TAXABLE YEAR S Corporation Capital Gains and Losses and Built-In Gains

CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE

D (100S)

Attach to Form 100S.						
Corporation name					California corporation number	
SECTION A – 8.84% Tax on Built-In Gains						
Part I Short-Term Capital Gains and Losses	- Accate Hald Ana V	ar or lace lice add	litional chapte if naces	eary		
(a) Description of property (Example: 100 shares 7% preferred of "Z" Co.)	(b) Date acquired (mm/dd/yyyy)	(c)	(d) Gross sales price	(e) Cost or other basis plus expense of sale		(f) Gain (loss) col. (d) less col. (e)
1						
•						
2 Short-term capital gain from form FTB 3805E	line 26 or line 37 an	d federal Form 8824	See instructions	'	2	00
3 a Net short-term capital gain (loss). Combine					3a	00
b Tax on short-term capital gain(s) included					3b	00
c Subtract line 3b from line 3a. Enter here ar					3c	00
Part II Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses						, , ,
4						
5 Long-term capital gain from form FTB 3805E	. line 26 or line 37 and	federal Form 8824.	See instructions		5	00
6 a Net long-term capital gain (loss). Combine					6a	00
b Tax on long-term capital gain(s) included o					6b	00
c Subtract line 6b from line 6a. Enter here ar					6c	00
Part III Tax on Built-In Gains. See instruction						
7 Excess of recognized built-in gains over recognized	gnized built-in losses	attributable to Califor	nia. Attach computati	on schedule	7	00
8 Taxable income. Get the instructions for federal Schedule D (Form 1120S). Use California amounts.				8	00	
9 Enter the smaller of line 7, line 8, or computed amount. See instructions					9	00
10 Net operating loss (NOL) carryover deduction from years the corporation was a C corporation. See instructions					10	00
11 Subtract line 10 from line 9. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on line 12					11	00
12 Tax on built-in gains. Multiply line 11 by 8.84						
Form 100S, Side 2, line 28					12	00
Part IV Net Capital Gains (Losses)						
13 Combine amounts on Part I, line 3a and Part	II, line 6a. Enter here	and on Form 100S, S	ide 1, line 4		13	00
SECTION B – 1.5% Tax on Capital Gains						
Part I Short-Term Capital Gains and Losses	– Assets Held One Y	ear or Less . Use add	litional sheets if neces	sary.		
(a) Description of property (Example: 100 shares 7% preferred of "Z" Co.)	(b) Date acquired (mm/dd/yyyy)	(c) Date sold (mm/dd/yyyy)	(d) Gross sales price	(e) Cost or other basis plus expense of sale		(f) Gain (loss) col. (d) less col. (e)
1						
2 a Short-term capital gain from form FTB 380	DSE, line 26 or line 37	and federal Form 882	4. See instructions		2a	00
b Combine line 1, column (f) and line 2a. Enter here and on Form 100S, Schedule K, column (d), line 7 or line 10b					2b	00
c Unused capital loss carryover from 2014 a					2c	00
3 Net short-term capital gain (loss). Combine li	ne 2b and line 2c	· 			3	00
Part II Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses	- Assets Held More	Than One Year. Use a	additional sheets if ne	cessary.		
4						
5 Enter gain from Schedule D-1, line 9 and/or a	ıny capital gain distrib	utions			5	00
6 Long-term capital gain from form FTB 3805E, line 26 or line 37 and federal Form 8824. See instructions					6	00
7 Net long-term capital gain (loss). Combine lir	ne 4, column (f) throu	gh line 6. Enter here a	and on Form 100S, So	chedule K,		
column (d), line 8 or line 10b					7	00
8 Enter excess of net short-term capital gain Se	ection B, Part I, line 3	over net long-term ca	apital loss Section B, I	Part II, line 7	8	00
9 Net capital gain. Enter excess of net long-terr		-	•		9	00
10 Total line 8 and line 9. If line 10 is a gain, enter						
carry forward losses to taxable year 2016				<u></u>	10	00
						, , ,

2015 Instructions for Schedule D (100S) S Corporation Capital Gains and Losses and Built-In Gains

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2015, and to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

Important Information

The alternative withholding rates for the sale of California real property is 13.8% for S corporations or 15.8% for financial S corporations.

Buyers are required to withhold on each installment sale payment if the sale of California real property is structured as an installment sale.

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002, when determining the built-in gains tax, C corporations that were required to convert to S corporations for California purposes are deemed to have elected S corporation status on the effective date of their federal election regardless of the effective date for state purposes.

General Information

In general, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2015. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **conformity**. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for California Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), and the Business Entity tax booklets.

The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

Purpose

Schedule D (100S), S Corporation Capital Gains and Losses and Built-In Gains, is divided into Section A and Section B. Use Section A to report all built-in gains subject to the 8.84% tax rate (10.84% for financial S corporations). Use Section B to report all other capital gains subject to the 1.5% tax rate (3.5% for financial S corporations). For more information, see General Information J, Built-In Gains, in the Form 100S, S Corporation Tax Booklet.

Complete federal Form 8824, Like-Kind Exchanges, using California amounts when computing gain from like-kind exchanges.

Specific Line Instructions

SECTION A – 8.84% Tax on Built-In Gains

Part I – Short-Term Capital Gains and Losses - Assets Held One Year or Less and Part II – Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses - Assets Held More Than One Year

Use Part I and Part II to report and summarize gains and losses attributable to: (1) sale or exchange of capital assets; and (2) gains on distributions to shareholders of appreciated assets that are capital assets. Be sure to use the California basis for all assets when computing the gain or loss. Get the instructions for federal Schedule D (Form 1120S), Capital Gains and Losses and Built-In Gains, for more information.

Line 1 and Line 4

Report short-term or long-term capital gains or losses from form FTB 3725, Assets Transferred from Corporation to Insurance Company, on Schedule D (100S). Make sure to enter on Schedule D (100S), line 1 and/or line 4, under column (a) Description of property: "FTB 3725." Enter the amount of short-term or long-term capital gains (losses) from form FTB 3725, column (h), on Schedule D (100S), line 1 and/or line 4, column (f).

Line 2 and Line 5

Use California amounts when figuring the amount to enter for short or long-term capital gains or losses from like-kind exchanges from federal Form 8824.

Part III - Tax on Built-In Gains

The recognition period for built-in gains under California law is 10 years.

Line 7

To determine if the S corporation is subject to tax on built-in gains, see General Information J, Built-In Gains, in the Form 100S Booklet, and get the instructions for federal Schedule D (Form 1120S).

Apportioning Corporations Only:

All recognized built-in gains and all recognized built-in losses apportioned and allocated to California must be included on line 7.

Line 9

Compute the California net unrealized built-in gain reduced by the California net recognized built-in gain from prior years if the S corporation:

- Filed its election to be an S corporation after 1986.
- Was a C corporation before it elected to be an S corporation, or acquired an asset with a basis determined by reference to its basis (or the basis of any other property) in the hands of a C corporation.
- Had a California net unrealized built-in gain as defined in IRC Section 1374(d)(1), that was in excess of the California net recognized built-in gain from prior years.

On line 9, enter the smaller of line 7, line 8, or the amount computed above.

Line 10

See form FTB 3805Q, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations — Corporations, in the Form 100S Booklet, for more information.

SECTION B – 1.5% Tax on Capital GainsUse Section B, Part I and Part II to report the sale or disposition of all capital assets acquired as an S corporation or which are not reported in Section A. For more information, get the instructions for federal Schedule D (Form 1120S).

Property Subject to IRC Section 179 Recapture: Gain on property subject to the IRC Section 179 expense deduction recapture must be included in the taxable income of the S corporation. To accomplish this, the S corporation should complete two sets of Schedule D-1, Sales of Business Property, and Schedule D (100S). One set of Schedule D-1 and Schedule D (100S) will include the gain or loss from the sale or disposition of IRC Section 179 assets as well as gain or loss from non-Section 179 business assets, and will be reported on the Form 100S. Indicate at the top of this Schedule D-1 and Schedule D (100S) "IRC Section 179 and Business Assets." When completing Schedule D-1 and Schedule D (100S) for the Form 100S, skip any instructions to report the gain or loss on Form 100S, Schedule K, S Corporation Shareholder's Shares of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc. or Schedule K-1 (100S), Shareholder's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc. Transfer the gain amount to Form 100S, Side 1, line 4.

The second set of Schedule D-1 and Schedule D (100S) is to report the gain or loss on non-Section 179 business assets for use on the Schedule K and Schedule K-1. To accomplish this, the S corporation should complete a Schedule D-1 and Schedule D (100S) with the gain or loss for the non-Section 179 business assets only. The amounts from this Schedule D-1 and Schedule D (100S) will be reported on the Schedule K and Schedule K-1 (100S). Indicate at the top of this Schedule D-1 and Schedule D (100S) set "Non-Section 179 Business Assets Only."

Part I – Short-Term Capital Gains and Losses – Assets Held One Year or Less

Line 1

Enter short-term capital gains or losses from form FTB 3725 on Schedule D (100S), line 1, column (f). Make sure to enter on Schedule D (100S), line 1 under column (a), Description of property: "FTB 3725."

Part II – Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses – Assets Held More Than One Year

Line 4

Enter long-term capital gains or losses from form FTB 3725 on Schedule D (100S), line 4, column (f). Make sure to enter on Schedule D (100S), line 4 under column (a), Description of property: "FTB 3725."