

# Declaration of Estimated Income Tax for Individuals

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

2013

**NOTE:** If any due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, substitute the next regular workday.

**NOTE:** References to “married”, “unmarried”, and “spouse” also means “in a civil union”, “not in a civil union”, and “civil union partner”, respectively.

**Internet Filing** — Form N-1 can be filed and payment made electronically through the State’s Internet portal. For more information, go to [www.ehawaii.gov/efile](http://www.ehawaii.gov/efile).

**1. Purpose of Declaration** — For many individuals, the income tax for the year will not be satisfied through withholding by employers. This may occur, for instance: (1) when an individual has income from a business or profession, dividends, interest, rents or capital gains; (2) when an individual’s wages are not subject to withholding; and (3) when an individual’s tax is more than that covered by withholding. The Hawaii Income Tax Law requires such persons to make quarterly declarations of estimated tax and payments (except for nonresident aliens who make three payments) in advance of their annual income tax returns. To avoid making declarations and estimated tax payments, consider asking your employer to withhold more tax out of your earnings. To do this, file a new Form HW-4, Employee’s Withholding Allowance Certificate, with your employer but make sure you will not owe \$500 or more in tax.

**2. Who Must Make a Declaration** — In general, every individual subject to the provisions of the Hawaii Income Tax Law shall make a declaration of estimated tax payments. However, estimated tax payments are not required if:

- (1) The taxpayer’s estimated tax liability (after taking into account all taxes withheld or collected at the source) for the taxable year is less than \$500; or
- (2) The taxpayer did not have any tax liability for the preceding taxable year.

If the individual serves with or in support of the U.S. Armed Forces in a combat zone, paying estimated taxes shall be deferred. This deferral applies to the period of service or associated hospitalization inside or outside the United States, and for an additional 180 days.

In most cases, you must make estimated tax payments if you expect to owe, after subtracting your withholding and credits, at least \$500 in tax for 2013, and you expect your withholding and credits to be less than the **smaller** of:

- 60% of the tax shown on your 2013 tax return, or
- 100% of the tax shown on your 2012 tax return.

However, if you did not file a 2012 tax return or that return did not cover all 12 months, the 100% of the tax shown on your 2012 tax return discussed above does not apply.

Generally, you do not have to pay estimated tax if you were a Hawaii resident or nonresident for all of 2012 and you had no tax liability for the full 12-month 2012 tax year. Also, for nonresident aliens, you do not have to pay estimated tax if your 2013 income tax return will show (1) a tax refund, or (2) a tax liability of less than \$500.

The estimated tax requirements apply to:

- Hawaii residents, and
- Hawaii nonresidents, including nonresident aliens.

Joint or separate filing of estimated tax by married taxpayers:

- (1) In general. A husband and wife may file estimated tax returns jointly even though they are not living together. However, a joint filing may not be made if the spouses are legally separated under a decree of divorce or of separate maintenance; one of the spouses is a nonresident alien, except under an election to treat the nonresident alien spouse as a United States resident; or the spouses have different taxable years.

- (2) If married taxpayers file estimated tax returns separately, they are not precluded from filing a joint income tax return for the taxable year. If married taxpayers file their estimated tax return jointly, they are not precluded from filing separate income tax returns for the taxable year.

- (3) Death of spouse. A joint filing of an estimated tax return may not be made after the death of a spouse. The surviving spouse remains liable for any subsequent payments of estimated tax. The surviving spouse, however, may amend the filing and choose to report the estimated tax for the taxable year separately. See section 18-235-97(d), Hawaii Administrative Rules, for further information.

**3. Where to File Payment Vouchers** — Your payment vouchers for 2013 should be filed with the Hawaii Department of Taxation, P.O. Box 1530, Honolulu, Hawaii 96806-1530.

The payment vouchers that you file serve as your declaration of estimated tax.

**4. When to File and Pay Your Estimated Tax** — The general rule is that you must file your declaration by April 20, 2013. Use one of the following charts to determine your payment due dates. Payments are due by the dates indicated.

You may have a large change in income, deductions, additional taxes, or credits during the year that may require you to make estimated tax payments. If you meet the requirements to make estimated tax payments after April 1, use Chart B. Otherwise, use Chart A to determine the payment due dates. If you are a nonresident alien, use Chart C. (See charts below.)

Whether you have steady or unexpected income, you do not have to make the payment due January 20, 2014, if you:

- File your tax return by January 31, 2014, and
- Pay the entire balance due with the return.

**Chart A—Individuals With Steady Income.** You may pay all of your estimated tax by April 20, 2013, or in four equal amounts by the dates below.

Estimated payments due by:

1st Payment .....	April 20, 2013
2nd Payment .....	June 20, 2013
3rd Payment .....	Sept. 20, 2013
4th Payment .....	Jan. 20, 2014

**Chart B—Individuals With Unexpected Income.** Use the amount on line 13 of the estimated tax worksheet.

If the requirement to pay estimated tax is met after:	Payment date is:	Of the estimated tax due, pay:
Apr. 1 and before June 2	June 20, 2013	1/3
June 1 and before Sept. 2	Sept. 20, 2013	1/2
Sept. 1	Jan. 20, 2014	all

**Chart C—Nonresident Aliens.** If you received wages subject to Hawaii income tax withholding, make your first estimated tax payment by April 20, 2013. Otherwise, make it by June 20, 2013.

Even if you are not required to make an estimated tax payment on April 20, or June 20, 2013, you may meet the requirements to make estimated tax payments later. In this case, make your estimated tax payments as follows:

If the requirement to pay estimated tax is met after:	Payment date is:	Of the estimated tax due, pay:
Apr. 1 and before June 2	June 20, 2013	1/2
June 1 and before Sept. 2	Sept. 20, 2013	3/4
Sept. 1	Jan. 20, 2014	all

If you file your 2013 tax return by January 31, 2014, and pay any balance due, then you do not have to make the payment that would otherwise be due January 20, 2014.

**Farmers and Fishermen.** If at least 2/3 of your gross income for 2012 or 2013 is from farming or fishing, you may do one of the following:

- Pay all of your estimated tax by January 20, 2014, or
- File your 2013 tax return by March 1, 2014, and pay the total tax due. In this case, 2013 estimated payments are not required.

If any due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, use the next regular workday.

**5. How to Figure Your Estimated Tax** — Use the Estimated Tax Worksheet and the Tax Rate Schedules beginning on page 2 in these instructions, and your 2012 tax return as a guide for figuring your estimated tax.

Every taxpayer, in determining the amount of gross income reasonably expected for the taxable year, must take into account the differences between the gross income returnable for federal and Hawaii purposes. These differences include:

**Taxable by Federal but NOT Hawaii:**

- (1) Income received from the Hawaii Retirement System or from any other public retirement system.
- (2) Compensation received in the form of a pension for past services.
- (3) Interest on obligations of the United States.
- (4) Compensation received by a patient affected by leprosy employed by the United States or Hawaii.
- (5) Income received by each member of their reserve components of the army, navy, air force, marine corps, coast guard of the United States of America and the Hawaii national guard as compensation for performance of duty equivalent to pay received for forty-eight drills (equivalent of twelve weekends) and fifteen days of annual duty at an E-5 pay grade after eight years of service.

**Taxable by Hawaii but NOT Federal:**

Federal employees’ cost-of-living allowances.

**Treatment of Residents, Part-year Residents, and Nonresidents for Hawaii taxes:**

- (1) As a resident, the tax is based upon your entire income irrespective of geographical source, except that in the case of an individual who took up residence in Hawaii after attaining the age of 65 years and before July 1, 1976, the tax base is the income from sources in Hawaii.
- (2) As a resident, you are subject to the income tax upon your compensation received from the United States for services as a member of the uniformed services of the United States. (But see (5) above.)
- (3) As a nonresident, the tax is based upon your income from sources in Hawaii. The ratio of Hawaii adjusted gross income to total adjusted gross income from all sources will be applied to your standard deduction and personal exemption. This treatment also applies to part-year resident taxpayers.
- (4) The status of an alien (an individual who is not a United States citizen) as a resident or nonresident for Hawaii income tax purposes is determined by all of the factual circumstances. The special rules applicable to individuals who are considered nonresident aliens for federal income tax purposes



### Payment Voucher Worksheet

1. Amount of installment for voucher number 1 (from line 14 of the 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet).....	<b>1</b>	
2. Amount of any unused overpayment credit to be applied* .....	<b>2</b>	
3. Amount of payment for voucher number 1 (line 1 minus line 2). Enter this amount on payment voucher number 1 (whole dollars only) .....	<b>3</b>	
4. Amount of installment for voucher number 2 (from line 14 of the 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet).....	<b>4</b>	
5. Amount of any unused overpayment credit to be applied* .....	<b>5</b>	
6. Amount of payment for voucher number 2 (line 4 minus line 5). Enter this amount on payment voucher number 2 (whole dollars only) .....	<b>6</b>	
7. Amount of installment for voucher number 3 (from line 14 of the 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet).....	<b>7</b>	
8. Amount of any unused overpayment credit to be applied* .....	<b>8</b>	
9. Amount of payment for voucher number 3 (line 7 minus line 8). Enter this amount on payment voucher number 3 (whole dollars only) .....	<b>9</b>	
10. Amount of installment for voucher number 4 (from line 14 of the 2013 Estimated Tax Worksheet).....	<b>10</b>	
11. Amount of any unused overpayment credit to be applied* .....	<b>11</b>	
12. Amount of payment for voucher number 4 (line 10 minus line 11). Enter this amount on payment voucher number 4 (whole dollars only) .....	<b>12</b>	

\*If you paid too much tax on your 2012 Form N-11/N-15, you may have chosen to apply the overpayment to your estimated tax for 2013. You may apply all or part of the overpayment to any voucher. Enter on lines 2, 5, 8, and 11 the amount you want to apply to the appropriate voucher.

Amended Computation		Record of Estimated Tax Payments				
(Used if your estimated tax substantially changes after you file your first payment voucher.)		Voucher Number	Date	Amount Paid	2012 overpayment credit applied to installment	Total amount paid and credited from Jan. 1 through the installment date shown. Add (b) and (c)
1. Amended estimated tax .....			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
2. Less:						
(a) Amount of last year's overpayment elected for credit to 2013 estimated tax and applied to date .....		<b>1</b>				
(b) Estimate tax payments to date .....		<b>2</b>				
(c) Total of lines 2(a) and 2(b) .....		<b>3</b>				
3. Unpaid balance (line 1 minus line 2(c)) .....		<b>4</b>				
4. Amount to be paid (line 3 divided by number of remaining installments). Enter here and on lines 4, 7, and 10 (as applicable) of the Payment Voucher Worksheet (Whole dollars only) .....		Total				

2013 Tax Rate Schedules

Schedule I SINGLE individuals and MARRIED individuals filing separate returns	
If the taxable income is:	
The tax shall be:	
Not over \$2,400.....	\$34.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$2,400
Over \$2,400 but not over \$4,800.....	\$110.00 plus 5.50% of excess over \$4,800
Over \$4,800 but not over \$9,600.....	\$374.00 plus 6.40% of excess over \$9,600
Over \$9,600 but not over \$14,400.....	\$682.00 plus 6.80% of excess over \$14,400
Over \$14,400 but not over \$19,200.....	\$1,008.00 plus 7.20% of excess over \$19,200
Over \$19,200 but not over \$24,000.....	\$1,354.00 plus 7.60% of excess over \$24,000
Over \$24,000 but not over \$36,000.....	\$2,266.00 plus 7.90% of excess over \$36,000
Over \$36,000 but not over \$48,000.....	\$3,214.00 plus 8.25% of excess over \$48,000
Over \$48,000 but not over \$150,000.....	\$11,629.00 plus 9.00% of excess over \$150,000
Over \$150,000 but not over \$175,000.....	\$13,879.00 plus 10.00% of excess over \$175,000
Over \$175,000 but not over \$200,000.....	\$16,379.00 plus 11.00% of excess over \$200,000
Schedule II MARRIED individuals filing joint returns and CERTAIN WIDOWS AND WIDOWERS	
If the taxable income is:	
The tax shall be:	
Not over \$4,800.....	1.40% of taxable income
Over \$4,800 but not over \$9,600.....	\$67.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$4,800
Over \$9,600 but not over \$19,200.....	\$221.00 plus 5.50% of excess over \$9,600
Over \$19,200 but not over \$28,800.....	\$749.00 plus 6.40% of excess over \$19,200
Over \$28,800 but not over \$38,400.....	\$1,363.00 plus 6.80% of excess over \$28,800
Over \$38,400 but not over \$48,000.....	\$2,016.00 plus 7.20% of excess over \$38,400
Over \$48,000 but not over \$72,000.....	\$2,707.00 plus 7.60% of excess over \$48,000
Over \$72,000 but not over \$96,000.....	\$4,531.00 plus 7.90% of excess over \$72,000
Over \$96,000 but not over \$300,000.....	\$6,427.00 plus 8.25% of excess over \$96,000
Over \$300,000 but not over \$350,000.....	\$23,257.00 plus 9.00% of excess over \$300,000
Over \$350,000 but not over \$400,000.....	\$27,757.00 plus 10.00% of excess over \$350,000
Over \$400,000.....	\$32,757.00 plus 11.00% of excess over \$400,000
Schedule III HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	
If the taxable income is:	
The tax shall be:	
Not over \$3,600.....	1.40% of taxable income
Over \$3,600 but not over \$7,200.....	\$50.00 plus 3.20% of excess over \$3,600
Over \$7,200 but not over \$14,400.....	\$166.00 plus 5.50% of excess over \$7,200
Over \$14,400 but not over \$21,600.....	\$562.00 plus 6.40% of excess over \$14,400
Over \$21,600 but not over \$28,800.....	\$1,022.00 plus 6.80% of excess over \$21,600
Over \$28,800 but not over \$36,000.....	\$1,512.00 plus 7.20% of excess over \$28,800
Over \$36,000 but not over \$54,000.....	\$2,030.00 plus 7.60% of excess over \$36,000
Over \$54,000 but not over \$72,000.....	\$3,398.00 plus 7.90% of excess over \$54,000
Over \$72,000 but not over \$225,000.....	\$4,820.00 plus 8.25% of excess over \$72,000
Over \$225,000 but not over \$262,500.....	\$17,443.00 plus 9.00% of excess over \$225,000
Over \$262,500 but not over \$300,000.....	\$20,818.00 plus 10.00% of excess over \$262,500
Over \$300,000.....	\$24,568.00 plus 11.00% of excess over \$300,000

## How to Use the Payment Voucher

(1) Enter your name, address, and social security number in the space provided on the payment voucher. If you are filing a joint payment voucher, your spouse's name and social security number should be included on the voucher. If you are an alien and were issued an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) by the IRS, enter your ITIN. If you have applied for an ITIN but the IRS has not yet issued the ITIN, write "ITIN Applied For" in the space above the box where you enter your name.

(2) Enter the amount of your payment (Whole dollars only).

(3) If you have a foreign address, enter the complete country name in the space provided on the payment voucher.

(4) Attach your money order or check to the front of the payment voucher. Make your money order or check payable in U.S. dollars to the "Hawaii State Tax Collector." Please write your social security number, daytime phone number, and the notation "2013 Form N-1" on your check or money order. Do not send cash.

(5) The payment voucher should be filed with the: **Hawaii Department of Taxation**  
**P.O. Box 1530**  
**Honolulu, Hawaii 96806-1530**

## IMPORTANT NOTE

The Form N-1 has been redesigned for electronic scanning that permits faster processing with fewer errors. In order to avoid unnecessary delays caused by manual processing, taxpayers should follow the guidelines listed below:

1. Print amounts only on those lines that are applicable.
2. Use only a black or dark blue ink pen. Do not use red ink, pencil, or felt tip pens.
3. Because this form is read by a machine, please print your numbers inside the boxes like this:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

4. Do NOT print outside the boxes.
5. Do NOT use dollar signs, commas, slashes, dashes or parenthesis in the boxes.
6. **DO NOT SUBMIT A PHOTOCOPY OF THIS FORM.** Photocopying of this form could cause delays in processing your payment.

✂ — — — — — DETACH HERE — — — — — ✂

Form (Rev. 2012) Tax Year **N-1 2013**

**STATE OF HAWAII — DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION**

**INDIVIDUAL ESTIMATED INCOME TAX**

**Voucher No. 1**

Calendar Year — Due April 20, 2013

DO NOT WRITE OR STAPLE IN THIS SPACE

DO NOT SUBMIT A PHOTOCOPY OF THIS FORM

JFB121

Your first name		M.I.	Last name	
If joint return, spouse's first name		M.I.	Last name	
Present mailing or home address (Number and street, including rural route)				Apartment Number
City, town, or post office	State	Postal/ZIP Code	Country	For office use only

MAIL THIS VOUCHER WITH CHECK OR MONEY ORDER  
PAYABLE TO "HAWAII STATE TAX COLLECTOR." Write your  
social security number, daytime phone number, and "2013  
Form N-1" on your check or money order.

Your Social Security Number

Spouse's Social Security Number

Amount of Payment

**.00**





## How to Use the Payment Voucher

(1) Enter your name, address, and social security number in the space provided on the payment voucher. If you are filing a joint payment voucher, your spouse's name and social security number should be included on the voucher. If you are an alien and were issued an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) by the IRS, enter your ITIN. If you have applied for an ITIN but the IRS has not yet issued the ITIN, write "ITIN Applied For" in the space above the box where you enter your name.

(2) Enter the amount of your payment (Whole dollars only).

(3) If you have a foreign address, enter the complete country name in the space provided on the payment voucher.

(4) Attach your money order or check to the front of the payment voucher. Make your money order or check payable in U.S. dollars to the "Hawaii State Tax Collector." Please write your social security number, daytime phone number, and the notation "2013 Form N-1" on your check or money order. Do not send cash.

(5) The payment voucher should be filed with the: **Hawaii Department of Taxation**  
**P.O. Box 1530**  
**Honolulu, Hawaii 96806-1530**

## IMPORTANT NOTE

The Form N-1 has been redesigned for electronic scanning that permits faster processing with fewer errors. In order to avoid unnecessary delays caused by manual processing, taxpayers should follow the guidelines listed below:

1. Print amounts only on those lines that are applicable.
2. Use only a black or dark blue ink pen. Do not use red ink, pencil, or felt tip pens.
3. Because this form is read by a machine, please print your numbers inside the boxes like this:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

4. Do NOT print outside the boxes.
5. Do NOT use dollar signs, commas, slashes, dashes or parenthesis in the boxes.
6. **DO NOT SUBMIT A PHOTOCOPY OF THIS FORM.** Photocopying of this form could cause delays in processing your payment.

✂ — — — — — DETACH HERE — — — — — ✂

Form (Rev. 2012) Tax Year **N-1 2013**

**STATE OF HAWAII — DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION**

**INDIVIDUAL ESTIMATED INCOME TAX**

**Voucher No. 2**

Calendar Year — Due June 20, 2013

DO NOT WRITE OR STAPLE IN THIS SPACE

DO NOT SUBMIT A PHOTOCOPY OF THIS FORM

JFB122

Your first name		M.I.	Last name	
If joint return, spouse's first name		M.I.	Last name	
Present mailing or home address (Number and street, including rural route)				Apartment Number
City, town, or post office	State	Postal/ZIP Code	Country	For office use only

MAIL THIS VOUCHER WITH CHECK OR MONEY ORDER  
PAYABLE TO "HAWAII STATE TAX COLLECTOR." Write your  
social security number, daytime phone number, and "2013  
Form N-1" on your check or money order.

Your Social Security Number

Spouse's Social Security Number

Amount of Payment

**.00**





## How to Use the Payment Voucher

(1) Enter your name, address, and social security number in the space provided on the payment voucher. If you are filing a joint payment voucher, your spouse's name and social security number should be included on the voucher. If you are an alien and were issued an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) by the IRS, enter your ITIN. If you have applied for an ITIN but the IRS has not yet issued the ITIN, write "ITIN Applied For" in the space above the box where you enter your name.

(2) Enter the amount of your payment (Whole dollars only).

(3) If you have a foreign address, enter the complete country name in the space provided on the payment voucher.

(4) Attach your money order or check to the front of the payment voucher. Make your money order or check payable in U.S. dollars to the "Hawaii State Tax Collector." Please write your social security number, daytime phone number, and the notation "2013 Form N-1" on your check or money order. Do not send cash.

(5) The payment voucher should be filed with the: **Hawaii Department of Taxation**  
**P.O. Box 1530**  
**Honolulu, Hawaii 96806-1530**

## IMPORTANT NOTE

The Form N-1 has been redesigned for electronic scanning that permits faster processing with fewer errors. In order to avoid unnecessary delays caused by manual processing, taxpayers should follow the guidelines listed below:

1. Print amounts only on those lines that are applicable.
2. Use only a black or dark blue ink pen. Do not use red ink, pencil, or felt tip pens.
3. Because this form is read by a machine, please print your numbers inside the boxes like this:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

4. Do NOT print outside the boxes.
5. Do NOT use dollar signs, commas, slashes, dashes or parenthesis in the boxes.
6. **DO NOT SUBMIT A PHOTOCOPY OF THIS FORM.** Photocopying of this form could cause delays in processing your payment.

✂ — — — — — DETACH HERE — — — — — ✂  
Form (Rev. 2012) Tax Year

**N-1 2013**

STATE OF HAWAII — DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

DO NOT WRITE OR STAPLE IN THIS SPACE

INDIVIDUAL ESTIMATED INCOME TAX

**Voucher No. 3**

Calendar Year — Due September 20, 2013



JFB123

DO NOT SUBMIT A PHOTOCOPY OF THIS FORM

Your first name		M.I.	Last name	
If joint return, spouse's first name		M.I.	Last name	
Present mailing or home address (Number and street, including rural route)				Apartment Number
City, town, or post office	State	Postal/ZIP Code	Country	For office use only

MAIL THIS VOUCHER WITH CHECK OR MONEY ORDER  
PAYABLE TO "HAWAII STATE TAX COLLECTOR." Write your  
social security number, daytime phone number, and "2013  
Form N-1" on your check or money order.

Your Social Security Number

Spouse's Social Security Number

Amount of Payment

**.00**



## How to Use the Payment Voucher

(1) Enter your name, address, and social security number in the space provided on the payment voucher. If you are filing a joint payment voucher, your spouse's name and social security number should be included on the voucher. If you are an alien and were issued an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) by the IRS, enter your ITIN. If you have applied for an ITIN but the IRS has not yet issued the ITIN, write "ITIN Applied For" in the space above the box where you enter your name.

(2) Enter the amount of your payment (Whole dollars only).

(3) If you have a foreign address, enter the complete country name in the space provided on the payment voucher.

(4) Attach your money order or check to the front of the payment voucher. Make your money order or check payable in U.S. dollars to the "Hawaii State Tax Collector." Please write your social security number, daytime phone number, and the notation "2013 Form N-1" on your check or money order. Do not send cash.

(5) The payment voucher should be filed with the: **Hawaii Department of Taxation**  
**P.O. Box 1530**  
**Honolulu, Hawaii 96806-1530**

## IMPORTANT NOTE

The Form N-1 has been redesigned for electronic scanning that permits faster processing with fewer errors. In order to avoid unnecessary delays caused by manual processing, taxpayers should follow the guidelines listed below:

1. Print amounts only on those lines that are applicable.
2. Use only a black or dark blue ink pen. Do not use red ink, pencil, or felt tip pens.
3. Because this form is read by a machine, please print your numbers inside the boxes like this:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

4. Do NOT print outside the boxes.
5. Do NOT use dollar signs, commas, slashes, dashes or parenthesis in the boxes.
6. **DO NOT SUBMIT A PHOTOCOPY OF THIS FORM.** Photocopying of this form could cause delays in processing your payment.


✂ — — — — — DETACH HERE — — — — — ✂

Form (Rev. 2012) Tax Year  
**N-1** **2013**

**STATE OF HAWAII — DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION**  
**INDIVIDUAL ESTIMATED INCOME TAX**  
**Voucher No. 4**

Calendar Year — Due January 20, 2014

DO NOT WRITE OR STAPLE IN THIS SPACE

  
JFB124

DO NOT SUBMIT A PHOTOCOPY OF THIS FORM

Your first name		M.I.	Last name	
If joint return, spouse's first name		M.I.	Last name	
Present mailing or home address (Number and street, including rural route)				Apartment Number
City, town, or post office	State	Postal/ZIP Code	Country	For office use only

MAIL THIS VOUCHER WITH CHECK OR MONEY ORDER  
PAYABLE TO "HAWAII STATE TAX COLLECTOR." Write your  
social security number, daytime phone number, and "2013  
Form N-1" on your check or money order.

Your Social Security Number

Spouse's Social Security Number

Amount of Payment

**.00**

