FORM

NONRESIDENT INCOME TAX CALCULATION ATTACH TO YOUR TAX RETURN



irst Na	ame	MI	Last Name		Social Security Number
Spouse	e's First Name	MI	Spouse's Last Name		Spouse's Social Security N
			5NR Instructions appearing on page 2 of this f		
[f yo	ou are filing Form 515, use the F	Form 50	5NR Instructions appearing in Instruction 18 of	f the I	Form 515 Instruct
			ALLOWING CERTAIN MODIFICATIONS		
			line 31 (or Form 515, line 32)		
			Norksheet Schedules I or II. Continue to Part II	2	
	TII - CALCULATION OF MARY				
3.	Enter your federal adjusted gross				
-		,			
			▶ 3a		
			blus additions from Form 505 (or 515) line 21		
			president from line 22 of Form 505		
	,		m 505 or Form 515	6a	·
6D.	Enter non-Maryland income from				
7					
	-		. line 7 from line 4		
			ine 7 from line 4	ð	·
	If you are using the standard deduction, recalculate the standard				
	deduction based on the income on line 8 and enter on line 8a8a				
			s, the factor is 0. If line 8 is greater than 0 and	0	
10.	Deduction amount.	000000.		9	·
	If you are using the standard deduction, multiply the standard				
			m and enter on line 10a 10a.		
	If you are itemizing your deduc			•—	
	, ,	,	n and enter on line 10b10b.		
	Form 515 Users, see Instruc			•—	
11	•		line 8.)	11	
			nption amount on Form 505, line 28		
				. 12	
13.			e 12 from line 11.)		
			prm		
			nount on line 13 on this form by line 1.		
	-		0 or less, the factor is 0	15	
16.			Enter this amount on Form 505, line 32a		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16	
17.			this form by .0175. Enter this amount		
			ss, enter 0	17	
	FORM 515 FILERS ONLY.				



NONRESIDENT INCOME TAX CALCULATION INSTRUCTIONS

Using Form 505NR, Nonresident Income Tax Calculation, follow the line-by-line instructions below to figure your Maryland tax.

- Line 1. Enter the taxable net income from Form 505, line 31.
- Line 2. Find the income range in the tax table that applies to the amount on line 1 of Form 505NR. Find the Maryland tax corresponding to your income range. Enter the tax amount from the tax table. If your taxable income on line 1 is \$50,000 or more, use the Maryland Tax Computation Worksheet schedules at the end of the tax table.
- Line 3. Enter your federal adjusted gross income (FAGI) from Form 505, line 17 (column 1).
- Line 3a. Enter your earned income.

Earned income includes wages, salaries, tips, professional fees and other compensation received for personal services you performed. It also includes any amount received as a scholarship that you must include in your federal AGI.

- Line 4. Enter the amount from Form 505, line 21.
- Line 5. Taxable Military Income of a nonresident, if applicable.
- Line 6a. Enter the amount of your subtractions from line 23 of Form 505.
- **Line 6b.** Enter any non-Maryland income (not including losses reported on lines 1 through 14 of column 3, or adjustments to income reported on line 16 of column 3) from Form 505 (or 515), that have not been included on lines 5 or 6a of this form.

Important Note: Make sure that you follow the instruction for line 6b above to arrive at the correct amount. The non-Maryland losses and adjustments should have been reported on line 18 of Form 505 (or 515) and included on the amounts reported on line 4 of this form.

Be sure to include the following items if not already included on lines 5 or 6a.

- Maryland salaries and wages should be included if you are a resident of a reciprocal state.
- Income subject to tax as a resident when required to file both Forms 502 and 505 should be included.
- Line 17 of column 3 on Form 505 (or 515) should also include income for wages earned in Maryland by a nonresident rendering police, fire, rescue or emergency services in an area covered under a state of emergency declared by the Maryland Governor, if the wages are paid by a nonprofit organization not registered to do business in the state and not otherwise doing business in the state, or by a state, county or political subdivision of a state, other than the State of Maryland.

- **Line 7.** Add lines 5 through 6b.
- Line 8. Subtract line 7 from line 4. This is your Maryland Adjusted Gross Income.
- Line 8a. If you are using the standard deduction amount, recalculate the standard deduction (line 8) based on the Maryland adjusted gross income.
- **Line 9.** Compute your Maryland income factor by dividing line 8 by line 3. Carry the factor to six decimal places. The factor cannot exceed 1.000000 and cannot be less than 0. If line 8 is 0 or less, the factor is 0. If line 8 is greater than 0 and line 3 is 0 or less, the factor is 1.000000.
- **Line 10a.** If you are using the standard deduction, multiply the standard deduction on line 8a by the Maryland Income Factor (line 9) and enter on line 10a.
- **Line 10b.** If you are itemizing your deductions, multiply the deduction on Form 505 line 26d by the Maryland Income Factor (line 9) and enter on line 10b.
- **Line 11.** If you are using the standard deduction, subtract line 10a from line 8. If you are using itemized deductions, subtract line 10b from line 8.
- Line 12. Multiply the total exemption amount on Form 505, line 28 by the factor on line 9.
- Line 13. Subtract line 12 from line 11. This is your Maryland taxable net income.
- Line 14. Enter the tax from line 2 of this form.
- **Line 15.** Divide the amount on line 13 of this form by the amount on line 1. Carry this Maryland nonresident factor to six decimal places. If more than 1.000000, enter 1.000000. If 0 or less, enter 0.
- Line 16. Multiply line 14 by line 15 to arrive at your Maryland tax. Enter this amount on line 16 and on Form 505, line 32a.
- Line 17. Multiply line 13 by .0175. Enter this amount on line 17 and on Form 505, line 32b. If line 13 is 0 or less, enter 0.

On Form 505, add lines 32a and 32b and enter the total on line 32c.

Note: If you are using Form 505NR with Form 505, follow the instructions above. **If you are using Form 505NR with Form 515, follow Instruction 18 in the Form 515 instructions.**