Arizona Form 165 Schedule K-1(NR)

Arizona Nonresident and Out-of-State Partner's Share of Income and Deductions

2022

All corporate partners must use this schedule.

50. po									
For the ☐ calendar year 2022 or ☐ fiscal	year beginnin	g <u>M</u>	M ₁ D ₁ D ₁ 2 ₁ 0 ₁ 2 ₁ 2	2」an	d ending M,M,E),D 2,0,Y,Yj.			
CHECK ONE: Original Amended		1		~					
Partner's Tax Identification Number			nership's Employer Identi	fication	n Number (EIN)				
Partner's Name			Partnership's Name						
Partner's Address – number and street or rural route			Partnership's Address – number and street or rural route						
		Deuter analysis (a City, Taylor on Dook Office)							
Partner's City, Town or Post Office State ZIP Code			Partnership's City, Town or Post Office State ZIP Code						
Pass-Through Entity Election:									
Did the partnership make the Pass-Through Entity (PTE)	Election? Yes		No						
If the partnership made the PTE Election, did this partner	er consent to that	electi	on? □Yes □No						
		1							
Partner's Percentage of:	Partner's Percentage of:		Beginning of Year		End of Year				
Profit sharing			%		%				
Loss sharing			%		%				
Ownership of capital			%		%				
Type of partner (individual, tr IRA, corporate, or partnershi									
Part 1: Distributive Share Items From federal Form 1065, Schedule K-1	(a) Distributive Share Amour		(b) Arizona Apportionment Ratio		(c) Arizona Source Income	Form 140NR Filers: Enter the amount in column (c) on:			
1 Ordinary income (loss) from trade or									
business activities				-					
Net income (loss) from rental real estate activities									
Net income (loss) from other rental activities						Line 21			
4 Total: Add lines 1, 2, and 3									
5 Interest.						Line 16 Line 17			
6 Dividends									
7 Royalties				_		Line 21			
8 Net short-term capital gain (loss)						Line 20			
9 Net long-term capital gain (loss)				-		Line 20			
10 Guaranteed payments to partner						1: 00			
11 Net IRC Section 1231 gain (loss)						Line 20			
12 Other income (loss): include schedule				-		Line 22			
13 IRC Section 179 expense.				-		Line 21			
14 Other deductions: include schedule									
Part 2: Partner's Distributive Share of (a)			(b) Arizona		(c) Arizona	Form 140NR Filers: Enter the amount in			
the Adjustment of Partnership Income From federal to Arizona Basis	Distributive Share Amour		Apportionment Ratio		Source Income	column (c) on:			
15 Adjustment of partnership income from federal to						Lina 20 == 44			
Arizona basis from Form 165, page 1, line 6	ΩΛ instructions for	r info	mation on reporting th	no am	ount from line 15	Line 29 or 41			

ame of Partnership (as shown on page 1)			E	[N			
art 3 Net Capital Gain (Loss) From	nvestment in a Qu	alifie	d Small Busir	ness – Inforn	nation	Schedule	
the partner's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 10 usiness as determined by the Arizona Commer						t in a qualified sma	
Pro Rata Share Items	(a) Distributive Share Am	ount	(b) Arizona Apportionment Ratio		(c) Arizona Source Income		
Net capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business							
art 4 Net Capital Gain (Loss) From 1							
the partner's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 106 artnership is not required to complete Part 4.	b) does not include a	ny net		,	xcnang		
Pro Rata Share Items	(a) Distributive Share Amount		(b) Arizo Apportionm	na	(c) Arizona Source Income		
Net capital gain (loss) from the exchange of legal tender							
art 5 Net Long-Term Capital Gain (Lethe partner's federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) does not include any Pro Rata Share Items From federal Form 1065, Schedule K-1	65) includes capital ga	al gain (loss), complete , the partnership is not re (b) Arizona Source Income Enter the total of the amounts on page 1, line 9, column (c), and		nes 18 through	ete Par capital uded rom I before		
3 Total net long-term capital gain (loss) 18							
DDITIONAL INFORMATION: 9 Net long-term capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business (amount already included in line 18, column (d))							
Net long-term capital gain (loss) from the exchange of legal tender (amount already included in line 18, column (d))							
Partner's Share of the Partner	-					_	
the partner consented to the partnership's elec	ction to be a Pass-Thro	ough E	ntity, complete	Part 6. Otherv	vise, lea	ave blank.	
Partner's Pro Rata Share of PTE Election						Partner's Distributive Share	

	Partner's Pro Rata Share of PTE Election	Partner's Distributive Share
21	Partner's pro-rata share of the PTE Tax Credit.	
	Individuals, enter this amount on Form 355, Part 1, line 1.	
	Estates and trusts, see the instructions for Form 141AZ, line 19, to claim this credit	
22	Partner's pro-rata share of the Arizona PTE Taxes paid in 2022 for taxable year 2022.	
	Individuals, add this amount back on Form 140NR, page 5, line K, or Form 140NR-SBI, line 24.	
	Estates and trusts, add this amount back on Form 141AZ, Schedule B, line B3.	
23	Partner's pro-rata share of comparable PTE Taxes from other states paid in 2022 for taxable year 2022.	
	Individuals, add this amount back on Form 140NR, page 5, line K, or Form 140NR-SBI, line 24.	
	Estates and trusts, add this amount back on Form 141AZ, Schedule B, line B3.	

Instructions for Partners

Part 1 - Distributive Share Items from Federal Form 1065, Schedule K-1

Column (c) is your Arizona source income.

- If you are a nonresident individual, use the line numbers on Schedule K-1(NR) to report the amounts in column (c) on your Arizona Form 140NR.
- If you are a nonresident trust or nonresident estate, add lines 4 through 16, column (c), and enter the total on Arizona Form 141AZ, page 2, Schedule A.

If Arizona Form 165 Schedule K-1(NR) shows a loss, you may only claim such losses on your Arizona nonresident return to the extent:

- Those losses are included in:
 - The federal adjusted gross income of an individual, or,
 - o The federal taxable income of a trust or an estate.
- The loss is *not* considered to be a passive activity loss for federal purposes. (If it is, the loss will be treated as a passive activity loss for Arizona purposes.)

If the partnership passes through to you a passive activity loss derived from Arizona sources:

- Do not begin the Arizona return with the amounts shown in column (c) of Arizona Form 165 Schedule K-1(NR).
- You must first determine if any portion of the loss has been limited on your federal return due to federal passive activity loss rules.

In addition:

- Only the amount of passive activity loss derived from Arizona sources will be allowed on the Arizona return.
- Any portion of the passive activity loss not allowed on the federal return due to passive activity loss limitations will be limited on the Arizona return.
- That portion of the passive activity loss derived from Arizona sources required to be carried forward for federal purposes will be carried forward for Arizona purposes.

NOTE: The amount of Internal Revenue Code (IRC) § 179 expense deductible is limited to the Arizona portion of the amount deducted on federal Form 1040, Schedule E.

Part 2 - Partner's Distributive Share of the Adjustment of Partnership Income from Federal to Arizona Basis

Line 15

Nonresident Individuals, Estates and Trusts:

Line 15 reflects the amount of partnership income which must be adjusted to determine the difference between Internal Revenue Code § 702(a)(8) and Arizona Revised Statutes § 43-1401(2).

If the amount on line 15, column (c) is a positive number:

- Individual partners, enter this amount as an "other addition to income" on Arizona Form 140NR, line 29.
- Estates or trusts, enter this amount as an "other addition" on Arizona Form 141AZ, page 2, line B3.

If the amount on line 15, column (c) is a negative number:

- Individual partners, enter this amount as an "other subtraction from income" on Arizona Form 140NR, line 41.
- Estates or trusts, enter this amount as an "other subtraction" on Arizona Form 141AZ, page 2, line B9.

Corporate partners:

- If the amount on line 15 is positive, enter the amount from line 15, column (a) on Schedule A, line A8 of Form(s) 120 or 120A.
- If the amount on line 15 is negative, enter the amount from line 15, column (a) on Schedule B, line B10 of Form(s) 120 or 120A.

Partnerships that are partners:

- If the amount on line 15 is positive, enter the amount from line 15, column (a) on Schedule A, line A4 of Arizona Form 165.
- If the amount on line 15 is negative, enter the amount from line 15, column (a) on Schedule B, line B5 of Arizona Form 165.

Part 3 - Net Capital Gain (Loss) from Investment in a Qualified Small Business – Information Schedule

Arizona allows individuals, estates and trusts a subtraction from Arizona gross income for any net capital gain derived from investment in a qualified small business if:

- The gain is included in:
 - The individual's federal adjusted gross income, or
 - o The federal taxable income of the estate or trust.
- The business in which the partnership invested is determined to be a qualified small business by the Arizona Commerce Authority.

Although the subtraction is only available to individuals, estates and trusts, a partner that is a pass-through entity (estate, partnership, S Corporation, or trust) will need this information to calculate the subtraction for the estate or trust, or to complete:

- Arizona Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR), for each beneficiary;
- Arizona Form 120S, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR), for each shareholder; or,
- Arizona Form 165, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR), for each partner.

Line 16

The amount on line 16, column (c), is your share of net capital gain (loss) from investment in a qualified small business that is apportioned to Arizona. To determine if you qualify to claim this subtraction from your Arizona tax return, see the instructions for Arizona Form 140NR or Arizona Form 141AZ.

Part 4 - Net Capital Gain (Loss) from the Exchange of Legal Tender - Information Schedule

For taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2017, Arizona allows the exclusion from gross income the amount of net capital gain (loss) derived from the exchange of one kind of legal tender for another kind of legal tender.

- (a) "Legal tender" means a medium of exchange, including specie, that is authorized by the United States Constitution or Congress for the payment of debts, public charges, taxes and dues.
- (b) "Specie" means coins having precious metal content.

Line 17

The amount on line 17, column (c) is your share of net capital gain (loss) from the exchange of legal tender that is apportioned to Arizona.

Part 5 - Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction – Information Schedule

Arizona allows a subtraction from Arizona gross income for a percentage of any net long-term capital gain if:

- The gain arises from assets acquired **after** December 31, 2011,
- The gain is included in:
 - The individual taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income, or,
 - The federal taxable income of the estate or trust.

In addition.

- Only include net long-term gains if you can verify the asset was acquired after December 31, 2011.
- If you cannot verify the asset was acquired after December 31, 2011, treat it as a capital gain asset acquired before January 1, 2012.
- An asset acquired by gift or inheritance is considered acquired on the date it was acquired by the gift-giver, or the deceased.

Although the subtraction is only available to individuals, estates and trusts, a partner that is a pass-through entity (estate, partnership, S Corporation, or trust) will need this information to:

- Calculate the subtraction for the estate or trust, or
- To complete:
 - Arizona Form 141AZ, Schedule K-1, or Schedule K-1(NR), for each beneficiary;
 - o Arizona Form 120S, Schedule K-1, or Schedule K-1(NR), for each shareholder; or
 - o Arizona Form 165, Schedule K-1, or Schedule K-1(NR), for each partner.

Line 18

Line 18, column (d) is your share of net long-term capital gain (loss) from assets acquired after December 31, 2011.

Line 19

Line 19 is your share of the partnership's net long-term capital gain from investment in a qualified small business that is included in the amount on line 18, column (d). The amount on line 19 cannot be included in your subtraction for any net long-term capital gain from assets acquired after December 31, 2011.

For more information, see the instructions for Arizona Form 140PY or Arizona Form 141AZ.

Line 20

Line 20 is your share of the partnership's net long-term capital gain (loss) from the exchange of legal tender that is included in the amount on line 18, column (d). The amount on line 20 cannot be included in your subtraction for any net long-term capital gain from the exchange of legal tender from assets acquired after December 31, 2011.

Worksheet for Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction for Assets Acquired After December 31, 2011 (Worksheet)

To determine if you qualify to claim a subtraction from income on your Arizona personal income tax return:

- *Nonresident partner*, complete the worksheet included in the instructions for Arizona Form 140NR. Use only the amount of Arizona-sourced, net long-term capital gain (loss) entered on line 19, column (d), and line 20, column (d) to figure the subtraction on the Worksheet included in the instructions for Arizona Form 140NR
- Nonresident Estate or Trust partner, use only the amount of Arizona-sourced, net long-term capital gain (loss) entered on line 19, column (d), and line 20, column (d) to complete the Worksheet included in the instructions for Arizona Form 141AZ.
 - O If the net long-term capital gain (loss) in Part 4 and Part 5 is distributed to the beneficiaries, the Worksheet will assist the estate or trust in completing the *Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction Information Schedule*, on Arizona Form 141AZ Schedule K-1, or Schedule K-1(NR) for each beneficiary,
- Partnership or S Corporation partner, use only the amount of Arizona-sourced, net long-term capital gain (loss) entered on line 19 column (d), and line 20 column (d) to figure the subtraction on the Worksheet. The Worksheet will assist the partnership or S Corporation in completing the Net Long-Term Capital Gain Subtraction Information Schedule, on:
 - Arizona Form 165 Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR), for each partner, or
 - Arizona Form 120S, Schedule K-1 or Schedule K-1(NR) for each shareholder.
- *C Corporation or Exempt Organization partner*, this subtraction is not allowed for a C Corporation or an exempt organization. The information in Part 5 is informational only and is not required to be reported by the C Corporation or the exempt organization.