Department of Taxation and Finance





New York State Resident Credit Against Separate Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions

Na	me(s) as shown on return	Identifying number as shown on return
to c sub	w York State full-year or part-year residents, New York State resident estates or trusts, and part-year claim a credit against the New York State separate tax on lump-sum distributions for any income tax division of that state, the District of Columbia, or a province of Canada on the ordinary income part on a business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on within that other jurisdiction.	imposed by another state, a political
Dis a P	ou elect the capital gain method of reporting the lump-sum distribution on Part 2 of Form IT-230, tributions, use Form IT-112-R, New York State Resident Credit, or Form IT-112-C, New York State rovince of Canada, to compute the resident credit on the capital gain part.	e Resident Credit for Taxes Paid to
	mpute the credit for income tax imposed by another state, political subdivision of that state front of this form. If you claim credit for income taxes paid to a province of Canada, use t	
1	Enter the name of the state, local government (including state in which located), or District of Columbia to which tax on the ordinary income part of lump-sum distributions was payable:	
2	Enter the amount of tax imposed on the ordinary income part of lump-sum distributions by the a jurisdiction, including the tax on the capital gain part that you elected to treat as ordinary income	
	The amount to be entered above is the amount of separate tax on the ordinary income part of lumbe paid after subtracting any credit against the separate tax (other than prepayments made through	
	If the ordinary income part of a lump-sum distribution is not subject to a separate tax by the above jurisd income under an income tax imposed by the above jurisdiction, determine the amount to be entered	
	Form 4972, line 8 that is subject to tax by the above jurisdiction \$.00 Total income subject to tax \$.00 Total order any credits,	Amount constituting a separate tax on the ordinary income part of lump-sum distributions
	prepayments)	imposed by the above jurisdiction (enter on line 2)
3	The credit against New York State separate tax on lump-sum distributions may not exceed: (a) Amount from Form IT-230, line 3 that is subject to tax by both New York State and the other taxing jurisdiction \$.00 Amount from Form IT-230, \$.00 line 3 .00	Credit allowable 300
	(b) The credit allowed may not reduce the New York State separate tax on the ordinary income part an amount less than would be due if the ordinary income part of a lump-sum distribution, subjection (Tax Law section 603) and by the above jurisdiction, were excluded from New York State separate tax.	ect to tax by both New York State
4	Resident credit claimed against New York State separate tax on lump-sum distributions: Enter amount from line 2 or line 3, whichever is less	4 .00
	Individuals: Enter the line 4 amount on Form IT-201-ATT, line 27, or Form IT-203-ATT, line 20	6.
	Fiduciaries: Subtract the line 4 amount from the separate tax on lump-sum distributions com and include the net amount on Form IT-205, line 12.	puted on Form IT-230,

you may be entitled or, if you owe taxes, could result in late filing penalties.

Submit this form and a copy of federal Form 4972 with Form IT-201, IT-203, or IT-205. Failure to do so will delay any refund to which



Fig	guring your resident credit against separate tax on lump-sum distributions paid to a pro	ovince of C	Canada	
5	Enter the name of the province of Canada where tax was paid:			
6	Enter (in U.S. dollars) the amount of separate tax on lump-sum distributions paid to the Canadian province, including the tax on the capital gain part you elected to treat as ordinary income	6	.00	
	The amount to be entered is the amount of separate tax on the ordinary income part of lump-sum distributions required to be paid after subtracting any credit against the separate tax (other than prepayments made through withholding or estimated tax).	í		
	If the ordinary income part of a lump-sum distribution is not subject to a separate tax by a Canadian province but is included as income under an income tax imposed by the province, determine the amount to be entered above using the following formula:			
	Amount from federal Form 4972, line 8 that is subject to tax by the above Canadian province Total tax payable to the above Canadian province (after any province (after any province part of lur	ne ordinary np-sum		
	Total income subject to tax by \$.00 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			
7	Enter the amount from federal Form 1116, Part II, line 8, that pertains to the separate tax on lump-sum distributions paid to the above province	7	.00	
8	Portion of the Canadian province's separate tax on lump-sum distributions not claimed as a credit for federal purposes (subtract line 7 from line 6)	8	.00	
9	The credit against New York State separate tax on lump-sum distributions may not exceed:			
	(a) Amount from Form IT-230, line 3 that is subject to tax by both New York State and the above Canadian province \$.00 Amount from Form IT-230, \$.00 X New York State amount from Form IT-230, \$.00 Credit allowable	9	.00	
	line 3 line 24			
	(b) The credit allowed may not reduce the New York State separate tax on the ordinary income part of lump-su an amount less than would be due if the ordinary income part of a lump-sum distribution, subject to tax by b (Tax Law section 603) and by the Canadian province, were excluded from New York State separate tax on I	oth New York	State	
10	Resident credit claimed against New York State separate tax on lump-sum distributions: Enter the amount from line 8 or line 9, whichever is less		.00	
	Individuals: Enter the line 10 amount on Form IT-201-ATT, line 27, or Form IT-203-ATT, line 26.			
	Fiduciaries: Subtract the line 10 amount from the separate tax on lump-sum distributions computed on Form IT-230, a include the net amount on Form IT-205, line 12.			
	If any portion of the Canadian provincial income tax that entitled you to a New York State credit is claimed on your federal return in a succeeding tax year, the amount claimed here as a credit against New York State back to your New York State tax liability for that succeeding tax year.			

Submit this form, a copy of federal Form 1116, and a copy of federal Form 4972 with Form IT-201, IT-203, or IT-205. Failure to do so will delay any refund to which you may be entitled or, if you owe taxes, could result in late filing penalties.

