

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Tax Period \_\_\_\_\_

Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) \_\_\_\_\_

**Computation of Underpayment**

**Note:** If you meet any of the exceptions (see Instruction D) that avoid the underpayment penalty for all quarters, skip lines 1 through 8, and go directly to line 9.

1. 2016 tax from line 19, IA 1120, or line 15, IA 1120F .....1. \_\_\_\_\_  
2. Total credits from line 20, IA 1120, or line 16, IA 1120F .....2. \_\_\_\_\_  
3. Balance. Subtract line 2 from line 1. ....3. \_\_\_\_\_

	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter
4. Enter in columns 1 through 4 the installment dates that correspond to the last day of the 4th, 6th, 9th, and 12th months of your taxable year				
5. Enter 25% of line 3 in columns 1 through 4				
6. (a) Amount paid or credited for each period				
6. (b) Overpayment of previous installment. An overpayment on line 8 in excess of all prior underpayments is to be applied as a credit against the next installment.				
7. Total of lines 6(a) and 6(b)				
8. Underpayment: Subtract line 7 from line 5 Overpayment: Subtract line 5 from line 7				

**Exceptions that avoid the underpayment penalty (See Instruction D); Exceptions 1 and 2 not applicable for initial year filers.**

9. Total cumulative amount paid or credited from the beginning of the taxable year through the installment dates that correspond to the last day of the 4th, 6th, 9th and 12th months of your taxable year				
10. Exception 1: Prior year's tax	25% of tax	50% of tax	75% of tax	100% of tax
11. Exception 2: Tax on prior year's income using current year's rates	25% of tax	50% of tax	75% of tax	100% of tax
12. Exception 3: Tax on annualized income. Include schedule.	25% of tax	50% of tax	75% of tax	100% of tax

**Computation of Underpayment Penalty**

13. Enter same installment dates used in line 4				
14. Amount of underpayment from line 8				
15. Date of payment. See Instructions.				
16. (a) Number of days from due date of installment to date of payment or 12/31/16, whichever is earlier				
16. (b) Number of days inclusively from 01/01/17, or due date of installment, whichever is later, to the date of payment or the last day of the 4th month after the close of the tax year, whichever is earlier				
17. (a) 5% a year on the amount shown on line 14, for the number of days shown on line 16(a). See Instructions.				
17. (b) 5% a year on the amount shown on line 14 for the number of days shown on line 16(b). See Instructions.				
18. Total of lines 17(a) and 17(b).				
19. Penalty: Add the four columns of line 18 and enter here. Also, show the amount on line 25, form IA 1120, or line 20, form IA 1120 F.				

## 2016 IA 2220 Instructions

### Purpose of Form

Form IA 2220 will enable corporations and financial institutions to determine if they paid the correct amount of estimated tax by the proper due date. If the minimum amount was not paid timely, an underpayment penalty is imposed for the period of the underpayment. This form helps you to determine whether or not you are subject to such a penalty.

### Estimated Tax

Every corporation or financial institution with \$1,000 or more in tax due after credits is required to file estimated tax.

### Exceptions that Avoid the Underpayment Penalty

No penalty will be charged for any underpayment on line 8 if:

1. All of the payments were made on or before the due date of the installment; and
2. The total payments made by that installment date equal or exceed the amount which would have been due if the estimated tax were calculated using any of the exceptions listed below.

A different exception may be applied to each underpayment. If there has been an underpayment of the amount of the estimated tax, and the taxpayer believes that one or more of the exceptions to the penalty precludes the assertion of the underpayment penalty, the taxpayer should complete lines 9 through 12 showing the applicability of any exception upon which the taxpayer relies. If no exception applies, complete lines 13 through 19 to determine the amount of the penalty on the underpayment from line 8.

#### Line 10: Exception 1 - Prior year's tax

This exception allows corporations and financial institutions to substitute for the current year's estimate the amount of the tax shown on the return for the preceding taxable year. This exception may be utilized only if the preceding taxable year was a taxable year of 12 months and a return showing a tax liability (including a "zero" liability) was filed for that year. Corporations or financial institutions filing an initial year Iowa return may not use Exception 1.

#### Line 11: Exception 2 - Tax on prior year's income using current year's rates

This exception allows corporations and financial institutions to use a tax computed by using the current year's rates but otherwise on the basis of the facts and law applicable to the prior year. Corporations and financial institutions filing an initial year Iowa return may not use Exception 2.

#### Line 12: Exception 3 - Tax on Annualized Income

This section applies if the corporation or financial institution made an estimated tax payment of at least

100% of the amount it would owe if its estimated tax were a tax computed on annualized taxable income for the months preceding an installment date.

A corporation or financial institution may thus annualize its income:

1. For the first 3 months if the installment was required to be paid in the 4th month;
2. For the first 3 months or the first 5 months if the installment was required to be paid in the 6th month;
3. For the first 6 months or the first 8 months if the installment was required to be paid in the 9th month; and
4. For the first 9 months or for the first 11 months if the installment was required to be paid in the 12th month.

To annualize, multiply taxable income for the period by 12 and divide the resulting amount by the number of months in the period (3, 5, 6, 8, 9, or 11, as the case may be). Enclose corporation income statements for appropriate months in the tax period.

### Overpayment

A payment of estimated tax on any installment date is considered a payment of any previous underpayment only to the extent the payment exceeds the amount of the installment as computed on line 5.

**Date of payment (line 15):** Once a payment is made to cover an exception to the penalty, the underpayment is no longer outstanding, so the penalty computation stops at the date that payment is made.

### To Compute Penalty

Use the following formula:

$$\text{Penalty} = \begin{array}{c} \text{Daily \%} \\ \text{rate} \\ \text{(line 17)} \end{array} \times \begin{array}{c} \text{Number of} \\ \text{days} \\ \text{(line 16)} \end{array} \times \begin{array}{c} \text{Underpayment} \\ \text{(line 14)} \end{array}$$

The daily percentage rate is:

5% per annum = 0.013699% per day (1/1/16 - 12/31/16)

5% per annum = 0.013699% per day (1/1/17 - 12/31/17)

**Please enclose this form with your corporation income tax return, form IA 1120 or form IA 1120F.**

### Questions:

Call 515-281-3114 or 800-367-3388

Additional information can be found on the Department website (<https://tax.iowa.gov/>).

**Email:** [idr@iowa.gov](mailto:idr@iowa.gov)