### 2012 MICHIGAN Corporate Income Tax Small Business Alternative Credit

Issued under authority of Public Act 38 of 2011.

Name	Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN)

## The Small Business Alternative Credit is NOT available if any of the following conditions exist:

- · Gross receipts exceed \$20,000,000; or
- Adjusted business income after loss adjustment exceeds \$1,300,000; or
- Any shareholder or officer has allocated income after loss adjustment of over \$180,000, as determined on the CIT Schedule of Shareholders and Officers (Form 4894).
   Form 4894 must be included.
- Compensation and director fees of a shareholder or officer exceed \$180,000.

## The Small Business Alternative Credit must be reduced if any of the following conditions exist:

- Any shareholder or officer has allocated income after loss adjustment of over \$160,000 but not over \$180,000, as determined on Form 4894.
   Form 4894 must be included.
- Gross receipts exceed \$19,000,000 but are less than \$20,000,000.

1.	Gross Receipts (see instructions)	1.		00
2.	Tax liability prior to this credit from Form 4891, line 37	2.		00
Adju	sted Business Income			
3.	Business Income from Form 4891, line 18	3.		00
4.	Carryback or carryover capital loss. Enter as a positive number (see instructions)	4.		00
5.				00
6a.	Subtotal. Add lines 3, 4 and 5	6a.		00
6b.	Fiscal filers: If box 9h on Form 4891 is checked, multiply line 6a by the percentage from Form 4891, line 9k	6b.		00
6c.	If box 9h on Form 4891 is checked, enter the amount from line 6b. All others, enter the amount from line 6a	6c.		00
7.	Compensation and director fees of active shareholders from Form 4894, line 1	7.		00
8.	Compensation and director fees of officers from Form 4894, line 2	8.		00
9.	Adjusted Business Income. Add lines 6c, 7 and 8	9.		00
Smal	Il Business Alternative Credit Calculation			
10.	Small Business Alternative Tax. Multiply line 9 by 1.8% (0.018). If less than zero, enter zero	10.		00
11.	Small Business Alternative Credit. Subtract line 10 from line 2. If less than zero, enter zero	11.		00
12.	Allocated income/distributive share of income used for reduction (see instructions)			
13.	Reduction percentage from Reduced Credit Table at bottom of this page (based on amount from line 12)	13.		%
14.	<b>Reduced Credit.</b> Multiply the percentage on line 13 by the credit on line 11. If gross receipts from line 1 are less than or equal to \$19,000,000, carry amount to Form 4891, line 38 (see instructions)	14.	1	00
Redu	uction Based on Gross Receipts			
Comp	plete this section if gross receipts are more than \$19,000,000 but not more than \$20,000,000.			
15.	Excess gross receipts. Subtract \$19,000,000 from line 1	15.		00
16.	Excess percentage. Divide line 15 by \$1,000,000	16.		%
17.	Allowable percentage. Subtract line 16 from 100%	17.		%
18.	Small Business Alternative Credit. Multiply the percentage on line 17 by the credit on line 14.	10		ΛΛ

REDUCED CREDIT TABLE					
If allocated* income is:	The reduced credit is:				
\$0 - \$160,000	100% of the Small Business Alternative Credit				
\$160,001 - \$164,999	80% of the Small Business Alternative Credit				
\$165,000 - \$169,999	60% of the Small Business Alternative Credit				
\$170,000 - \$174,999	40% of the Small Business Alternative Credit				
\$175,000 - \$180,000	20% of the Small Business Alternative Credit				
* See instructions for tax years less than 12 months.					

# Instructions for Form 4893 Michigan Corporate Income Tax (CIT) Small Business Alternative Credit

#### **Purpose**

To allow taxpayers to calculate the Small Business Alternative Credit. The credit is calculated here and then carried to the *CIT Annual Return* (Form 4891).

A taxpayer is disqualified from taking the Small Business Alternative Credit under certain circumstances, which are detailed below. Financial institutions and insurance companies are not eligible for this credit.

**NOTE:** A person that is a disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes under the internal revenue code shall be classified as a disregarded entity for the purposes of filing the CIT annual return.

**Fiscal Year Filers:** See "Supplemental Instructions for Standard Fiscal MBT Filers" in the *Corporate Income Tax Forms and Instructions for Standard Taxpayers* (Form 4890).

## Eligibility for the Small Business Alternative Credit

Taxpayers are not eligible for the Small Business Alternative Credit if any of the following conditions exist:

- Gross receipts exceed \$20,000,000.
- Adjusted business income after loss adjustment exceeds \$1,300,000 for Corporations (and LLCs federally taxed as such).
- Any shareholder or officer has allocated income after loss adjustment of over \$180,000, as determined on the *CIT Schedule of Shareholders and Officers* (Form 4894). Form 4894 must be filed to qualify for this credit.

In addition, the Small Business Alternative Credit is reduced if a shareholder or an officer has allocated income after loss adjustment of more than \$160,000 but not over \$180,000. This reduction is based on the officer/shareholder with the largest allocated income.

The Small Business Alternative Credit also is reduced if gross receipts exceed \$19,000,000 but are not more than \$20,000,000.

Allocated income is the greater of either:

- (a) A shareholder or officer's compensation and director fees from Form 4894, column L, or
- (b) A shareholder's compensation, director fees, and share of business income (or loss) after loss adjustment, from Form 4894, column N.

If either (a) or (b) is greater than \$180,000 for any shareholder or officer, the Corporation is not eligible for the Small Business Alternative Credit. In addition, if either (a) or (b) is over \$160,000 but not more than \$180,000 for any shareholder or officer, the Corporation must reduce the Small Business Alternative Credit based on the officer or shareholder with the largest allocated income.

NOTE: Taxpayers leasing employees from professional

employer organizations must include the compensation of officers (of the operating company) and shareholders who receive compensation in determining the eligibility for the Small Business Alternative Credit even though their compensation is paid by the professional employer organization.

#### Tax Years Less Than 12 Months

If the reported tax year is less than 12 months, gross receipts, adjusted business income, and shareholders' and officers' allocated income must be annualized to determine eligibility. If annualized gross receipts exceed \$19,000,000 but do not exceed \$20,000,000, annualize figures to compute the Reduction Based on Gross Receipts, lines 15 through 18.

#### **Annualizing**

Multiply each applicable amount, total gross receipts, adjusted business income, and allocated income by 12 and divide the result by the number of months in the tax year. Generally, a business counts a month if the business operated for more than half the days of the month. If the tax year is less than one month, consider the tax year to be one month for the purposes of the calculation.

#### **Loss Adjustment**

If taxpayers are not eligible for the full Small Business Alternative Credit due to an adjusted business income or allocated income disqualifier, they may benefit from the CIT Loss Adjustment for the Small Business Alternative Credit (Form 4895). If the adjusted business income was less than zero in any of the five tax years immediately preceding the tax year for which a taxpayer is claiming a credit and a Single Business Tax (SBT) Small Business Credit or Michigan Business Tax (MBT) Small Business Alternative Credit was received for that same tax year, the taxpayer may be able to reduce the current year's adjusted business income or allocated income amounts by the loss. See Form 4895 for more details.

A loss adjustment will not prevent a reduction or elimination of the Small Business Alternative Credit based on gross receipts that exceed \$19,000,000. It will also not change the amount of compensation on Form 4894, column L.

#### **Special Instructions for UBGs**

UBGs calculate the gross receipts and adjusted business income disqualifiers at the UBG level without regard to intercompany eliminations. For a UBG to claim a small business alternative credit, each member of the UBG that is a corporation, as that term is defined under the CIT, must file form 4894.

The allocated income disqualifier is based on all items paid or allocable to a shareholder or officer by all members of the UBG. All items paid or allocable to a single individual must be combined when calculating this disqualifier. This is a change from the comparable calculation in MBT.

In addition, a disqualifier applies to a UBG if such disqualifier applies to any member of that UBG. For example, a UBG is disqualified from taking the Small Business Alternative Credit

if that UBG includes a member from which the allocated income after loss adjustment of a shareholder is \$200,000. The reduction percentages for the credit also apply to the entire group if they apply to one member.

For more information on UBGs, see the "Supplemental Instructions for UBGs" in Form 4890.

#### **Line-by-Line Instructions**

Lines not listed are explained on the form.

**Name and Account Number:** Enter name and account number as reported on page 1 of the *CIT Annual Return* (Form 4891).

<u>UBGs</u>: Complete one form for the group. Enter the Designated Member (DM) name in the Name field and the DM account number in the Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) field

**Line 1:** Enter amount from Form 4891, line 10. For a tax year less than 12 months, enter annualized gross receipts to see if annualized gross receipts exceed \$19,000,000 but are not more than \$20,000,000. For guidance, see the "Annualizing" section at the beginning of these instructions.

<u>UBGs:</u> All UBG filers will use the amount from Form 4891, line 10. For UBGs including members with tax years less than 12 months, line 10 reflects the annualized amounts for all members for the purpose of completing Form 4893.

#### **Adjusted Business Income**

Line 3: Enter business income from Form 4891, line 18.

**NOTE:** The adjusted business income (ABI) disqualifier is based on annualized ABI, but the credit calculations performed here are based on actual ABI.

<u>UBGs:</u> Combine all business income for all members from *CIT Data on Unitary Business Group Members* (Form 4897), line 23.

**Line 4:** Enter, to the extent deducted in determining federal taxable income (as defined for CIT purposes), a carryback or carryover of a capital loss from Schedule D of federal Form 1120. Enter as a positive number.

**UBGs:** Combine for all members all carryback or carryover of a capital loss, to the extent deducted in determining federal taxable income (as defined for CIT purposes), and enter on line 4. Enter as a positive number.

**Fiscal Year Filers: Line 7 and line 8:** Compensation and Directors Fees. Officers and active shareholders will be reported on an actual basis on lines 7 and 8, regardless of the method selected for the tax calculation.

#### **Small Business Alternative Credit Calculation**

Line 12: The Small Business Alternative Credit is reduced if a shareholder or an officer has allocated income after loss adjustment of more than \$160,000 but not more than \$180,000. This reduction is based on the officer/shareholder with the largest allocated income. Enter the allocated income of the shareholder or officer with the highest allocated income after loss adjustment, even if that figure is \$160,000 or less.

If loss adjustment is successfully applied to fully or partially

cure a shareholder's allocated income disqualifier, enter on line 12 the number from Form 4895, line 12.

Line 13: For a taxpayer whose shareholders and officers all have allocated income after loss adjustment of \$160,000 or less, enter 100 percent. All other taxpayers, see the table at the bottom of page 1 of this form to determine what percent to enter on this line.

**Line 14:** All taxpayers must complete this line. Multiply Line 11 by the percentage on Line 13 and enter that amount on this line.

If gross receipts from line 1 are \$19,000,000 or less, carry the amount on line 14 to Form 4891, line 38.

#### **Reduction Based on Gross Receipts**

Complete this section if gross receipts on Line 1 are more than \$19,000,000 but not more than \$20,000,000.

Line 17: For a result less than zero, enter zero.

Include completed Form 4893 as part of the tax return filing.