## Section A - Apportionment Method

1 Motor Carrier Mileage Factor (see instructions). If an exception applies, check the applicable box below.

## Exception 2



2 Financial Corporation Cost of Performance Factor $\qquad$ (see instructions)
3 Construction Corporation Completed Contract Basis Sales Factor (see instructions)........


4 Railway Company Revenue Car Miles (see instructions)


5 Retail Company Apportionment (see instructions) $\qquad$ $\square$

6 Manufacturer's Modified Apportionment Method Sales Factor (see instructions for requirements).
(a) Enter Beginning Date of Election Year $\qquad$ 1
(b) Wage and Employment Certification Required each year: Check to certify that the average weekly wages of the fulltime employees is greater than the lower of the state or local average weekly wages for its industry, and that the average annual number of full-time employees of the manufacturing company is at least 90 percent of the base year employment. $\qquad$
7 Multi-Factor Formula with Double-Weighted Sales Factor (see instructions) $\qquad$

| TOTAL |  | VIRGINIA |  | PERCENTAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | .00 |  | .00 |  |  |

2 Multifactor Computations
(a) Property Factor (see instructions)
(b) Payroll Factor (see instructions)
(c) Sales Factor (see instructions)
(d) Standard (Double-Weighted) Sales Factor Apportionment Sales Factor: Multiply the sales factor from Line 2(c) by 2. (see instructions)
(e) Triple-Weighted Sales Factor Apportionment. Use this computation if you are a Retail Company with a taxable year beginning before July 1, 2014. Multiply the Sales Factor from Line 2(c) by 3.
(f) Quadruple-Weighted Sales Factor Apportionment. Use this computation if you elected the Manufacturer's Modified Apportionment Method in Section A with a taxable year beginning before July 1, 2014, or if you are a Retail Company with a taxable year beginning on or after July 1, 2014. Multiply the Sales Factor from Line 2(c) by 4.
(g) Sum of Percentages. If using a double-weighted sales factor, add Lines 2(a), 2(b) and 2(d). If using a triple-weighted sales factor, add Lines 2(a), 2(b) and 2(e). If using a quadruple-weighted sales factor, add Lines 2(a), 2(b) and 2(f)..
(h) Multifactor Percentage. Divide Line 2 g by 4 (for double-weighted sales) or 5 (for triple-weighted sales) or 6 (for quadruple-weighted sales), reduced by the number of factors, if any, having no denominator.
3 Income Subject to Virginia Tax
(a) Virginia Taxable Income from Form 500, Line 7
(b) Total Dividends (total amount of allocable income)
(c) Nonapportionable Investment Function Income from Form 500, Line 8(c)
(d) Add Lines 3(b) and 3(c).
(e) Nonapportionable Investment Function Loss from Form 500, Line 8(d)
(f) Total Nonapportionable Income. Line 3(d) minus Line 3(e).
(g) Income Subject to Apportionment. Line 3(a) minus Line 3(f).
(h) Income Apportioned to Virginia. (Multiply the percentage from Line 1 or Line 2(h) by Line 3(g)).
(i) Dividends Allocated to Virginia. Portion of Dividends Reported on Line 3(b) (see instructions).
(j) Income Subject to Virginia Tax. Add Lines 3(h) and 3(i) [Enter on Form 500, Line 8(a)].. $\qquad$

| 3(a) | . 00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3(b) | . 00 |
| 3(c) | . 00 |
| 3(d) | . 00 |
| 3(e) | . 00 |
| 3(f) | . 00 |
| 3(g) | . 00 |
| 3(h) | . 00 |
| 3(i) | . 00 |
| 3() | . 00 |

