Arizona Form 165 Schedule K-1(NR)

Arizona Nonresident and Out-of-State Partner's Share of Income and Deductions

2015

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	All corpor	rate partners	mus	t use this sched	dule.		
For the \square calendar yea	ar 2015 or ☐ fiscal	year beginning	у Ш.	MID.DI2.0.1.	5」and	ending M.M.L	D.D.2.0.Y.Y.
CHECK ONE: Original	Amended						
Partner's Identifying Number			Partr	nership's Employer Ident	ification N	umber (EIN)	
Partner's Name			Partr	nership's Name			
Partner's Address – number and street	or rural route		Partr	nership's Address – num	ber and st	reet or rural route	
Partner's City, Town or Post Office	State ZIP Code		Partr	nership's City, Town or P	ost Office	State ZII	² Code
			1				
Partner	's Percentage of:			fore Change or Termination	Er	nd of Year	
Profit sh	aring			%		%	
Loss sh	aring			%		%	
Owners	hip of capital			%		%	
Type of	partner (individual, tru	ust, etc.)					
Part I: Distributive Share Federal Form 1065, Sche		(a) Distributive Share Amoun	ıt	(b) Arizona Apportionment Rat	tio	(c) Arizona Source Income	Form 140NR Filers: Enter the amount in column (c) on:
Ordinary income (loss) from t business activities							
2 Net income (loss) from rental	real estate activities						
3 Net income (loss) from other	rental activities						
4 Total: Add lines 1, 2, and 3							Line 21
5 Interest							Line 16
6 Dividends							Line 17
7 Royalties							Line 21
8 Net short-term capital gain (lo	oss)						Line 20
9 Net long-term capital gain (los	,						Line 20
10 Guaranteed payments to part	ĺ						
11 Net IRC Section 1231 gain (lo	·						Line 20
12 Deferred amount of discharge							
income included in federal inc							
year under IRC Section 108(i	,						Line 21
13 Other income (loss): include							Line 22
14 IRC Section 179 expense							Line 21
15 Deferred amount of original is							
deduction included in federal							Line O4
year under IRC Section 108(i 16 Other deductions: include sc							Line 21
Other deddenone. Include 50	noddio			l			
Part II: Partner's Distribu	tive Share of	(a)		(b)		(c)	Form 140NR Filers:
the Adjustment of Partne	rship Income	Distributive		Arizona		Arizona	Enter the amount in
From Federal to Arizona	Basis	Share Amoun	ıt	Apportionment Rat	io	Source Income	column (c) on:
17 Adjustment of partnership inc	ome from federal to						
Arizona basis from Form 165							Line 29 or 40
NOTE: Corporate partners se	e Form 120 or Form 120	OA instructions for	infori	mation on reporting t	he amou	nt from line 17.	

Name of Partnership (as shown on page 1)	Employer Identification Number
	1

Part III Net Capital Gain From Investment in a Qualified Small Business – Information Schedule

If the partner's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) does not include any net capital gain or loss from investment in a qualified small business, the partnership is not required to complete Part III.

Pro Rata Share Items		(a) Distributive Share	(b) Arizona	(c) Arizona
		Amount	Apportionment Ratio	Source Income
18 Net capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business	18			

Part IV Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction – Information Schedule

If the partner's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) includes capital gain (loss), complete line 19 and line 20. If the partner's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) does not include any capital gain (loss), the partnership is not required to complete Part IV.

	, ,	(b) Arizona Source Income From page 1, line 9, column (c).	(c) Net long-term capital gain (loss) included in column (b) from assets acquired before January 1, 2012	(d) Net long-term capital gain (loss) included in column (b) from assets acquired after December 31, 2011
19 Total net long-term capital gain (loss) 19				

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

20	Net long-term capital gain (loss) from	
	investment in a qualified small business	
	(amount already included in line 19,	
	column d)	20

Instructions for Partners

Part I: Distributive Share Items from Federal Form 1065, Schedule K-1

Column (c) is your Arizona source income. Nonresident individuals should report the amounts in column (c) on Form 140NR line numbers indicated on Form 165, Schedule K-1(NR). Nonresident trusts or nonresident estates should add lines 4 through 13, column (c), and enter the total on Form 141AZ, page 2. Schedule A.

However, if Form 165, Schedule K-1(NR) shows a loss, you may only claim such losses on your Arizona nonresident return to the extent that such losses are included in your federal adjusted gross income (individuals) or federal taxable income (trust and estates). Therefore, if the loss is considered to be a passive activity loss for federal purposes, the loss will likewise be considered to be a passive activity loss for Arizona purposes.

If you have a passive activity loss from a partnership that was derived from Arizona sources, you would not necessarily begin the Arizona return with the amounts shown in column (c) of Form 165, Schedule K-1(NR). For Arizona purposes, you must first determine if any portion of the loss shown on Form 165, Schedule K-1(NR) has been limited on your federal return because of the federal passive activity loss rules.

The amount of passive activity loss which is derived from Arizona sources is the amount of the passive activity loss which will be allowed on the Arizona return. Therefore, any portion of the passive activity loss which is not allowed on the federal return due to the passive activity loss limitations will likewise be limited on the Arizona return. That portion of the passive activity loss derived from Arizona sources which is required to be carried forward for federal purposes will similarly be carried forward for Arizona purposes.

NOTE: The amount of Internal Revenue Code § 179 expense deductible is limited to the Arizona portion of the amount deducted on federal Form 1040, Schedule E.

Part II: Partner's Distributive Share of the Adjustment of Partnership Income from Federal to Arizona Basis

Line 17 -

Individuals and fiduciaries:

Line 17 reflects the amount of partnership income which must be adjusted to determine the difference between Internal Revenue Code § 702(a)(8) and A.R.S. § 43-1401(2). If the amount on line 17 is a positive number, individual partners should enter this amount as an "other addition to income" on Form 140NR, line 29. Fiduciaries should enter a positive amount on line 17 as an "other addition" on Form 141AZ, page 2, line B3. If the amount on line 17 is a negative number, individual partners should enter this amount as an "other subtraction from income" on Form 140NR, line 40. Fiduciaries should enter a negative amount on line 17.

Corporate partners:

Corporate partners should report the amount on line 17 of Form 165, Schedule K-1(NR) according to the instructions for Form 120 or Form 120A.

Part III: Net Capital Gain from Investment in a Qualified Small Business – Information Schedule

For taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2011, Arizona allows a subtraction from Arizona gross income for any net capital gain derived from investment in a qualified small business and included in the individual taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or the federal taxable income of the estate and trust. A qualified small business is determined by the Arizona Commerce Authority pursuant to A.R.S. §41-1518. Although the subtraction is only available to individuals, estates and trusts, a partner that is a pass-through entity (estate, partnership, S corporation or trust) will need this information to calculate the subtraction for the estate or trust, or to complete the Arizona Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR), for each beneficiary; or Arizona Form 120S, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR), for each partner.

Line 18 -

The amount on line 18, column (c), is your distributive share of net capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business that is apportioned to Arizona. To determine if you qualify to take this subtraction from your Arizona tax return, see the instructions for Form 140NR or Form 141AZ.

Part IV: Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction – Information Schedule

Arizona allows a subtraction from Arizona gross income for a percentage of any net long-term capital gain from assets acquired **after** December 31, 2011, and included in the individual taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or the federal taxable income of the estate or trust. Although the subtraction is only available to individuals, estates and trusts, a partner that is a pass-through entity (estate, partnership, S corporation or trust) will need this information to calculate the subtraction for the estate or trust or complete the Arizona Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR), for each beneficiary; or Arizona Form 120S, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1 or

Only include net long-term capital gains if it can be verified that the asset was acquired after December 31, 2011. An asset acquired by gift or inheritance is considered acquired on the date it was acquired by the gift-giver or the deceased individual. If you cannot verify that the capital gain is from the sale of an asset acquired after December 31, 2011, then the capital gain should be treated as a capital gain asset acquired before January 1, 2012,

Line 19 -

Line 19, column (d) is your distributive share of net long- term capital gain (loss) from assets acquired after December 31, 2011 that is apportioned to Arizona.

Line 20 -

Line 19, column (d), may include amount(s) for any net long-term capital gain (loss) from investment in qualified small business. If you take the allowable subtraction on your Arizona income tax return for any net long-term capital gain from assets acquired after December 31, 2011, you cannot include the amount on line 20, column (d), for net long-term capital gain from investment in qualified small business in that allowable subtraction. For more information, see the instructions for Form 140PY or 141AZ.

Individual Partner:

To determine if you qualify to take a subtraction from income on your Arizona personal income tax return, the individual partner must complete the Worksheet for Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction for Assets Acquired After December 31, 2011. The worksheet is included in the instructions for the nonresident income tax return (Arizona Form 140NR).

Nonresidents use only the amount of Arizona-sourced, net long-term capital gain (loss) entered on line 19 and line 20, column (d) to figure the allowable subtraction on the worksheet that is included with Arizona Form 140NR.

Fiduciary Partner:

If the net long-term capital gain (loss) in Part IV is taxed at the estate or trust level, use the information to complete the Worksheet for Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction for Assets Acquired After December 31, 2011, included in the instructions of Arizona Form 141AZ for the estate or trust.

If the net long-term capital gain (loss) in Part IV is distributed to the beneficiaries, use the information to complete the Worksheet for Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction for Assets Acquired After December 31, 2011, included in the instructions of Arizona Form 141AZ. The worksheet will assist the estate or trust in completing the Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction – Information Schedule on Arizona Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1, or Schedule K-1(NR), for each beneficiary.

Partnership or S Corporation Partner:

The information in Part IV should be used to complete the *Worksheet for Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction for Assets Acquired After December 31, 2011* that is included in the instructions of Arizona Form 165 or Arizona Form 120S. The worksheet will assist the partnership or S corporation in completing the *Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction – Information Schedule* on Arizona Form 165, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR), for each partner; or Arizona Form 120S, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR), for each shareholder.

C Corporation or Exempt Organization Partner:

A subtraction is not allowed for a C corporation or an exempt organization. The information in Part IV is informational only and is not required to be reported by the C corporation or exempt organization.