceed \$15 million.
- The total value of the Oregon natural resource property in the estate is at least 50 percent of the Oregon adjusted gross estate.
- Total adjusted gross estate is the total gross estate minus Schedules J, K, and L deductions.
- Oregon adjusted total gross estate is the gross estate minus real and personal property outside of Oregon, minus Schedules J, K, and L deductions as these deductions relate to Oregon assets.
- The natural resource property is transferred to, or held in, trust for a qualified beneficiary, who is a family member.
- A credit is allowed for the following real property only if the real property was owned by the decedent or a family

member during an aggregate period of five out of the eight years ending on the date of the decedent's death and used in a business described in ORS 118.140(3)(d):

- a. Real property used as forestland or as forestland homesites, not to exceed 5,000 acres.
- b. Real property used in farm use.
- A credit is allowed for property used in the operation of a fishing business only if the decedent or a family member, during an aggregate period of five out of the eight years ending on the date of the decedent's death:
 - a. Owned a vessel used in taking food fish or shellfish for commercial purposes (ORS 506.006);
 - b. Held a boat license (ORS 508.260);
- c. Held a commercial fishing license (ORS 508.235); and
- d. Held one or more restricted fisheries permits (ORS 508) or an equivalent restricted vessel permit system under the laws of another state

Oregon will allow a credit for property that meets the above requirements if:

- The property is the subject of a net cash lease to or from the decedent or qualified beneficiary who's a family member.
- The property is held in trust for a qualified beneficiary who's a family member.
- The property replaces natural resource property and the replacement property would otherwise meet the definition of natural resource property, except that it was acquired after the date of the decedent's death, but before the estate tax return is filed. Real property must be replaced with real property.
- For determining the period of time in which the decedent or a family member owned real property, received in exchange [Internal Revenue Code (IRC) 1031], or acquired in an involuntary conversion (IRC 1033), the period during which the decedent or a family member owned the exchanged or acquired real property, may be included, if the exchanged or acquired real property was used in the farm business or forestry business.
- Property that otherwise meets the requirements of this section and that is owned indirectly by the decedent or a family member qualifies for a credit under this section, if the property is owned through an interest in a limited liability company, corporation, partnership, or trust [IRC 2032A(g)]. In order to qualify under this subsection, at least one family member must materially participate in the business after the transfer. For purposes of this subsection, "materially participate" means to engage in

active management (IRC 2032A), of the farm business, forestry business, or fishing business. We may adopt rules to administer this subsection consistent with this definition.

Credit computation

The natural resource credit is computed by multiplying the tax that would be payable (ORS 118.005 to ORS 118.840), absent the credit by a ratio, the numerator of which is an amount equal to the lesser of the amount of Oregon natural resource property or \$7.5 million, and the denominator of which is an amount equal to the total adjusted gross estate.

Example: If an estate had a total adjusted gross estate of \$6 million, an Oregon adjusted gross estate of \$2 million, Oregon natural resource property of \$1.2 million and tax payable to Oregon of \$179,025, the credit would be \$35,805, computed as follows:

 $179,025 \times (1,200,000 \div 6,000,000) = 35,805$

Annual certification for natural resource credit [ORS 118.140(10)]

The heir(s) who inherits the natural resource property will need to file the Form OR-NRC-CERT, *Annual Certification for Natural Resource Credit*, 150-104-008, with us. This form certifies the heir's continued qualified use of the property in the previous year. This form is due April 15th.

Disposition of natural resource property and additional tax due [ORS 118.140(9)(a)]

An additional tax may be imposed per ORS 118.005 to 118.540 if the natural resource property or commercial fishing business property is disposed of or is transferred to a person other than a family member or another eligible entity, before the property is used for five out of eight years after the date of death.

The additional tax liability is the amount of the additional tax that would have been imposed, had the disqualified property not been included in the numerator of the ratio used to calculate the natural resource credit, multiplied by [(five minus the number of years the property was used as natural resource property) divided by five]. The property owner will pay the additional tax at the time of the disposition of the property or the disqualifying event. Each property owner will need to file Form OR-706-R, *Repayment of Oregon Natural Resource Credit*, 150-104-007.

This return and the additional tax are due within six months after the date of disposition of the property. For examples of the additional tax due, see Form OR-706-R and instructions.

• The payment of federal estate taxes, state inheritance, or estate taxes from cash or other assets for which a natural resource credit was claimed, shall be a disposition and an additional tax shall be imposed.

- The conveyance after the decedent's death of property that otherwise meets the requirements of this section and is conveyed as a qualified conservation contribution [IRC 170(h)], isn't a disposition requiring payment of additional tax under this subsection.
- Natural resource property may be replaced with real property or personal property after the credit is claimed and doesn't result in a disposition subject to an additional tax if the replacement property is used in the operation of the farm business, forestry business, or fishing business. Real property for which a credit is claimed under this section may be replaced only with real property that would otherwise qualify as natural resource property. The replacement must be made within one year to avoid a disposition and additional tax, with the exception that involuntarily converted replacement property must occur within two years (IRC 1033).

Do you have questions or need help?

Internet

www.oregon.gov/dor

- Download forms, instructions, and publications.
- Access Revenue Online to make payments.
- Search FAQs.

Email

estate.help.dor@oregon.gov

This email address isn't secure and confidentiality can't be ensured. General tax and policy questions only. We ask that professional tax preparers and attorneys research questions before contacting us.

Correspondence

Estate Audit, Business Division Oregon Department of Revenue PO Box 14110 Salem OR 97309-0910

Fax: (503) 945-8787, Estate Tax Unit

Phone

(503) 378-4988 or (800) 356-4222

Monday–Friday, 7:30 a.m.–5 p.m. Closed Thursdays from 9–11 a.m. Closed holidays. Wait times may vary.

Contact us for ADA accommodations or assistance in other languages.

In person

Find directions and hours on our website.