2012 KPI (for individual, estate and trust partners)

Partner's Share of Income, Credits and Modifications 2012

Partnership: Complete and provide Schedule KPI to each nonresident individual, estate or trust partner and any Minnesota individual, estate or trust partner who has adjustments to income.

For corporate and partnership partners, use Schedule KPC instead.

	Tax year beginning, 2012 and ending Amended KPI:									
Filing Information	Partner's federal ID or SSN number	FEIN/SSN of partner ultimately taxed (see instructions):	Partnership's federal ID number		Partnership's Min	Partnership's Minnesota tax ID				
	Partner's name		Partnership's name		JOBZ ID number,	JOBZ ID number, if any				
	Address of legal residence		Address							
	City State Zip code		City			State Zip	State Zip code			
	Entity of partner (check one box): Individual		st	Estate	Partner's distri	butive share:	%			
	Calculate lines 1–20 the same for all resident and nonresident partners. Calculate lines 21–37 for nonresident									
	partners only. Round amounts to the nearest whole dollar. Form M1 Filers:									
	Individual, Estate and Trust Partners					Includ				
	1 Interest income from non-Minnesota state and municipal bond			1		. M1M, line	4			
All Individual, Estate and Trust Partners	2 State income tax deducted in arriving at ordinary or net rental inc			2		M1M, line	8			
	3 Expenses deducted attributable to income not taxed by Minneso (other than interest or mutual fund dividends from U.S. bonds)			3		. M1M, line	10			
	4 If the partnership elected section 179 expensing, enter the par flow-through section 179 expensing for Minnesota purposes			4		. M1M, see	line 7 inst			
	5 100% of partner's distributive share of federal bonus deprecia		ation	5		. M1M, see	line 6 inst			
	6 Federal tax-exempt subsidies paid to employers for providing prescription drug coverage for their retirees			6		M1M, line	11			
	7 Fines, fees and penalties deducted federally as a trade or business expense			7		. M1M, line	12			
	8 Addition due to federal changes not adopted by Minnesota			8		. M1M, line	16			
	9 Interest from U.S. government bond obligations, minus any expededucted on the federal return that are attributable to this inco		•	9		M1M, line	18			
	10 Job Opportunity Building Zone (JOBZ) business and investment income exemptions			10		. M1M, line	32			
	11 Subtraction due to federal changes not adopted by Minnesota		ı	11		. M1M, line	37			
	12 Employer Transit Pass Credit			12		. M1C, line	4			
	13 Enterprise Zone Credit			13		. M1B, line	6			
	14 Credit for increasing research activities			14		. M1B, line	1			
	15 Credit for historic structure rehabilitation and enter NPS project number:			15		. M1B, line	3			
	16 Jobs Credit for participating in a JOBZ zone			16		. M1B, line	4			

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Partner's Share of Income, Credits and Modifications 2012 (continued)

Partner's	s name	Partner's federa	I ID number or Social Security number		
Partners	ship's name	Partnership's fe	Partnership's federal ID number		
	Relating to Alternative Minimum Tax				
rs G	17 Intangible drilling costs	17	. Use lines 17–20 to com-		
All Partners (continued)	18 Gross income from oil, gas and geothermal properties	18	pute M1MT, lines 6 and 7. See M1MT instruction for details.		
All P (con	19 Deductions allocable to oil, gas and geothermal properties	19	Tor details.		
	20 Depletion	20			
	Minnesota Portion of Amounts From Federal Schedule K-1 (1065)				
	21 Minnesota source gross income	21	. info only (see inst.)		
	2 Ordinary Minnesota source income (loss) from trade or business activities		. M1NR, line 6, col B		
	23 Income (loss) from Minnesota rental real estate	23	. M1NR, line 6, col B		
	24 Other net income (loss) from Minnesota rental activities	24	. M1NR, line 6, col B		
	25 Guaranteed payments	25	. M1NR, line 6, col B		
	26 Interest income	26	. M1NR, line 2, col B		
ဖွာ	27 Ordinary dividends	27	. M1NR, line 2, col B		
artner	28 Royalties	28	. M1NR, line 6, col B		
ent Pa	29 Net Minnesota short-term capital gain (loss)	29	. M1NR, line 4, col B		
Nonresident Partners	30 Net Minnesota long-term capital gain (loss)	30	. M1NR, line 4, col B		
S S	31 Section 1231 Minnesota net gain (loss)	31	. M1NR, line 4 or 8, col B		
	32 Other Minnesota income (loss). (Describe type of income or include separate sheet:)	32	. M1NR, line 8, col B		
	33 Section 179 expense deduction apportionable to Minnesota	33	. M1NR inst, line 6, col B		
	34 Partnership's Minnesota apportionment factor (<i>line</i> 6 of M3A)	34	. information only		
	Nonresident Individual Partners Only: Composite Income Tax or Nonresident Withholding		If an amount is on line 37		
	35 Minnesota source distributive income (see <i>instructions</i>)	35	below, include line 35 on . M1W, line 7, col. B.		
	36 Minnesota composite income tax paid by partnership. If the partner elected composite income tax, check this box:	36	. composite income tax		
	37 Minnesota income tax withheld for nonresident individual partner not electing to file composite income tax. If the partner completed and signed a Form AWC, check this box:	37	. M1W, line 7, col C		

Partnership: Include this schedule and copies of federal Schedules K and K-1 with your Form M3. Partner: Include this schedule with your Form M1 (individuals) or Form M2 (estates and trusts).

Schedule KPI Instructions 2012

Individual, estate and trust partner's use of information provided on Schedule KPI

Purpose of Schedule KPI

Schedule KPI is a supplemental schedule provided by the partnership to its individual, estate or trust partners.

The partners will need this information to complete a Minnesota Form M1, *Individual Income Tax Return*, or Form M2, *Income Tax Return for Estates and Trusts*.

A partner who is a Minnesota resident will be taxed by Minnesota on all of his or her distributive income from the partnership even if the income is apportioned between Minnesota and other states. A nonresident partner will be taxed on the Minnesota distributive income from the partnership.

These instructions are intended to help you report your share of the partnership's income, credits and modifications on your Minnesota return.

You must include Schedule KPI when you file your Form M1. If you do not include the schedule with your return as required, the department will disallow any credits and assess the tax or reduce your refund.

If you received an amended Schedule KPI

from the partnership and your income or deductions have changed, you must file an amended Minnesota return.

Individuals: Use Form M1X, *Amended Minnesota Income Tax Return*, for the year you are amending.

Estates and trusts: You must use the current version of Form M2X, Amended Income Tax Return for Estates and Trusts, regardless of the year you are amending.

Line Instructions

Individuals: Include amounts as shown on Schedule KPI. For additional information, read the appropriate line instructions.

Estates and trusts: Include the amounts from Schedule KPI: on Form M2:

liedule KF1.	on rorm wiz:
line 1	line 25
line 2	line 26
line 3	line 27
line 4	does not apply
line 5	line 29
line 6	line 33
line 7	line 30
line 8	does not apply
line 9	line 35
line 10	line 38
line 11	does not apply

Estates and trusts (continued): Include the amounts from

Schedule KPI:	on Form M2:
line 12	see M2 instructions
line 13	see M2 instructions
line 14	line 15e
line 15	line 15f
line 16	line 15c
lines 17–20	see M2MT
lines 21–33	see inst. on this page
line 34	information
lines 35–36	do not apply
line 37	

Line 12 — Employer Transit Pass Credit

Individuals: Include in the total on line 4 of Schedule M1C. To claim this credit, you *must* include this schedule with Form M1.

Line 13 — Enterprise Zone Credit

Individuals: Include in the total on line 6 of Schedule M1B. To claim this credit, you *must* include this schedule with your Form M1.

Line 14 — Increasing Research Activities Credit

Individuals: Include in the total on line 1 of Schedule M1B. To claim this credit, you *must* include this schedule with Form M1.

Line 15 — Historic Structure Rehabilitation Credit

Individuals: Include in the total on line 3 of Schedule M1B and enter the NPS project number in the space provided. To claim this credit, you *must* include this schedule with Form M1.

Line 16 - JOBZ Jobs Credit

Individuals: Include in the total on line 4 of Schedule M1B. To claim this credit, you *must* include this schedule with Form M1.

Line 21 — Minnesota Source Gross Income

Minnesota source gross income is used to determine if a nonresident individual, estate or trust is required to file a Minnesota income tax return. Gross income is income before business or rental deductions and does not include losses.

Nonresident individuals: If your 2012 Minnesota source gross income is \$9,750 or more and you did not elect composite filing, you are required to file Form M1 and Schedule M1NR, Nonresidents/Part-Year Residents.

If your 2012 Minnesota source gross income is less than \$9,750 and you had Minnesota tax withheld (see line 37), file Form M1 and Schedule M1NR to receive a refund.

Estates and trusts: You are required to file Form M2 and pay tax if the Minnesota gross income is \$600 or more.

Lines 22-33

Lines 22–33 apply to nonresident partners. All income of a Minnesota resident is assigned to Minnesota, regardless of the source.

If certain items are not entirely included in your federal adjusted gross income (if an individual) or federal taxable income (if an estate or trust) because of passive activity loss limitations, capital loss limitations, section 179 limitations or for other reasons, include only the amounts that you included in your federal adjusted gross income (individuals) or federal taxable income (estates or trusts).

Nonresident individuals: Include lines 22–33 on the corresponding lines in column B of Schedule M1NR.

Estates and trusts: Lines 22–33 are used to determine the partnership's Minnesota sourced income and non-Minnesota sourced income to include on lines 2 and 7 of Form M2. To determine the non-Minnesota losses and income, subtract the amounts on lines 22–33 from the corresponding amounts on Schedule K-1.

Lines 35-37

Nonresident individuals: Although Minnesota source gross income (line 21) determines whether you must file a Minnesota return, your Minnesota source distributive income is ultimately taxed.

Lines 35–37 were used to determine your share of the partnership's Minnesota source distributive income. You may need to refer to these amounts when you file your home state's income tax return.

If you are required to pay Minnesota tax on your Minnesota source distributive income, the partnership is required to withhold tax, unless you elect to have the partnership pay composite tax to Minnesota on your behalf. If you elected for the partnership to pay composite tax, you are not required to file Form M1.

Continued

Schedule KPI Instructions 2012 (continued)

Line 35. Your Minnesota source distributive income is considered your Minnesota taxable income from this partnership.

Line 36. If you elected, the composite tax paid on your behalf equals 7.85 percent of your Minnesota taxable income (line 35), minus your share of any credits on lines 12, 13, 15 and 16. (You are not entitled to your share of the Increasing Research Activities Credit if you elected composite income tax.)

You are not required to file Form M1.

Line 37. If you did not elect composite income tax, the partnership may be required to withhold tax from your Minnesota source distributive income. The amount withheld equals 7.85 percent of your Minnesota taxable income (line 35), minus your share of any credits on lines 12-16.

To claim nonresident withholding when you file your Form M1, you must enclose this schedule showing Minnesota tax was withheld.

Sale of a Partnership Interest

If you sell any portion of your interest in a partnership, some or all of the gain may be taxable. Or you can use any loss on the sale to offset other Minnesota income to the extent the losses are deducted on your federal return.

To determine the ratio of gain or loss that is assigned to Minnesota at the time of the sale, divide the original cost of the partnership's tangible property *in Minnesota* by the original cost of all tangible property of the partnership. (Tangible property includes real estate, inventory and equipment.) If you don't have these numbers, contact the partnership.

If more than 50 percent of the value of the partnership's assets are intangibles, the gain/loss is allocated to Minnesota using the partnership's prior year sales factor. Include the result on Schedule M1NR, line 4, column B.