

2013 Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals, Estates and Trusts 15-30-2512, MCA

| First Name and Initial | Last Name | Social Security Number |
|--|--|---------------------------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| Spouse's First Name and Initial | Last Name | Spouse's Social Security Number |
| | | |
| Name of Estate or Trust | | FEIN |
| | | |
| Part I. Required Annual Payment. All filers must con | nplete this part. | |
| 1. Enter your 2013 combined tax liability reported or or Form FID-3, line 36 | | |
| 2. Multiply line 1 by 90% (0.90) | | 2. |
| Enter your 2013 withholding amount here. Please in withheld and pass through entity withholding, if any. 2EZ, line 16; or Form FID-3, lines 37-39) | (Form 2, lines 55-57; Form 2M, line 48; Form | a. |
| 3b. Enter your 2013 refundable credits here (Form 2, line 42) | | b. |
| 3c. Enter your amount credited from your 2012 overp | ayment here3 | c. |
| (If you are "married filing separately on the same | form," enter the sum of columns A and B for ar | ny item above.) |
| 3. Add lines 3a through 3c and enter the result here | | 3. |
| 4. Subtract line 3 from line 1. If your result is less the underpayment | | |
| 5. Enter the 2012 combined total tax liability reported or Form FID-3, line 36 | | |
| Required Annual Payment. Enter the smaller of stop here. No interest for underpayment of estimate | | |
| Part II. Short Method. Use this method if you did not payments on the due dates and in four equal amounts | | estimated tax |
| 7. Enter the amount, if any, from line 3 above | | 7. |
| 8. Enter the total amount, if any, of estimated tax par from prior years | | 8. |
| 9. Add lines 7 and 8 | | |
| 10. Subtract line 9 from line 6. This is your total under You do not owe interest on your underpayment of | | |
| 11. Multiply line 10 by 0.05320 and enter the result | | |
| 12. If the amount on line 10 was paid on or after April April 15, 2014, multiply amount on line 10 by num | | |
| 13. Subtract line 12 from line 11 and enter the result I 17; or Form FID-3, line 46. This is your interest | | |



| Form | EST-I, | Page 2 | SSN |
|------|--------|--------|-----|
|------|--------|--------|-----|

FEIN

| | | | | - |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| taxpayers. Adjust these dates accordingly for fiscal year returns. | А | В | С | D |
| Complete lines 14 through 17 in each column before going to line 18. | 4/15/13 | 6/17/13 | 9/16/13 | 1/15/14 |
| Required quarterly payment. Divide line 6 from page 1 by four (4) and enter the result in each column | | | | |
| 15. Add lines 3a and 3b from page 1 and enter one-fourth of the amount in each column | | | | |
| 16. Subtract line 15 from line 1416. | | | | |
| 17. Enter the amount of estimated tax paid by each date. (Include the amount from line 3c on page 1 in column A.) 17. | | | | |
| Complete lines 18 through 24 of one column before going to the next | column. | | | |

Part III. Regular Method. Use this method if you made payments of unequal amounts. The due dates shown are for calendar year

| Overpayment from previous quarter. Enter the amount, if any, from line 24 of the previous column | | | |
|---|-----------------|--|--|
| 19. Estimated payments for the quarter. Add lines 17 and 18 $\ldots 19.$ | | | |
| 20. Total underpayment to date. Add the amounts from lines 22 and 23 of the previous column and enter the result | | | |
| 21. Subtract line 20 from line 19. If zero or less, enter zero21. | | | |
| 22. Underpayment from previous quarters. If the amount on line 21 is zero, subtract line 19 from line 20. Otherwise, enter zero | | | |
| Current quarter underpayment. If line 21 is equal to or less than line 16, subtract line 21 from line 16 and enter the result. If line 21 is greater than line 16, go to line 2423. | | | |
| 24. Overpayment. If line 16 is less than line 21, subtract line 16 from line 21 and enter the result. Then go to line 18, next column | | | |
| Complete lines 25 through 27 of the columns where there is an amou | int on line 23. | | |
| 25. Enter the date(s) you paid the amount on line 23 or the 15th | | | |

| 25. Enter the date(s) you paid the amount on line 23 or the 15th day of the fourth month after the close of the tax year, whichever is earlier (see instructions) | | | | |
|---|-------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| 26. Enter the number of days from the installment due date to the date shown on line 25 (see instructions) | | | | |
| 27. Interest. Multiply line 23 x days from line 26 x 8% / 365 days27. | | | | |
| 28 Interest on Undernayment of Estimated Tax. Add the amounts | on line 27 of eac | h column Enter | total here | |

| | 2013 Montana Individual and Fiduciary Income Tax Table | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|---|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| If Your Taxable Income Is More Than | But Not More Than | Multiply Your Taxable Income By | And Subtract | I nis is | If Your Taxable Income Is More Than | But Not More Than | Multiply Your Taxable Income By | And Subtract | This Is Your Tax |
| \$0 | \$2,800 | 1% (0.010) | \$0 | | \$10,100 | \$13,000 | 5% (0.050) | \$252 | |
| \$2,800 | \$4,900 | 2% (0.020) | \$28 | | \$13,000 | \$16,700 | 6% (0.060) | \$382 | |
| \$4,900 | \$7,400 | 3% (0.030) | \$77 | | More Tha | an \$16,700 | 6.9% (0.069) | \$532 | |
| \$7,400 | \$10,100 | 4% (0.040) | \$151 | | | | | | |

For example: Taxable income \$6,800 X 3% (0.030) = \$204.

\$204 minus \$77 = \$127 tax

If you file your Montana tax return electronically, you do not need to mail this form to us unless we ask you for a copy. When you file electronically, you represent that you have retained the required documents in your tax records and will provide them upon the department's request.



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FEIN

Part IV. Annualized Income Installment Method Worksheet. Complete lines 29 through 53 only if computing installments using annualized income installment method.

Complete each column beginning with Column A through line 53 before completing the next column.

| A | В | С | D |
|------------------------|--|--|--|
| 0 1/1/13 to 3/31/13 | 1/1/13 to 5/31/13 | 1/1/13 to 8/31/13 | 1/1/13 to 12/31/13 |
|). | | | |
| 4 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 3. 4 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1 |
| ł | | | |
| 5. | | | |
| 6. | | | |
| 7. | | | |
| 3. | | | |
|). | | | |
|). | | | |
| | | | |
| 2. | | | |
| 3. | | | |
| ł. 📃 | | | |
| 5. 22.5% | 45% | 67.5% | 90% |
| S. | | | |
| 7. | | | |
| 3. | | | |
| 9. | | | |
|). | | | |
| | | | |
| 2. | | | |
| 3. | | | |
| | 1/1/13 to 3/31/13 9. 4 0. 1. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 3. 9. 1. 5. 6. 7. 3. 9. 1. 2. 3. 4. | 10 $1/1/13$ to 3/31/13 $1/1/13$ to 5/31/13 9 4 2.4 1 $ 1$ $ 2$ $ 3$ 4 2.4 1 $ 2$ $ 3$ 4 2.4 4 $ 3$ 4 2.4 4 $ 5$ $ 6$ $ 1$ $ 1$ $ 3$ $ 3$ $ 1$ $ -$ | 1/1/13 to 3/31/13 $1/1/13$ to 5/31/13 $1/1/13$ to 8/31/13 3 4 2.4 1.5 1 $ 1$ $-$ <td< td=""></td<> |

* If you do not itemize deductions, enter zero.

** The standard deduction is 20% (0.20) of line 31, subject to the following limitations:

Single or separate - no less than \$1,900, no more than \$4,270 • •

Married or head of household - no less than \$3,800, no more than \$8,540



Purpose of Form

Use EST-I (2013 Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals, Estates and Trusts) to determine if you owe interest on the underpayment of estimated tax and, if you do, to figure the amount of the interest.

Who Must File Form EST-I?

You are not required to file Form EST-I but can use it to figure your interest on your underpayment if you wish to do so.

Who Must Pay the Interest on the Underpayment of Estimated Tax?

In general, you may owe interest on the underpayment of estimated tax for 2013 if you did not make the required quarterly payments totaling at least 90% of your 2013 income tax liability (after applying any withholding and/ or credits) or 100% of your 2012 income tax liability (after applying any withholding and/or credits).

Interest is figured separately for each required

payment. The interest is figured separately for each installment due date. Therefore, you may owe interest for an earlier due date even if you paid enough tax later to make up the underpayment. This is true even if you are due a refund when you file your tax return. However, you may be able to reduce or eliminate the interest by using

the annualized income installment method. For details, see Form EST-I, Part IV, Annualized Income Installment Method Worksheet.

Return. In these instructions, "return" refers to your original return.

Exceptions to Interest on the Underpayment of Estimated Tax

You were not required to make estimated tax payments and, therefore, will not have to pay interest if any of the following conditions apply to you:

- Your 2012 tax period covered 12 months and your Montana tax liability was zero;
- Your 2013 income tax due after credits and withholding is less than \$500. To determine whether your tax due is less than \$500, complete Part I, lines 1 through 4;
- You are a nonresident or part-year resident and were not required to file a 2012 Montana income tax return;
- You retired and were at least 62 years of age (This exception applies only in the year you retire and for one additional year following the year of retirement.);
- You became disabled in 2012 or 2013; or
- At least 2/3 of your gross income is derived from farming or ranching operations.

| Table of Contents |
|---|
| Part I. Required Annual Payment |
| Complete this part to calculate your required annual payment. This part must be completed. |
| Part II. Short Method |
| Complete this part to calculate your interest on the underpayment of estimated taxes. This part only applies in specific situations which are outlined in this section of the instructions. |
| Part III. Regular Method |
| Complete this part to calculate your interest on the underpayment of estimated taxes. This part must be used if you are not eligible to use the short method. |
| Part IV. Annualized Income Installment Method |
| This part may be used if your income varied during the year and it must be completed before Part III if you are annualizing. |

Form EST-I, Page 5

Part I. Required Annual Payment

Complete lines 1 through 6 to figure your required annual payment.

For this part, if you are married filing separately on the same form, you will need to add the amounts from both columns of Form 2 together.

If you filed an amended return, use the amounts shown on your original return to figure your underpayment.

Line 1. Enter the amount from your 2013 Form 2, line 54; Form 2M, line 47; or Form 2EZ, line 15. For an estate or trust, enter the amount from Form FID-3, line 36.

Line 3a. Enter the taxes withheld from Form 2, lines 55 through 57; Form 2M, line 48; or Form 2EZ, line 16. For an estate or trust, enter the amount from Form FID-3, lines 37 through 39.

Line 3b. Enter your 2013 refundable credits. This amount can be found on Form 2, line 60; Form 2M, line 51; or FID-3, line 42.

Line 3c. Enter the amount of any overpayment you had in 2012 that you chose to carry forward to 2013.

Line 4. Subtract line 3 from line 1. If the result is less than \$500, you do not need to continue filling out this form. You do not owe interest on your underpayment.

Line 5. Enter the amount from your 2012 Form 2, line 54; Form 2M, line 47; or Form 2EZ, line 15. For an estate or trust, enter the amount from Form FID-3, line 36.

Line 6. Enter the smaller of line 2 or 5. If total withholding, refundable credits and any overpayment from 2012 on line 3 is equal to or more than this line, you do not owe any interest on the underpayment of estimated taxes.

Part II. Short Method

You may use the short method if either of the following situations apply to you:

- You did not make estimated tax payments; or
- · You made all of your estimated tax payments on or before the due dates and in four equal amounts.

If you can use the short method, complete lines 7 through 10 to figure your total underpayment for the year, and lines 11 through 13 to figure the interest.

If you are filing Form 2EZ, stop here. Do not use the regular method in Part III to calculate your interest on the underpayment of estimated taxes.

Part III. Regular Method

Use the regular method if you are not eligible to use the short method. You must use the regular method if you made payments of unequal amounts and/or you made the payments after the due dates.

If you are using the annualized method, you will need to complete Part IV before beginning Part III.

Figure Your Quarterly Underpayment/Overpayment (Lines 14-24)

Line 14. Enter on line 14, columns A through D, the amount of your required installment for the due date shown in each

column heading. For most taxpayers, this is one-fourth of the required annual payment shown in Part I, line 6.

Line 15. Add lines 3a (withholding) and 3b (refundable tax credits) from Part I on page 1. Divide the result by 4 and enter that amount in each column. The sum of all four columns should equal the sum of lines 3a and 3b from page 1.

Line 17. List your estimated tax payments for 2013. Before completing line 17, enter in Table 1 the payments you made for 2013. Include the following payments:

- Any overpayment from your 2012 return applied to your 2013 estimated tax payments. Treat the payment as made on April 15, 2013.
- Estimated tax payments you made for the 2013 tax year.

Table 1. Estimated Tax Payments

Date Payments Payments Date

Entries on Form EST-I. Enter on line 17 the following tax payments.

- Column A—total payments you made by April 15, 2013, including any 2012 overpayment that was applied to 2013.
- Column B-total payments you made after April 15, 2013, through June 17, 2013.
- Column C—total payments you made after June 17, 2013, through September 16, 2013.
- Column D-total payments you made after September 16, 2013, through January 15, 2014.

When figuring your payment dates and the amounts to enter on line 17 of each column, apply the following rules.

- Include all estimated tax payments you made for each period. Include any overpayment from your 2012 tax return you elected to apply to your 2013 estimated tax. If your 2012 return was fully paid by the due date, treat the overpayment as a payment made on April 15, 2013.
- If an overpayment is generated on your 2012 return from a payment made after the due date, treat the payment as made on the date of payment. For example, you paid \$500 in tax due on your 2012 return on July 2, 2013, and later amended the return and were due a \$400 refund which you elected to have applied as an estimated payment to your 2013 taxes. The \$400 overpayment would be treated as paid on July 2.

Example 1.

You filed your 2012 tax return on June 1, 2013, showing a \$2,000 refund. You elected to have \$1,000 of your 2012 overpayment applied to your 2013 estimated tax payments. In 2013, you had \$4,000 of Montana income tax withheld from wages. You also made \$500 estimated tax payments on September 16, 2013 and January 15, 2014. On line 15, in each column, enter \$1,000 (one-fourth of total 2013 withholding). On line 17, column A, enter \$1,000 (2012 overpayment applied to 2013). In column B, enter \$0 (no estimated tax payment was made for this period), and in columns C and D, enter \$500 (estimated tax payment).

Part III. Regular Method. Use this method if you made payments of unequal amounts. The due dates shown are for calendar yeartaxpayers. Adjust these dates accordingly for fiscal year returns.ABCD

| Complete lines 14 through 17 in each column before going to line 18. |
|--|
| Required quarterly payment. Divide line 6 from page 1 by four (4) and enter the result in each column14. |
| 15. Add lines 3a and 3b from page 1 and enter one-fourth of the |

16. Subtract line 15 from line 14......16.

amount in each column15.

17. Enter the amount of estimated tax paid by each date. (Include the amount from line 3c on page 1 in column A.) 17.

Line 23. Current quarter underpayment

If line 23 is zero for all payment periods, you do not owe interest on your underpayment.

Figure the Interest (Lines 25-28)

Complete lines 25 through 28 of Part III to figure your interest for each period by applying the appropriate rate against each underpayment shown on line 23 of Part III. Interest is figured for the number of days that each underpayment remains unpaid. Use line 26 to show the number of days an underpayment remained unpaid. Use line 27 to figure the actual interest amount by applying the appropriate rate to an underpayment for the number of days it remained unpaid.

Your payments are applied first to any underpayment balance on an earlier required installment. It does not matter if you designate a payment for a later period. See Example 2.

Example 2.

You had a \$500 underpayment remaining after your April 15 payment. The June 17 installment required a payment of \$1,200. On June 10, you made a payment of \$1,200 to cover the June 17 installment. However, \$500 of this payment is applied first to the April 15 installment. The interest for the April 15 installment is figured from April 15 to June 10 (56 days). The amount remaining to be applied to the June 17 installment is \$700.

Line 25. If more than one payment was applied to fully pay the underpayment amount in a column (line 23), enter on line 25 the date and amount applied up to the underpayment amount. If a payment was more than the underpayment amount, enter the excess in the next column with the same date. See Example 3.

| 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | |
|-------|-------|-------|--|
| | | | |
| 1,000 | 0 | 500 | |
| | | | |

6/17/13

Example 3.

4/15/13

Your required installment for each payment due date is \$4,000. You made the following estimated tax payments.

9/16/13

1/15/14

1,000

500

| Date | Payments | |
|---------|----------|--|
| 4/30/13 | \$2,000 | |
| 6/17/13 | \$3,000 | |
| 9/16/13 | \$4,000 | |
| 1/15/14 | \$4,000 | |

Line 23, column A, shows \$4,000. You enter "4/30 \$2,000" and "6/17 \$2,000" on line 25, column A. The remaining \$1,000 (\$3,000 – \$2,000) of the June 17 payment is entered on line 25, column B, "6/17 \$1,000." Also enter "9/16 \$3,000" on line 25, column B, because \$3,000 of the \$4,000 September payment must be used to fully pay the June underpayment. Continue in this manner until all your payments are used.

Line 26. If more than one payment was applied to an underpayment on line 23, enter the number of days each payment was late. See Example 4.

Example 4.

Using the same facts as Example 3 above, enter "15" (number of days from 4/15 to 4/30) and "63" (number of days from 4/15 to 6/17) on line 26, column A (see illustration under Example 5).

Line 27. If more than one payment was required to fully satisfy an underpayment amount, make a separate computation for each payment. See Example 5. If you filed your tax return by January 31 and paid in full the amount due as computed on the return, there is no underpayment interest penalty calculated on the fourth installment payment; enter \$0 for column D.

Example 5.

Assume the same facts as in Example 3. On line 27, enter the interest for each underpayment: "6.58" ($$2,000 \times (15 \times 0.08 \div 365)$) and "\$27.62" ($$2,000 \times (63 \times 0.08 \div 365)$). The entries are illustrated below.

| A | В | С | D |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 4/15/13 | 6/17/13 | 9/16/13 | 1/15/14 |

Part IV. Annualized Income Installment Method

If your income varied during the year because, for example, you operated your business on a seasonal basis or had a large capital gain late in the year, you may be able to lower or eliminate the amount of one or more required installments by using the annualized income installment method. Use Part IV to figure the required installments to enter on line 14 of Part III.

If you use Part IV for any payment due date, you must use it for all payment due dates.

To use the annualized income installment method to figure interest on the underpayment of estimated tax payments, you must do all of the following:

- 1. Complete Part IV, lines 29 through 53. Enter the amounts from Part IV, line 53, columns A through D, in the corresponding columns of Part III, line 14.
- 2. Complete Part III to figure the interest.

To figure the amount of each required installment, Part IV selects the smaller of the annualized income installment or the regular installment (that has been increased by the amount saved by using the annualized income installment method in figuring any earlier installments).

Line 29. For each period (column), figure your Montana adjusted gross income. Include your share of partnership or S corporation income or loss items for the period. Please note that each column will include the amount from the previous column because they are cumulative. For example, column B will include the amount from column A as well as your Montana adjusted gross income from 4/1/13 through 5/31/13.

Line 30. Estates and trusts do not use the amounts shown in columns A through D. Instead, use 6, 3, 1.71429, and 1.09091, respectively, as the annualization amounts.

Line 32. Enter your itemized deductions for each period. If you do not itemize deductions, enter zero in columns A through D and continue to line 35. Please note that each column will include the amount from the previous column because they are cumulative. For example, column B will include the amount from column A as well as your itemized deductions from 4/1/13 through 5/31/13.

Estates and trusts will need to enter zero and continue to line 37. Enter the amount from line 31 on line 37.

Line 35. Enter the full amount of your standard deduction. This is 20% (0.20) of line 31, but if your filing status is:

- Single or married filing separately, do not enter less than \$1,900 or more than \$4,270, or
- Married filing jointly or head of household, do not enter less than \$3,800 or more than \$8,540.

Line 38. For each column, multiply \$2,280 by your total exemptions. Your total exemptions can be found on your 2013 Form 2, line 6d or Form 2M, line 5d. If you filed Form 2EZ in 2013, enter \$2,280 if your filing status was single, or \$4,560 if your filing status was married filing jointly.

Estates and trusts will need to enter \$2,280 on this line.

Line 40. To compute the tax, use the 2013 Montana Individual Income Tax Table located at the bottom of Form EST-I, page 2.

Line 41. If net capital gains are included in your Montana adjusted gross income reported on line 29, multiply the net capital gains amount by 2% (0.02) and enter the result on this line.

Line 43. Enter your nonrefundable tax credits for each period. For a complete list and description of Montana nonrefundable tax credits, please see Form 2, Schedule V and Form 2 instructions.

Line 53. Enter the smaller of line 48 or line 51. You will also need to enter this amount on line 14 of Part III and continue through the calculations of Part III to calculate the interest on the underpayment of estimated tax.

Administrative Rules of Montana: 42.17.304 through 42.17.317

Questions? Please call us toll free at (866) 859-2254 (in Helena, 444-6900).